SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED

COMPANY NUMBER 64697

DIRECTORS' REPORT

<u>AND</u>

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 1995





SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED

Directors

David A Berridge, BSc, FFA (Chairman) David A Henderson, FCCA William W Stewart, BSc, FFA

Secretary

Roy Patrick, LLB

Appointed Actuary

Niall A M Franklin, BSc, FFA

Auditors

KPMG Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace EDINBURGH EH1 2EG

Registered Office

Edinburgh Park EDINBURGH EH12 9SE

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED REPORT BY THE DIRECTORS

For the year ended 31 December 1995

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their seventeenth annual report and audited accounts of the Company for the year to 31 December 1995.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of transacting reassurance of approved pension and life business of Scottish Equitable plc. The Company ceased to write its own business with effect from 1 January 1994.

Results and Dividend

The Company's results are shown on pages 8 and 9. The Directors recommend that no dividend be paid.

Changes in Presentation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 (Insurance Companies Accounts) Regulations 1993, ("Regulations") which amends section 255 and schedule 9A of the Companies Act 1985 and came into effect for periods commencing on or after 23 December 1994.

The Regulations require insurance companies to adopt prescribed formats for the profit and loss account and balance sheet and accordingly the prior year figures have been restated.

Where changes in accounting policies have been made to comply with the Regulations the effect is explained on pages 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

Share Capital

The authorised, allotted and fully paid up share capital is shown in note 11 on page 16.

Directors and their interests

The Directors who held office at the date of this report are shown on page 2. All Directors served throughout the year. David J Kirkpatrick ceased to be a Director upon his retiral on 30 September 1996. The Directors have declared that they had no interest in the share capital of the Company at the beginning or end of the year.

The Directors participate in the share option scheme operated by AEGON NV, the ultimate parent undertaking, to subscribe for ordinary shares which are exercisable by 31 December 2000. Details of options granted are disclosed in the statutory accounts of the parent undertaking, Scottish Equitable plc.

Auditors

Our Auditors KPMG have indicated that a limited liability company, KPMG Audit Plc, is to undertake part of their audit business. Accordingly, a resolution is to be proposed at the annual general meeting for the appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as Auditors of the Company.

By Order of the Board

Date 18. 10.96

R Patrick, Secretary Edinburgh Park, Edinburgh

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED

For the year ended 31 December 1995

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 18.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 4 the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs at 31 December 1995 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Edinburgh

Date 18 Ochsen 1996

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the year ended 31 December 1995

Basis of Presentation and Disclosure Requirements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 255 and Schedule 9A to the Companies Act 1985 and with applicable Accounting Standards. Schedule 9A implements into UK law the European Union Council Directive on the annual accounts of insurance undertakings which came into effect for periods commencing after 23 December 1994.

Changes in Accounting Policies

Implementation of the changes referred to above has necessitated changes to certain of the Company's accounting policies as well as introducing legally prescribed formats to the presentation of the financial statements. Details of the more significant accounting policy changes are given below. Comparative figures have been restated where necessary.

(i) Investment Gains

Both realised and unrealised gains and losses in respect of linked policyholders investments and shareholder investments continue to be accounted for in the profit and loss account as before.

(ii) Technical Provisions

The Long Term Business Fund reported in previous years is now shown differently. The main components of this figure is now shown in Technical Provisions.

(iii) Profit and Loss Account

The profit and loss account is divided into two parts, the technical and non-technical account. The technical account includes items relating to the insurance business. Items relating to the shareholders are dealt with in the non-technical account.

Premiums

Linked business premiums are accounted for when the actuarial liability is established. Where policyholders have the option of investing premiums in either investment-linked funds or insured funds, and the premiums have been invested in insured funds, these premiums are analysed as linked premiums.

Interest, Dividends and Rents

Credit is taken in the profit and loss account for interest and rents accrued on fixed interest and property investments, and for dividends due on equity shareholdings on an ex-dividend basis. Investment income includes gains on realisation of investments.

Claims

Claims payable on maturity are accounted for when due for payment and claims payable on death are accounted for on notification. Surrenders are accounted for at the earlier of the payment date or when the policy ceases to be included within the long term business provision or the provision for linked liabilities.

Claims payable include related internal and external claims handling costs.

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd) For the year ended 31 December 1995

Expenses

All expenses incurred for the acquisition of new business are borne by the parent company. Expenses comprise the management charges payable to the parent company and other costs of running existing business and are written off as incurred.

Taxation

The charge for UK corporation tax and income tax is on the basis applicable to the business of the Company.

Provision is made for deferred taxation, using the liability method, on all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Provision is made for deferred tax on unrealised gains since these are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Valuation of Assets

Listed investments are included at middle market value and Authorised Unit Trusts at bid value. Unlisted investments are shown at Directors valuation. Property is shown at open market value as assessed at least triennially by Independent Chartered Surveyors less provision for expenses of sale. Derivative contracts are included at realisable value at the year end date.

Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities in currencies other than sterling have been translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the financial year end. Foreign currency transactions are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the time of the transaction. Exchange differences arising are dealt with in the Technical Account.

Technical Provisions - Linked Business

Technical provisions for linked business reflect the current value of the liabilities to unit holders.

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT TECHNICAL ACCOUNT - LONG TERM BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 December 1995

		1995		1994 As restated	
	Note	£000	<u>£000</u>	£000	£000
Earned premiums, net of reinsurance Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	1	743,710 ——=	T40 T40	788,622 	2 00 < 44
			743,710		788,622
Investment income	2		237,214		355,491
Unrealised gains on investments			356,027		-
Claims incurred, net of reinsurance Claims paid Gross amount Reinsurers' share		(251,943)		(217,989)	
			(251,943)		(217,989)
Change in the provision for claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share		=	-	<u>-</u>	
Change in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance, not shown under other headings Long term business, net of reinsurance Gross amount Reinsurers' share		<u>-</u>		-	
			-		-
Other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Unrealised losses on investments Bonuses and rebates, net of reinsurance	9		(1,022,950)		(404,383) (470,895)
Net operating expenses	4		(41,026)		(33,360)
Investment expenses and charges	3		(1,098)		(11,881)
Tax attributable to long term business	5		(19,934)		(5,605)
Sub-total (balance on the technical account - long term business)			-		

All of the amounts above are in respect of continuing operations.

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT - NON-TECHNICAL ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 December 1995

		1995	1994
	Note	£000	As restated £000
Balance on the long term business technical account		Nil	Nil
Investment income		2,487	2,067
Unrealised gains on investments		318	-
Unrealised losses on investments		-	(1,721)
Other income		-	-
Other charges		<u>(26)</u>	(28)
Profit on ordinary activities before tax		2,789	318
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	<u>(851)</u>	80
Profit for the financial year		1,938	398
Dividends proposed		<u></u>	
Retained profit for the financial year	12	<u>1,938</u>	398

All of the amounts above are in respect of continuing operations.

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the period.

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED BALANCE SHEET

For the year ended 31 December 1995

			1995		.994 restated
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
ASSETS					
Investments Land and buildings Other financial investments		- <u>34,800</u>	34,800	- <u>27,020</u>	27,020
Assets held to cover linked liabilities			4,331,523		3,308,573
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions Long term business provisions Claims outstanding			-	- 	-
Debtors Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations Other debtors	7 8	24,036 2,528	26,564	30,439 2,130	32,569
Other assets Tangible assets Cash at bank and in hand		- 	-	233	233
Prepayments and accrued income Accrued interest and rent Deferred acquisition costs Other prepayments and accrued income		4,441 - <u>6,748</u>		5,526 - 	
Total Assets		-	<u>11,189</u> <u>4,404,076</u>		<u>5,526</u> <u>3,373,921</u>

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED BALANCE SHEET (cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 1995

			1995		1994 restated
	Note	£000	<u>£000</u>	£000	£000
LIABILITIES					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11 12	22,500 <u>6,485</u>	28,985	22,500 _4,547	27,047
Fund for future appropriations			-		-
Technical provisions Long term business provision Claims outstanding		<u>-</u>	-		-
Technical provisions for linked liabilities	9		4,331,523		3,308,573
Provision for other risks and charges	6		13,484		-
Creditors Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations Other creditors including taxation and social security	10	<u>30,084</u>	30,084	<u>38,301</u>	38,301
Accruals and deferred income					=
Total Liabilities			4,404,076		3,373,921
Amounts included in capital and reserves which are not distributable			22,500		22,500

These financial statements were approved by the board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

Date 18.10.96

SCOTTISH EQUITABLE (MANAGED FUNDS) LIMITED SHAREHOLDERS' FUND CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 1995

		19	95	As	1994 restated
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	16(a)		7,863		4,495
Net cash inflow from Return on Investments Returns on investments Interest received		<u>-</u>		-	
Net cash inflow from Return on Investments and Servicing of Finance			-		-
Taxation Corporation tax paid			(402)		(136)
Investing activities Investments Purchased Investments Sold		-		<u>-</u>	
Net cash inflow from investing activities					-
Net cash inflow before financing			7,461		4,359
Financing Issue of ordinary share capital	16(d)				4,000
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	16(c)		<u>7,461</u>		<u>8,359</u>

The cash flows are those arising on shareholders' activities only and do not include other cash flows within long term business.

For the year ended 31 December 1995

1. Premiums

Gross earned premiums, all of which relate to direct insurance in the UK, can be analysed as follows:

	1995	1994 As restated
	<u>£000</u>	<u>£000</u>
Individual Premiums	484,351	513,314
Premiums under group contracts	<u>259,359</u>	<u>275,308</u>
• •	743,710	788,622
Periodic premiums	211,807	225,129
Single premiums	<u>531,903</u>	<u>563,493</u>
•	743,710	<u>788,622</u>

2. Investment Income

	<u>Techni</u>	Technical Account		ical Account
	1995	1994 As restated	1995	1994 As restated
	£000	£000	£000	<u>£000</u>
Income from investments				
Land and buildings	614	618	-	-
Other investments	158,557	106,338	2,487	2,067
Net gains on the realisation of investments	<u>78,043</u>	<u>246,803</u>		
	237,214	<u>353,759</u>	<u>2,487</u>	<u>2,067</u>

3. Investment Expenses and Charges

	Technical Account	
	1995 £000	1994 As restated £000
Bank Charges	717	-
Interest paid on bank overdraft	381	134
Losses on the realisation of investments	<u>1,098</u>	<u>11,747</u> <u>11,881</u>

4. Net Operating Expenses

A management fee is paid to the UK parent undertaking who pay all the Company's expenses including Auditors' remuneration of £19,000 (1994 - £16,000). No Directors' fees are paid by the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 1995

5. Taxation

Technical Account

The charge for United Kingdom corporation tax and income tax is included in the accounts as follows:

	1995	1994
	£000	As restated £000
Corporation Tax at 25% (25%)	3,705	2,592
Income Tax	661	582
Foreign Tax	2,225	2,454
Provision for deferred tax	13,343	(23)
	19,934	<u>5,605</u>

Deferred tax in respect of any liability to corporation tax on chargeable gains which might arise on the sale of the Long-Term Business Fund investments after 31 December 1995 is included in the assessment of the adequacy of the Long-Term Fund.

Non-Technical Account

The non-technical account is subject to UK corporation tax and is included in the accounts as follows:

		1995 £000	1994 As restated £000
	Corporation Tax at 33% (33%) Overprovision in previous years Provision for deferred tax	820 (114) <u>145</u> <u>851</u>	668 (748) (<u>80</u>)
6.	Provisions for risks and charges		
	Deferred tax	£000 13,484	£000
7.	Debtors arising out of direct insurance operations		
		1995 <u>£000</u>	1994 As restated £000
	Sundry debtors	<u>24,036</u>	<u>30,439</u>

For the year ended 31 December 1995

8. Other debtors

			1995 £000	1994 As restated £000	
	Taxation recoverable		<u>2,528</u>	<u>2,130</u>	
9.	Technical provisions				
	Gross Amount	Long-term business provision £000	Technical profession for linked linke	abilities	Total
	Balance at beginning of year as restated	-	3,308,5	573	3,308,573
	Movement from long term business technical account	<u>-</u>	1,022,9	<u>950</u>	1,022,95 <u>0</u>
	Balance at end of year		4,331,5	523	4,331,523
	Reinsurers' share				
	Balance at beginning of year as restated	-	-		-
	Movement from long term business technical account	<u></u>		_	
	Balance at end of year			<u> </u>	_
	Net movement from long term business				4 000 050

Total Provision £000

1,022,950

1,022,950

The principal assumptions underlying the calculations of the technical provisions were as follows:

Unit Linked Business

technical account

The provision is equal to the nominal value of units credited to the policyholders? account, with a minimum provision equal to the surrender value.

4,331,523

For the year ended 31 December 1995

10. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	1995	1994 As restated
	<u>£000</u>	£000
Sundry Creditors	26,473	32,836
Bank Overdraft	-	-
Due to UK Parent Undertaking	2,895	5,198
Corporation Tax	<u>716</u>	<u>267</u>
•	30,084	38,301

11. Share Capital

The share capital of the Company is as follows:

	Authorised		Allotted & Fully Paid-Up	
	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1994</u>
Ordinary £1 shares	30,000,000	<u>30,000,000</u>	<u>22,500,000</u>	22,500,000
12. Reconciliation of Movements in Shar	reholders' Funds			
			1995	1994 As restated £000
Equity Interests Opening Balance Retained Profit for Year Closing Balance			£000 27,047 1,938 28,985	26,649 398 _27,047

13. UK Parent Undertaking

The UK parent undertaking in whose accounts the Company's results are consolidated is Scottish Equitable plc which is registered in Scotland.

Copies of the Group accounts of Scottish Equitable plc are available from Edinburgh Park, Edinburgh, EH12 9SE.

14. Ultimate Parent Company

The ultimate parent company is AEGON NV, which is incorporated in the Netherlands.

The Group accounts of AEGON NV are available to the public and may be obtained from AEGON NV, Mariahoeveplein 50, PO Box 202, 2501 CE, The Hague, Netherlands.

For the year ended 31 December 1995

15. Capital Commitments and Forward Currency Contracts

There were no future capital commitments at 31 December 1995, (1994 - Nil).

At 31 December 1995 the Company had entered into, in the normal course of business, forward foreign exchange contracts.

16. Notes to Cash Flow Statement

a) Reconciliation of Profit on ordinary activities before Tax to Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities

	1995	1994
		As restated
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before Tax	2,789	318
(Increase)/Decrease in Debtors	(5)	3,392
Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors	5,397	(936)
Change in Value of Investments	<u>(318)</u>	<u>1,721</u>
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	<u>7,863</u>	<u>4,495</u>

b) Analysis of Changes in Shareholders' Funds Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Year

	Cash & Cash <u>Equivalents</u>	Cash & Cash <u>Equivalents</u>
	1995	1994
	£000	As restated £000
Balance at 1 January	10,789	2,430
Net Cash Inflow	<u>7,461</u>	<u>8,359</u>
Balance at 31 December	<u>18,250</u>	10,789

c) Analysis of the Balances of Shareholders' Funds Cash and Cash Equivalents included in the Balance Sheet

	1995	Change in Year	1994
	£000	£000	As restated £000
Cash at Bank	-	(1)	1
Deposits	<u>18,250</u>	<u>7,462</u>	<u>10,788</u>
Total Cash & Cash Equivalent	<u>18,250</u>	<u>7,461</u>	<u>10,789</u>
wa			

Deposits are included within other financial investments.

d) Analysis of Changes in Financing During Year

	Share	Share
	<u>Capital</u>	<u>Capital</u>
	1995	1994
		As restated
	£000	<u>£000</u>
Financing at 1 January	22,500	22,500
Cash Inflow from Financing	-	4,000
Decrease in current account with parent undertaking	-	(4,000)
Financing at 31 December	<u>22,500</u>	22,500

For the year ended 31 December 1995

17. Restatement of 1994 Long Term Fund and Other Reserves

As set out in the Balance Sheet on page 11, the long term business fund is now reclassified. Technical provisions are now shown in their place. A reconciliation of balances as previously stated with restated balances are as follows:-

Balances at 31 December 1994 as previously stated:

	<u>£000</u>
Long term business fund Shareholders' fund	3,308,573 <u>27,047</u> <u>3,335,620</u>
Restated as:	
Technical provisions for linked liabilities Shareholders' fund	3,308,573 <u>27,047</u> <u>3,335,620</u>