

Report & Financial Statements 31 December 2005

Registered Number: 39597 (Scotland)





DIRECTORS, PRINCIPAL OFFICERS AND ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

Sir Arnold Clark nmi -Chairman

> H D Wallace Managing Director

E Hawthorne BA CA Director

D M Cooper BACC (HONS) FCCA - Director

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

A J Clark - General Manager Hire Drive

D.F. Kerr MA (Cantab) - Company Secretary

REGISTERED OFFICE

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

134 Nithsdale Drive

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

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Glasgow G41 2PP

1304 Duke Street Glasgow G31 5PZ

AUDITORS

TAX ADVISERS

Ernst & Young LLP 50 George Square Glasgow G2 1RR

Grant Thomton UK LLP 95 Bothwell Street

Glasgow G2 7JZ

SOLICITORS

HBM Sayers

Bishops Solicitors LLP

13 Bath Street

2 Blythswood Square

Glasgow G2 1HY

Glasgow G2 4AD



MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

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1 am delighted to report that the company increased its turnover by 5.8% to £118.4m. Despite this growth, a sharp increase in our hire drive insurance premium, increased funding costs and accelerated depreciation required on MG Rover vehicles contributed to profit before tax falling to £1.05m.

The company is renowned throughout the industry for its unparalleled customer service. This was recently confirmed when the company was ranked number one in a report on 'Fleet Operators Attitudes to Contract Hire Companies'. The report was compiled by Sewells International, an independent research organisation who are well respected in the fleet community. Their research is based on customer surveys conducted with companies and public sector bodies throughout the UK, who use a variety of leasing companies. The report scores the UK's top 18 companies across a variety of disciplines with Arnold Clark Finance Limited achieving the best score overall.

GROWTH

In 2005 the contract hire fleet continued to grow in line with our expectations. With this expansion in mind we developed the additional Glasgow office space purchased in 2004, which now houses our corporate and public sector sales teams on one floor. The new Manchester sales team have now settled into their offices in the group's state of the art Honda dealership at Stretford. Our Aberdeen sales team moved into offices above the group's Lexus dealership and we have expanded and moved our Edinburgh office to the newly developed Peugeot dealership at Seafield Road. Activa, our southern contract hire division, also moved into larger premises in Milton Keynes due to the expansion of the business.



MANAGING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

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STAFF

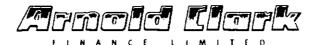
The company employs in excess of 550 staff. Our success is attributed to an extremely devoted workforce which displays immense loyalty to the company; evident in our admirably low levels of staff turnover. Experienced and reliable, our employees value the importance of strong customer relationships and I wish to record my gratitude to all of them for their sustained hard work.

OUTLOOK

Due to the continued consolidation of the larger contract hire companies, we feel our high level of personal service leaves us very well positioned in the market. As early as January 2006, we have managed to retain one of our largest customers for an additional three years. It is also pleasing that Hire Drive have started 2006 significantly better than 2005. The combination of all of the above factors gives us a great deal of confidence for 2006.

H D Wallace

Managing Director 16 March 2006



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

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The profit on ordinary activities before taxation amounted to £1,049,000. The trading profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £718,000.

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid which leaves the profit of £718,000 to be retained.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company's principal activity during the year was the hiring of motor vehicles.

The balance sheet discloses net current liabilities of £107 million arising primarily as a result of hire purchase payments due on contract hire vehicles. These payments will be met from vehicle rental incomes receivable in 2006 under the relevant contract hire agreements.

EMPLOYEES

The group's policy on employee matters, including policy on disabled employees, is contained within the Directors' Report of Arnold Clark Automobiles Limited.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors of the company during the year and at the date of this report are:

Sir Arnold Clark

H D Wallace

E Hawthorne

D M Cooper

No director had any interest in the ordinary share capital of the company during the year. The interests of Sir Arnold Clark in the share capital of Arnold Clark Automobiles Limited, the ultimate holding company, are disclosed in those financial statements. H D Wallace, E Hawthome and D M Cooper have no interest in the ordinary share capital of the holding company.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The company's principal financial instruments comprise cash, cash equivalents, bank loans and hire purchase contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities, such as trade creditors and trade debtors, arise directly from operating activities.

The main risks associated with the company's financial assets and liabilities are set out below.

Interest rate risk: The company invests surplus cash in a floating rate interest yielding bank deposit account and has access to a floating rate interest bearing overdraft facility. Hire purchase agreements are entered into at floating interest rates. The company's interest income and expenses are therefore affected by movements in interest rates. The company does not undertake active hedging of this risk.

Credit risk: The company has external debtors; however, the company undertakes assessments of its customers in order to ensure that credit is not extended where there is a likelihood of default.

Liquidity risk: The company aims to mitigate liquidity risk by managing cash generated by its operations.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

HEALTH AND SAFETY

The company recognises the importance of health and safety matters in all aspects of the running of its business. We employ four full time health and safety advisers, who update directors and managers on best practice, provide continual support, including a help-line, and carry out audits and reviews at all the company's locations. They liaise closely with the Quality Systems Manager and Property Manager and report to the Company Secretary. Accident trends are monitored carefully. The overall accident rate fell by 8% between 2004 and 2005. What is even more encouraging is that the rate for reportable lost-time accidents fell by 20%.

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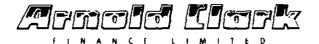
AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

H D Wallace Managing Director

16 March 2006



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

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- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

to the members of Arnold Clark Finance Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes 1 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) as set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report and the Managing Director's Statement. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

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Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor
Glasgow

16 March 2006



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000
TURNOVER	2	118,424	111,947
Cost of sales	4	(87,675)	(80,259)
GROSS PROFIT		30,749	31,688
Administrative expenses		(14,668)	(14.452)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	16,081	17.236
Analysed as:			
Operating profit before exceptional items		16,603	17,236
Exceptional item	4	(522)	<u> </u>
Interest payable	7	(15,032)	(14,099)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,049	3,137
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(331)	(942)
PROFIT RETAINED FOR THE PERIOD	14	718	2,195

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

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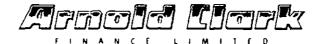
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There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit attributable to shareholders of the company of £718,000 in the year ended 31 December 2005 and the profit of £2,195,000 in the year ended 31 December 2004.



BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2005

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	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000
FIXED ASSETS			2
Tangible assets	9	277.537	287,302
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		24,652	35,018
Debtors	10	11,427	13,035
Cash at bank and in hand		62,209	51,710
		98,288	99,763
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	11	(205, 280)	(229,813)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(106,992)	(130,050)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		170,545	157,252
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Obligations under hire purchase contracts	12	(110,271)	(96,961)
Rentals in advance		(4.946)	(4.530)
		(115,217)	(101,491)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES			
Deferred taxation	8(c)	(20,842)	(21,993)
		34,486	33,768
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13	15	15
Profit and loss account	13	34.471	33,753
	•••		
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	34,486	33,768

Approved by the Board on 16 March 2006

Sir Amold Clark Chairman H D Wallace Managing Director



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 December 2005

		2005	2004
	Notes	£000	2004 £000
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	15(a)	104,993	55,941
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE Interest element of hire purchase contracts		(15,199)	(13,583)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT Payments to acquire fixed assets Receipts from sales of fixed assets		(306,592) 248,381	(284,286) 235.945
		(58,211)	(48,341)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE MANAGEMENT OF LIQUID RESOURCES AND FINANCING		31,583	(5.983)
FINANCING			
Repayment of capital element of hire purchase contracts		(276,083)	(266,339)
New hire purchase contracts		254,999	283,135
		(21,084)	16,796
INCREASE IN CASH		10,499	10,813
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT			
	Notes	2005	2004
		fooo	£000
Increase in cash		10,499	10,813
Repayment of capital element of hire purchase contracts		276,083	266,339
Inception of new hire purchase contracts		(254,999)	(283,135)
MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT		31,583	(5,983)
NET DEBT AT 1 JANUARY	15(b)	(232,335)	(226,352)
NET DEBT AT 31 DECEMBER	15(b)	(200.752)	(232,335)

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for the year ended 31 December 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

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Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

15% (reducing balance basis)

Motor vehicles

20% (reducing balance basis)

Contract hire vehicles

straight line over the term of the contract

Computer equipment

40% (reducing balance basis)

Freehold property

2% (straight line basis)

Motor vehicles held for resale

Motor vehicles held for resale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

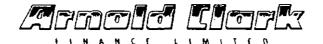
Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

- provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of
 fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets,
 only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets
 concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance
 sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets
 and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;
- deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely
 than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing
 differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.



for the year ended 31 December 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the balance of the capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

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Tumover represents the amounts due for goods sold and services provided stated net of discounts and value added tax.

Rentals receivable on vehicles held for use in operating leases are recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

The tumover and pre-tax profit all arises in the United Kingdom and is attributable to the company's principal activity.

OPERATING PROFIT

		2005	2004
		£ooo	£000
This is stated after charg	ing:		
Auditors' remuneration	- audit services	20	18
Depreciation	- owned assets	269	206
	- assets under hire purchase contracts	67,707	60,522

4. EXCEPTIONAL ITEM

The exceptional item incurred during 2005 was in respect of the demise of the MG Rover Group and consisted of £522,000 in relation to additional depreciation on contract hire vehicles.



for the year ended 31 December 2005

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5.	STAFF COSTS		
		2005	2004
		£000	fooo
	Wages and salaries	8,809	9,163
	Social security costs	877	842
		9,686	10,005
	The monthly average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2005	2004
		No.	No.
	Office and management	427	481
	Sales	129	127
		556	608
6.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
		2005	2004
		£000	£000
	Emoluments	195	266
	No director was a member of a company pension scheme.		
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2005	2004
		£000	£000
	Finance charges payable under hire purchase contracts	15.032	14,099



for the year ended 31 December 2005

TAX		
(a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
The tax charge is made up as follows:		
	2005	200
	£000	£000
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	1,390	((•
Group relief payable by parent undertaking Tax under provided in previous years	92	(61
tox under provided in previous years		_
Total current tax (note 8(b))	1,482	(61)
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,074)	1,559
Tax over provided in previous years	(77)	.,,,
Total deferred tax charge (note 8(c))	(1,151)	1,555
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	331	942
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is	_	corporation
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is	below: 2005	2004
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is	below:	2004
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is ax in the UK of 30% (2004 - 30%). The differences are reconciled	below: 2005	2002 £000
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is tax in the UK of 30% (2004 - 30%). The differences are reconciled Profit on ordinary activities before tax	below: 2005 foon	2002 £000
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is tax in the UK of 30% (2004 - 30%). The differences are reconciled Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004 - 30%)	below: 2005 foon	2004 food 3,137
The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is tax in the UK of 30% (2004 - 30%). The differences are reconciled Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004 - 30%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2005 food 1,049	2004 food 3,137 942
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for the year ended 31 December 2005

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9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold	Computer	Motor	Fixtures and	
	property	equipment	vehicles	fittings	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost:					
At 1 January 2005	127	1,585	384,850	279	386,841
Additions	•	142	306,448	2	306,592
Disposals	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(305,951)		(305,951)
At 31 December 2005	127	1,727	385.347	281	387,482
Depreciation:					
At 1 January 2005	40	1,324	98,040	135	99,539
Provided during the period	3	244	67.707	22	67,976
Disposals		·	(57.570)		(57.570)
At 31 December 2005	43	1,568	108,177	157	109,945
Net book value:					
At 31 December 2005	84	159	277,170	124	277.537
At 31 December 2004	87	261	286,810	144	287,302
At 31 December 2004	87	261	286,810	144	28

All of the company's motor vehicles are purchased by way of hire purchase agreements and are held for use in operating leases.

10. DEBTORS

	11,427	13,035
Prepayments and accrued income	2,265	2,851
Other debtors	977	1,601
Trade debtors	8,185	8,583
	£000	£000



for the year ended 31 December 2005

	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year				
				2005	2004
				£000	£000
	Obligations under hire purchase contracts (note 12)			152,690	187,084
	Trade creditors			5.593	1,627
	Current corporation tax			1,390	
	Other taxes and social security costs			2,898	588
	Other creditors			7,261	6,342
	Accruals and deferred income			23,623	22,585
	Amounts due to group undertakings			11,825	11,587
				205,280	229,813
12.	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS				
				2005	2004
				£000	food
	Amounts payable:				
	Within one year (note 11)			152,690	187.084
	In two to five years			110,271	96,961
				262,961	284,045
13.	SHARE CAPITAL				
				Al	lotted, called up
			Authorised		and fully paid
		2005	2004	20	05 2004
		2005 No.	2004 Na.	20 £0:	-
	Ordinary shares of $\mathbf{f_1}$ each	_	•		00 f000
14.	Ordinary shares of £1 each RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND N	No. 15,000	No. 15,000		oo food
14.		No. 15,000	No. 15,000		00 £000
14.		No. 15,000	No. 15,000		00 £000 15 15 Total
14.		No. 15,000	No. 15,000 SERVES	£o. Profit	00 £000 15 15 Tota shareholders
14.		No. 15,000	Na. 15,000 SERVES	Profit and loss	00 £000 15 15 Tota shareholders funds
14.	RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND N	No. 15,000	Na. 15,000 SERVES Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total shareholders funds
14.		No. 15,000	Na. 15,000 SERVES Share capital	Profit and loss account	00 £000

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15. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

		2005	2004
		fooo	£000
Operating profit		16,081	17,236
Depreciation		67.976	60,728
Decrease / (increase) in motor vehicles held for resale		10,366	(35,018)
Decrease in debtors		1,608	1,167
Increase in creditors		8,962	11,828
Net cash inflow from operating activities		104,993	55.941
(b) Analysis of net debt			
	At 1		At 31
	January	Cash	December
	2005	flow	2005
	£000	£000	fooo
Cash at bank and in hand	51,710	. 10,499	62,209
Hire purchase contracts	(284,045)	21,084	(262,961)
	(232,335)	31,583	(200,752)

16. CONTINGENT ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Under a group registration for Value Added Tax the companies within the group are jointly and severally liable for Value Added Tax due by any member of the group registration. At 31 December 2005 this amounted to VAI payable of £1,639,000 (2004 - £2,081,000 receivable).

Under the terms of an inter company guarantee granted to The Royal Bank of Scotland plc the company has, together with Arnold Clark Automobiles Limited, Macharg Rennie & Lindsay Limited and Arnold Clark Insurance Services Limited, jointly and severally guaranteed repayment of all sums due to The Royal Bank of Scotland plc by any of the parties to the guarantee.

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The directors report that Amold Clark Automobiles Limited (registered in Scotland) is the company's ultimate parent company. This is the only parent undertaking for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member. The address from which copies of these group financial statements are available to the public is: The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, 37 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh, EH1 2EB.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 from disclosing transactions with related parties that are part of the Amold Clark Automobiles Limited group.