

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC065400 (Scotland)

**S J MITCHELL
(LANDSCAPE CONTRACTORS)
LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

Milne Craig
Chartered Accountants
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA

**S J MITCHELL
(LANDSCAPE CONTRACTORS)
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

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**S J MITCHELL
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LIMITED**

**COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

DIRECTORS:	B Mitchell C Mitchell
SECRETARY:	B Mitchell
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Abercorn House 79 Renfrew Road Paisley Renfrewshire PA3 4DA
REGISTERED NUMBER:	SC065400 (Scotland)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Milne Craig Chartered Accountants Abercorn House 79 Renfrew Road Paisley Renfrewshire PA3 4DA
BANKERS:	Bank of Scotland 32 Eglinton Street Bcith Ayrshire KA15 1AH

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**BALANCE SHEET
31 AUGUST 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		8,355		16,421
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	21,259		54,558	
Cash at bank		<u>24,908</u>		<u>38,018</u>	
		46,167		92,576	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>10,114</u>		<u>6,571</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>36,053</u>		<u>86,005</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			44,408		102,426
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	7		-		<u>1,430</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>44,408</u>		<u>100,996</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>44,308</u>		<u>100,896</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>44,408</u>		<u>100,996</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 August 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

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**BALANCE SHEET - continued
31 AUGUST 2018**

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 May 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

B Mitchell - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

**S J MITCHELL
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

SJ Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number is SC065400 and registered office address is 79 Renfrew Road, Paisley, PA3 4DA. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities for the year under review was that of landscape gardeners.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Assets are considered for indications of impairment. If required an impairment review will be carried out and a decision made on possible impairment. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Bad debts are provided for where objective evidence of the need for a provision exists.

Inventories are assessed for evidence of obsolescence and a provision is made against any inventory unlikely to be sold, or where stock is sold post year end at a loss.

Turnover

revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Consideration is given to the point at which the company is entitled to receive the income, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from the provision of services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due;
- the costs incurred can be measured reliably.

**S J MITCHELL
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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Improvements to property	- 10% on cost
Plant and machinery	- 20% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	- 10% on cost
Motor vehicles	- 25% on cost
Computer equipment	- 20% on cost

Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transactions costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the Company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Company intends to and has the technical ability and sufficient resources to complete development, future economic benefits are probable and if the Company can measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development. Development activities involve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or processes. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads and capitalised borrowing costs. Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and less accumulated impairment losses

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Leases

Assets held under finance leases, hire purchase contracts and other similar arrangements, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments as determined at the inception of the lease) and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are similarly spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as described below.

Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

Financial assets

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal.

An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2017 - 4) .

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Improvements to property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £
COST			
At 1 September 2017	1,882	97,680	2,173
Additions	-	469	-
Disposals	-	(5,169)	-
At 31 August 2018	<u>1,882</u>	<u>92,980</u>	<u>2,173</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 September 2017	1,882	95,224	2,058
Charge for year	-	833	43
Eliminated on disposal	-	(5,168)	-
At 31 August 2018	<u>1,882</u>	<u>90,889</u>	<u>2,101</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 August 2018	-	2,091	72
At 31 August 2017	-	<u>2,456</u>	<u>115</u>
	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 September 2017	30,093	1,473	133,301
Additions	-	-	469
Disposals	-	-	(5,169)
At 31 August 2018	<u>30,093</u>	<u>1,473</u>	<u>128,601</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 September 2017	16,518	1,198	116,880
Charge for year	7,521	137	8,534
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(5,168)
At 31 August 2018	<u>24,039</u>	<u>1,335</u>	<u>120,246</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 August 2018	<u>6,054</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>8,355</u>
At 31 August 2017	<u>13,575</u>	<u>275</u>	<u>16,421</u>

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £ 6,053 (2017 - £ 10,089) in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2018**

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,350	2,874
Amounts owed by group undertakings	19,617	50,739
Other debtors	-	480
Prepayments and accrued income	292	465
	<u>21,259</u>	<u>54,558</u>

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018	2017
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	1,430	2,450
Trade creditors	3,528	840
Social security and other taxes	582	-
Value added tax	1,824	531
Accrued expenses	2,750	2,750
	<u>10,114</u>	<u>6,571</u>

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2018	2017
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	<u>-</u>	<u>1,430</u>

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company advanced an interest free loan to its parent company S J Mitchell (Scotland) Limited. The balance due to the company at 31st August, 2018 was £19,617 (2017 - £50,739).

9. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is B Mitchell.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of SJ Mitchell (Scotland) Limited.

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF
S J MITCHELL
(LANDSCAPE CONTRACTORS)
LIMITED**

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited for the year ended 31 August 2018 which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of ICAS, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of ICAS as detailed at <http://www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited. You consider that S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of S J Mitchell (Landscape Contractors) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Milne Craig
Chartered Accountants
Abercorn House
79 Renfrew Road
Paisley
Renfrewshire
PA3 4DA

27 May 2019

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.