Albert Bartlett & Sons (Leslie) Limited

Unaudited

Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 May 2017

Company Number SC037899

THURSDAY

SCT 08/02

08/02/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE #195

ALBERT BARTLETT & SONS (LESLIE) LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: SC037899

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2017

	Nata		2017		2016 £
Fixed assets	Note		£		L
Fixeu assets					
Tangible assets	4		289,308		289,308
		-	289,308		289,308
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	36		36	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	524		608	
		560	_	644	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(105,649)		(85,717)	
Net current liabilities			(105,089)		(85,073)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	184,219		204,235
Net assets		-	184,219	_	204,235
		=	=	•	

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC037899

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Capital and reserves		·	
Called up share capital	8	211,000	211,000
Other reserves	9	697,743	697,743
Profit and loss account	9	(724,524)	(704,508)
		184,219	204,235

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on Lebway 2018.

R A Bartlett

Director

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

Called up share capital	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity
£	£	£	£
211,000	697,743	(704,508)	204,235
-	-	(20,016)	(20,016)
•	-	-	-
	•	(20,016)	(20,016)
-	-	-	-
211,000	697,743	(724,524)	184,219
	share capital £ 211,000	share capital reserves £ £ 211,000 697,743	share capital reserves loss account £ £ £ £ 211,000 697,743 (704,508) (20,016) (20,016) (20,016) (20,016)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

	Called up share capital	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£
At 1 June 2015	211,000	697,743	(700,392)	208,351
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(4,116)	(4,116)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(4,116)	(4,116)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-
At 31 May 2016	211,000	697,743	(704,508)	204,235
		····		

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1. General information

Albert Barlett & Sons (Leslie) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Scotland under the Companies Act 2006. The company number and the address of the registered office are provided on the company information page. The Company's principal activity is included on the directors' report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

This is the first year of FRS 102 application. The date of transition is 1 June 2015.

No level of rounding has been applied to the financial statements.

The presentational currency of the financial statements are GBP.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises rents receivable for the year under review. All turnover arose in the United Kingdom.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost.

Freehold land is not depreciated in line with applicable accounting standards.

2.4 Going concern

The company has net current liabilities at the balance sheet date. After making appropriate enquiries the directors have decided to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis. The company's only creditor is a related party and the directors are satisfied that the financial support of this company will continue for the foreseeable future. Accordingly the financial statements do not include any adjustments that would occur if this financial support was withdrawn.

2.5 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like other debtors and creditors.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including debtors and creditors, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Financial instruments (continued)

reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.8 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

There are no significant areas of judgement in the opinion of the directors.

3. Employees

There are no employees other than the directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

4. Tangible fixed assets

			Freehold land
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 June 2016		289,308
	At 31 May 2017	-	289,308
	Depreication		
	At 31 May 2017	- -	-
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2017	_	289,308
	At 31 May 2016	=	289,308
5.	Debtors		
		2017 `£	2016 £
	Other debtors	36	36
		36	36
6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	524	608
		524	608

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

		2017 £	2016 £
	Other creditors	105,649	85,717
		105,649	85,717
8.	Share capital		
		2017	2016
	Shares classified as equity	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	211,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	211,000 	211,000

9. Reserves

Other reserves

Represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares issued during previous mergers and the fair value of the assets transferred.

Profit & loss account

The profit and loss account is the accumulation of the company's profit and losses from previous years.

10. Related party transactions

There was no directors' remuneration paid in either year.

Other creditors contains £105,649 payable to Albert Bartlett & Sons (Airdrie) Limited for expenditure incurred on behalf of the company (2016 - £85,717). The company is owned ultimately by R A Bartlett, director.

The movement in the year on those balances relates to expenditure incurred on behalf of the company.

11. Controlling party

The ultimate and immediate parent company is Leslie Holdings Limited.

In the opinion of the directors, there is no individual controlling party.

12. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.