Registrar.

Ayrshire Aluminium Co. Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

30 June 2005





Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005

Contents

Page:

1 Repo	ort of th	e directors
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- 3 Report of the independent auditors
- 5 Profit and loss account
- 6 Balance sheet
- 7 Cash flow statement
- 8 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

A J Crabb M S Yarlett R McKnight

Secretary and registered office

R McKnight, Block 2, Bonnyton Industrial Estate, Munro Place, Kilmarnock, KA1 2NP

Company number

75647

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, 64 Dalblair Road, Ayr, KA7 1UH

Bankers

Bank of Scotland, 46 Bank Street, Kilmarnock, Ayrshire, KA1 1EX

Solicitors

Mackintosh and Wylie, 23 The Foregate, Kilmarnock, Ayrshire, KA1 1LE

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2005

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the year.

The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of NIL (2004 - £2.13) per ordinary share.

Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The company's principal activity is as a management company.

The directors are satisfied with the results for the year, and feel that the company and its subsidiary are well placed to take advantage of opportunities coming their way in the future.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the ordinary share capital of the company were:

	Ordinary shares	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	30 June 2005	1 July 2004	
A J Crabb	8,000	8,000	
M S Yarlett	16,501	16,501	
R McKnight	-	-	

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2005 (Continued)

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

R McKnight

Secretary

6 June 2006

Report of the independent auditors

To the shareholders of Ayrshire Aluminium Co. Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Ayrshire Aluminium Co. Limited for the year ended 30 June 2005 on pages 5 to 15 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Mach

BDO STOY HAYWARD LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Ayr

6 June 2006

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover	2	175,000	240,000
Administrative expenses		171,599	182,201
		<u></u>	
Operating profit	3	3,401	57,799
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	4	49 (137)	51 (13)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		3,313	57,837
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	-	10,989
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		3,313	46,848
Dividends	8	-	52,250
Retained profit/(accumulated loss)	14 * ·	3,313	(5,402)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 30 June 2005

	Note	2005 £	2005 £	2004 £	2004 £
Fixed assets		~	&		a.
Tangible assets	9		1		1
Fixed asset investments	10		306,115		306,115
					
_			306,116		306,116
Current assets					
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	11	106,267 999		123,760 2,093	
		107,266		125,853	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	12	62,459		84,359	
one year	12	02,459		64,339	
					
Net current assets			44,807		41,494
			···		
Total assets less current liabilities			350,923		347,610
Capital and reserves	•	•	-		
Called up share capital	13		24,501		24,501
Capital redemption reserve	14		25,499		25,499
Profit and loss account	14		300,923		297,610
Equity shareholders' funds	22		350,923		347,610

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 6 June 2006.

A J Crabb Director R McKnight **Director**

Cash flow statement for the year ended 30 June 2005

	Note	2005 £	2005 £	2004 £	2004 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	15		9,983		68,779
Returns on investments and servicing					
Interest received Interest paid: other		49 (137)		51 (13)	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from return on investments and servicing of finan			(88)	<u> </u>	38
Taxation Corporation tax paid			(10,989)		(1,102)
Cash (outflow)/inflow before financing			(1,094)		67,715
Financing Buy back of ordinary share capital			-		(68,500)
			·		
Decrease in cash	16		(1,094)		(785)
			<u> </u>		

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Consolidated financial statements

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements by virtue of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 as the group it heads qualifies as a medium sized group. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced amount of goods sold and services provided stated net of value added tax and is attributable to one activity, that of management company providing services within the United Kingdom.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Office Equipment

10% reducing balance

Valuation of investments

Fixed assets investments are stated at cost in the case of the investment in the subsidiary company.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates
making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing
differences.

Deferred tax balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company.

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

3 Operating profit

		2005 £	2004 £
	This is arrived at after charging:		
	Audit services	1,500	1,500
		-	
4	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2005	2004
		£ .	£
	Interest on tax	137	13
		, , . 	
5	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	131,398	142,968
	Social security costs	15,947	16,720
	Pension costs	22,644	20,952
		169,989	180,640

The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was 3 (2004 - 3).

6	Directors' remuneration		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Directors' emoluments	151,922	161,777
	Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	22,644	20,952
	There were 3 directors in the company's defined contribution pension s	scheme during the yea	r (2004 - 3).
7	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	UK Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits of the year	-	10,989
	The tax assessed for the period is at the small companies rate of corpor	ration tax in the UK.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	3,313	57,837
	Profit on ordinary activities at the small companies rate of		
	corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2004 - 19%)	629	10,989
	Effect of: Charged at nil rate band	(629)	•
	3 3		
	Current tax charge for period	_	10,989
8	Dividends	2005	2004
		£ £	£004
	Equity shares		
	Ordinary shares		
	Final proposed of Nil (2004 - £2.13) per share	-	52,250
			

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £
Cost At 1 July 2004 and 30 June 2005	182
Depreciation At 1 July 2004 and 30 June 2005	181
Net book value At 30 June 2004 and 30 June 2005	1

10 Fixed asset investments

	*	Snares £
Cost At 1 July 2004 and 30 June 2005	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	306,115

Subsidiary undertakings, associated undertakings and other investments

The principal undertakings in which the company's interest at the year end is 20% or more are as follows:

	Country of incorporation or registration	Proportion of voting rights and ordinary share capital held Nature of business
Subsidiary undertakings Scotia Double Glazing Limited	Scotland	100% Manufacture and installation of double glazing products.

The following figures have been extracted from audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2005:

	Aggregate sl	hare capital		
	and reserves		Profit / (loss) for the yea	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	£	£	£	£
Subsidiary undertakings				
Scotia Double Glazing Limited	289,108	336,676	(47,568)	72,120
		·		

11	Debtors			2005 £	2004 £
	Amounts receivable after more than one	e year			
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			106,267	123,760
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within or	ne year			
				2005	2004
				£	£
	Corporation tax			-	10,989
	Other taxation and social security			-	2,170
	Proposed dividend			52,250	52,250
	Directors' loans			8,829	-
	Accruals and deferred income			1,380	18,950
	•			62,459	84,359
				02,437	07,557
					
13	Share capital				
					tted, called up
		2007	Authorised		and fully paid
		2005 £	2004 £	2005 £	2004 £
	Equity share capital	£	L	r	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	24,501	24,501

During May 2004, Ayrshire Aluminium Co. Limited repurchased 8,499 of the issued £1 Ordinary shares.

14 Reserves

		Capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account			
	At 1 July 2004 Profit for the year	25,499	297,610 3,313			
			J,515			
	At 30 June 2005	25,499	300,923			
15	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities					
		2005 £	2004 £			
	Operating profit	3,401	57,799			
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors	17,493	(8,080)			
	(Decrease) increase in creditors	(10,911)	19,060			
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	9,983	68,779			
16	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds					
		2005 £	2004 £			
	Decrease in cash	(1,094)	(785)			
	Movement in net funds	(1,094)	(785)			
	Opening net funds	2,093	2,878			
	Closing net funds	999	2,093			

17 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 July 2004 £	Cash flow	At 30 June 2005 £
Cash at bank and in hand	2,093	(1,094)	999

18 Contingent liabilities

The bank borrowings are secured by means of a bond and floating charge, over all assets of the company. Ayrshire Aluminium Co. Limited has given a guarantee and letter of offset in respect of the bank borrowings of Scotia Double Glazing Limited. As at 30 June 2005, these amounted to £664,843 (2004:£663,760).

19 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £22,644 (2004: £20,952).

20 Related party disclosures

Related party transactions and balances

All of the company's turnover in the years to 30 June 2005 and 30 June 2004 relates to management services supplied to its subsidiary Scotia Double Glazing Limited.

At 30 June 2005, £106,267 (2004 - £123,760) was owed to the company by Scotia Double Glazing Limited.

21 Ultimate controlling party

The directors consider M S Yarlett, whose shareholding is disclosed in the directors report, to be in ultimate control of the company.

22 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2005 £	2004 £
Profit for the year Dividends	3,313	46,848 (52,250)
Shares redeemed	3,313	(5,402) (8,499)
Purchase of own shares		(60,001)
Net additions to/(deductions from) shareholders' funds	3,313	(73,902)
Opening shareholders' funds	347,610	421,512
Closing shareholders' funds	350,923	347,610