Registered number
SC075177

ntl GLASGOW

Report and Accounts

31 December 2003

ntl GLASGOW
Registered number
SC075177

Directors
ntl Directors Limited
ntl Secretaries Limited

Company Secretary
ntl Secretaries Limited

Auditors
Ernst & Young LLP
1 More London Place
London
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Bankers
National Westminster Bank PLC
PO Box 9
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Bartley Wood Business Park
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ntl GLASGOW
Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £25,466,000 (2002 – loss of £91,505,000). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2002 – £nil).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is to provide cable television services and telecommunication services and run certain of the telecommunication systems over which they are provided.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the year and thereafter and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

R M Mackenzie	(appointed 10 January 2003; resigned 1 October 2004)
J B Knapp	(resigned 1 October 2003)
J Gregg	(resigned 10 January 2003)
B Richter	(appointed 10 January 2003; resigned 1 May 2003)
S E Schubert	(appointed 1 May 2003; resigned 1 October 2004)
G N Roberts	(alternate director to R M Mackenzie) (appointed 24 March 2004; resigned 31 August 2004)
R C Gale	(alternate director to S E Schubert) (appointed 24 March 2004; resigned 1 October 2004)
ntl Directors Limited	(appointed 1 October 2004)
ntl Secretaries Limited	(appointed 1 October 2004)

The directors had no interest in the share capital of the company requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985. The company seeks exemption under SI802, The Companies (Disclosure of Directors' Interests) (Exceptions) Regulations 1985, not to disclose the directors' interests in the common stock of NTL Incorporated, a company incorporated in the USA and the ultimate parent undertaking of the company.

NTL Incorporated has indemnified one or more directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 1985. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision is in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

COMPANY SECRETARY

On 24 March 2004, G E James was appointed joint company secretary and resigned on 1 October 2004.

On 1 October 2004, Robert Mackenzie resigned as joint company secretary and ntl Secretaries Limited was appointed as company secretary.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP will be re-appointed as the company's auditor in accordance with the elective resolution passed by the company under section 386 of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of the board

G E James
For and on behalf of ntl Secretaries Limited

12 JUL 2005

ntl GLASGOW
STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business; and
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF ntl GLASGOW

We have audited the company's accounts for the year ended 31 December 2003, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet, and the related notes 1 to 18. These accounts have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's member, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2003 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor
London

12 JUL 2005

ntl GLASGOW
Profit and Loss Account
for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Notes	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Turnover	2	86,986	84,419
Cost of sales		(22,574)	(26,566)
Gross profit		64,412	57,853
Other operating expenses		(37,685)	(126,774)
Operating profit/(loss)	3	26,727	(68,921)
Interest payable	6	(1,281)	(22,584)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		25,446	(91,505)
Taxation	7	-	-
Retained profit/(loss) for the financial year	14	25,446	(91,505)

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company had no recognised gains or losses other than those reflected in the profit and loss account for the years ended 31 December 2003 and 31 December 2002.

ntl GLASGOW
Balance Sheet
as at 31 December 2003

	Notes		2003		2002
			£'000		£'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		84,914		86,191
Investments	9		-		-
			84,914		86,191
Current assets					
Debtors	10	39,434		14,703	
Cash at bank and in hand		275		1,065	
		39,709		15,768	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(6,893)		(45,890)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			32,816		(30,122)
Total assets less current liabilities			*117,730*		*56,069*
Creditors: amounts falling due *after more than one year*	*12*		*(101,870)*		*(420,336)*
Net assets/(liabilities)			15,860		(364,267)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		23,290		23,290
Share premium account	14		376,384		21,703
Profit and loss account	14		(383,814)		(409,260)
Equity shareholder's funds /(deficit)	14		15,860		(364,267)

R. Mackenzie

R M Mackenzie
For and on behalf of ntl Directors Limited

12 JUL 2005

ntl GLASGOW
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2003

1 *Accounting policies*

Accounting convention

standards.

Depreciation

Network assets:
Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its estimated useful lives as follows:

Freehold buildings	-	50 years
Leasehold buildings	-	length of lease
Cable and ducting	-	40 years
Network	-	15 years
Head end equipment	-	15 years
Subscriber equipment	-	4-15 years
Computer equipment	-	3-5 years

Construction in progress:
Stocks relating to network construction have been included in fixed assets. Stocks are stated at the lower of cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, and net realisable value as follows:

Raw materials and consumables	-	purchase cost
Work in progress	-	cost of direct materials and labour

Other:
Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its estimated useful lives, as follows:

Freehold buildings	-	50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	-	length of lease
Furniture and fixtures	-	10 years
Plant and office equipment	-	3-10 years
Motor vehicles	-	4 years
Computer equipment	-	3-5 years
Satellite equipment	-	4 years

ntl GLASGOW
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2003

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment review

In accordance with FRS 11 "Impairment of Fixed Assets and Goodwill", the carrying values of the company's tangible fixed assets and investments in subsidiary undertakings have been compared with their recoverable amounts, represented by their value in use to the company.

The directors consider that the underlying assets of the company's core telecommunications operations are only now beginning to be properly exploited. In addition there are significant barriers to entry, both in terms of the necessary capital investment and regulatory control of the telecommunications sector, which limit the extent to which future competition will erode the expected rates of growth and the level of returns that the assets are expected to generate. As a result the value in use has been derived from discounted cash flow projections that have assumed a period of ten years from 1 January 2003 before applying the UK's long-term growth rate.

The discount rate used to arrive at this calculation was 21.4% on a pre-tax basis.

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost, less any provision for impairment.

Pensions

The company makes a defined contribution to the ntl sponsored group personal pension plans for eligible employees. Contributioı are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme. The pension scheme is closed to new entrants as of 6 April 1994. Tl scheme is funded by the payment of contributions to separately administered trust funds. Contributions to these funds are charged the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the employees' working lives within the company. The regul cost is attributed to individual years using the projected unit method. Variations in pension cost, which are identified as a result actuarial valuations, are amortised over the average expected remaining working lives of employees in proportion to their expect payroll costs. Differences between the amounts funded and the amounts charged in the profit and loss account are treated as eith provisions or prepayments in the balance sheet.

Additional disclosures regarding the group's defined benefit pension plans are required under the transitional provisions of FRS 1 "Retirement Benefits" and these are set out in note 15. They provide information which will be necessary for full implementation FRS 17 in the year ending 31 December 2005.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

(a) provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only when the replacement assets are sold;

(b) provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable; and

(c) deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 1 (revised) not to prepare a cash flow statement as it is a subsidiary which is at least 90% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking (see note 18).

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Group accounts

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing group accounts afforded by Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 because it is a wholly owned subsidiary of another company incorporated in Great Britain which prepares group accounts (see note 18).

Investments

Investments are recorded at cost, less any provision for impairment.

2 Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced amount of services provided, stated net of value added tax, and is attributable to one continuing activity, being the provision of information, communications and entertainment services, all of which is attributable to the United Kingdom.

3 Operating profit/(loss)

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
This is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of fixed assets	7,293	7,281
Impairment charge (see note 5)	-	85,867
Pension costs	78	70
Reorganisation costs (see note 4)	-	3,533

The directors' and auditors' remuneration is paid by ntl Group Limited and disclosed in the accounts of NTL (UK) Group, Inc.

ntl Group Limited, a fellow group undertaking, employs most of the employees of the NTL Group. Details of staff numbers and staff costs for the group are disclosed in the accounts of ntl Group Limited. The company does not have any directly employed associates.

Certain expenses are specifically attributable to the company. Where costs are incurred by other group companies on behalf of the company, expenses are allocated to the company on a basis that, in the opinion of the directors is reasonable.

4 Exceptional items

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Reorganisation costs	-	3,533

Reorganisation costs represent employee redundancy costs, lease termination costs and professional fees arising from the review of the ntl group's business during 2001 through to 2002.

5 Impairment charge

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Impairment of tangible fixed assets	-	85,867

6 Interest payable

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Interest on loan notes payable to subsidiary undertakings	1,281	22,584

7 Taxation

(a) Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

The tax charge is made up as follows:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Current tax charge:		
Current tax on income for the period	-	-
	-	-
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
	-	-
Total tax charge on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	-	-

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The difference between the effective statutory rate and the actual current tax charge is reconciled as follows:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	25,446	(91,505)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the applicable statutory rate 30% (2002 - 30%)	7,634	(27,452)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	102	8
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	2,089	27,911
Other short term timing differences	178	(233)
Utilisation of tax losses & other deductions	(10,003)	-
Unrelieved tax losses	-	(234)
Total current tax charge	-	-

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of tax losses of £40,924,895, depreciation in excess of capital allowances of £71,778,096 and other timing differences of £581,149 as there is insufficient certainty as to the availability of future taxable profits.

8 Tangible fixed assets

	Network £'000	Construction in progress £'000	Other £'000	Total £'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2003	316,056	2,215	4,947	**323,218**
Additions	6,016	-	-	6,016
Transfers	2,215	(2,215)	-	-
At 31 December 2003	324,287	-	4,947	329,234
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2003	233,922	-	3,105	237,027
Charge for the year	7,149	-	144	7,293
At 31 December 2003	241,071	-	3,249	244,320
Net book value				
At 31 December 2003	83,216	-	1,698	84,914
At 31 December 2002	82,134	2,215	1,842	86,191

Included in 'Other' are the following net book values of land and buildings:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Freehold	704	719
Long leasehold	127	145
Short leasehold	164	186
	995	1,050

9 Investments

	Subsidiary undertakings £'000
Cost	
At 1 January and 31 December 2003	-
Provision for impairment	
At 1 January and 31 December 2003	-
Net book value	
At 1 January and 31 December 2003	-

At 31 December 2003 the company had an investment in shares acquired at the cost of £1, representing some 8.72% of the voting rights of CableTel Scotland Limited. CableTel Scotland holds 10.1% of the voting rights in the company.

10 *Debtors*

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Trade debtors	6,128	6,582
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	32,550	6,772
Prepayments and accrued income	756	1,349
	39,434	14,703

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Interest payable on loan notes	1,281	42,726
Accruals and deferred income	5,612	3,164
	6,893	45,890

12 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	6,511
Loan notes to parent undertakings	101,870	411,955
Amounts due to parent undertakings	-	1,870
	101,870	420,336

Notes payable to both parent and subsidiary undertakings are repayable on demand. The rate of interest on the notes payable to parent and subsidiary undertakings ranged from nil% to 11.76%.

Borrowings are repayable as follows:	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Amounts falling due:		
In one year or less	-	-
In more than one year but not more than two years	-	-
In more than two years but not more than five years	-	-
In more than five years	101,870	420,336
	101,870	420,336
Less: amounts falling due within one year	-	-
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	101,870	420,336

Details of loans not wholly repayable within five years are as follows:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Loan notes to parent undertakings	101,870	411,955
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	6,511
Amounts due to parent undertaking	-	1,870
	101,870	420,336

13 *Share capital*

	2003 £'000	***2002*** £'000
Authorised:		
7,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	7,500	7,500
92,500,000 'B' ordinary shares of £1 each	92,500	92,500
	100,000	100,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
6,736,853 (2002 - 6,736,851) ordinary shares of £1 each	6,737	6,737
16,553,416 (2002 - 16,553,416) 'B' ordinary shares of £1	16,553	16,553
	23,290	23,290

During the year the company allotted two £1 ordinary shares to its immediate parent undertaking in exchange for loan notes and amounts due to parent undertakings with interest totalling £354,680,945.
The rights associated with the 'B' ordinary shares and ordinary shares are the same except that each 'B' ordinary share carries one vote whilst each ordinary share carries 0.2652 of one vote.

14 Reconciliation of shareholder's deficit and movements on reserve:

	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2002	23,290	21,703	(317,755)	(272,762)
Loss for the year	-	-	(91,505)	(91,505)
At 1 January 2003	23,290	21,703	(409,260)	(364,267)
Profit for the year	-	-	25,446	25,446
Arising on share issues	-	354,681	-	354,681
At 31 December 2003	23,290	376,384	(383,814)	15,860

15 Pension commitment:

Defined benefit schemes

The company operates the ntl Glasgow Plan (the Plan), a funded defined benefit pension plan, which provides benefits based on final pensionable pay, with contributions being charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees working lives with the company. The Plan is closed to new entrants. The assets of the Plan are held separately from the company in an independently administered trust fund. The contributions are determined based on the advice of independent qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method.

Variations in pension cost, which are identified as a result of actuarial valuations, are amortised over the average expected remaining working lives of employees in proportion to their expected payroll costs. Differences between the amounts funded and the amounts charged in the profit and loss account are treated as either provisions or prepayments in the balance sheet. The pension cost for 2003 was £78,000 (2002 - £70,000), equal to the contributions paid. Therefore no provision or prepayment has built up in 2003 (2002 -£ nil).

The most recent actuarial valuation was performed as at 5 April 2003. At the time, the market value of assets was £1,150,000, which represented 60% of the liabilities of the Plan. The assumptions that had the most significant effect on the results are:

retirement:	7.50%
Discount rate – post	4.70%
Salary increase rate:	3.20%
Pension increases:	2.70%
Inflation:	2.70%

ntl GLASGOW
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2003

15 Pension commitments (continued)

FRS17 Note

Additional disclosures regarding the Plan are required under the transitional provision of FRS17 "Retirement Benefits" and these are set out below.

The last actuarial valuation of the Plan as at 5 April 2003 was updated to 31 December 2003 by a qualified actuary, using a set of assumptions consistent with those required under FRS17. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	2003	2002	2001
Rate of earnings growth	3.0%	4.9%	5.2%
Pension increases in paymer	2.75%	2.4%	2.7%
Discount rate	5.5%	5.5%	5.9%
Inflation	2.75%	2.4%	2.7%
Level of funding being the market value of assets expressed as a percentage of the benefits accrued to members, after allowing for future salary increases	68%	57%	73%

	Long-term rate of return expected	*Value* 2003 £'000	*Long-term rate of return expected*	*Value* 2002 £'000	*Long-term rate of return expected*	*Value* 2001 £'000
Equities	8.25%	1,072	7.5%	905	8.0%	1,113
Governent bonds	4.75%	111	5.0%	145	5.5%	180
Corporate bonds	5.5%	46	0.0%	-	0.0%	-
Cash and other	3.75%	96	4.0%	120	4.0%	107
Total market value of assets		1,325		1,170		1,400
Present value of scheme liabilities		(1,959)		(2,062)		(1,908)
Deficit in the scheme		(634)		(892)		(508)
Related deferred tax asset		190		268		152
Net pension liability		(444)		(624)		(356)

Analysis of the amount that would have been charged to operating profit under FRS 17:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Current service cost	110	72
Past service cost	-	-
Gain/(loss) on settlements and curtailments	-	-
	110	72

15 Pension commitments (continued)

Analysis of the amount that would have been credited to net finance income under FRS 17:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Expected return on pension scheme assets	(112)	(112)
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	81	103
	(31)	(9)

Analysis of the actuarial gain/(loss) that would have been recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses:

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	35	(320)
Experience gains and losses arising on pension scheme liabilities	(14)	(3)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities	300	(50)
	321	(373)

Total actuarial gains and (losses):

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
Deficit at start of year	(892)	(508)
Total operating charge	(110)	(72)
Company contributions	78	70
Other financing charges	(31)	(9)
Actuarial gain/(loss)	321	(373)
Deficit at end of year	(634)	(892)

History of experience gains and losses:

	2003	2002
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets		
Amount (£'000)	35	(320)
Percentage of scheme assets	2.6%	(27.4%)
Experience gains and losses arising on scheme liabilities		
Amount (£'000)	(14)	(3)
Percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities	(0.7%)	(0.1%)
Total amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses		
Amount (£'000)	321	(373)
Percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities	(16.4%)	(18.1%)

	2003 £'000	2002 £'000
The company's reserves under full implementation of FRS 17 would be as follows		
Profit and loss account	(383,814)	(409,260)
Add back SSAP 24 provision	78	70
Profit and loss account excluding SSAP 24 provision	(383,736)	(409,190)
FRS 17 deficit	(444)	(624)
Profit and loss account including FRS 17 deficit	(384,180)	(409,814)

16 *Contingent liabilities*

The company, along with fellow subsidiary undertakings, is party to a senior secured credit facility with a syndicate of banks. The company is a guarantor of borrowings under this facility of certain other group companies. At 31 December 2003 the maximum contingent liability represented by outstanding borrowings by these companies amounted to approximately £2,785 million (2002 - £3,193 million). Borrowings under the facility are secured by security over the assets of certain members of the group including those of the company.

In April 2004, this facility was replaced by a new senior secured credit facility under which the company's assets are secured.

17 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 8 not to disclose transactions with group undertakings as it is a subsidiary undertaking which is at least 90% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking.

18 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is ntl Glasgow Holdings Limited.

The company's results are included in the group accounts of ntl Communications Limited, copies of which may be obtained from ntl, ntl House, Bartley Wood Business Park, Hook, Hampshire RG27 9UP.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is NTL Incorporated, a company incorporated in the state of Delaware, United States of America.

Copies of all sets of group accounts, which include the results of the company, are available from The Secretary, NTL Incorporated, ntl House, Bartley Wood Business Park, Hook, Hampshire RG27 9UP.