COMPCO HOLDINGS LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

Company Number: SC037323

05/03/2009

COMPANIES HOUSE

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

CONTENTS	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Auditors' report	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet .	5
Notes to the accounts	6 - 12

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

The directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year the company continued its principal activity of holding and managing investments in subsidiary companies involved in property investment and trading.

The company's principal source of income is dividends receivable from subsidiaries. The directors consider that the investments performed satisfactorily during the year and that the costs of administration were reasonable in relation to the scale of the group's activities.

The principal risks facing a business such as that of the company are seen as:

- (i) a rise in vacancy levels in the investment properties held by subsidiaries: during the year there was a significant reduction in vacancy levels.
- (ii) a rise in interest rates: the group of which the company forms part has taken out a significant level of protection against interest rate increases. Additional hedging has been arranged in connection with the new finance obtained during the year.
- (iii) a fall in value of the commercial properties held by its subsidiary undertakings.

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR

The profit for the year after taxation was £18,391,000 (2007: £23,271,000).

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of £22,000,000 (2007: £25,500,000) was paid during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2007: £Nil).

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company during the year were:

B S Anderson

T S Cole

S R Collins

Sir Christopher K Howes

M N Steinberg

The interests of the directors in the shares of the parent company, City & General Securities Limited, are disclosed in the directors' report of that company.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to;

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In determining how amounts are presented within items in the profit and loss account and balance sheet, the directors have had regard to the substance of the reported transaction or arrangement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or practice. So far as each of the directors is aware at the time the report is approved:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD ON 6th November 2008

R J De Barr Secretary Registered office: Level 4, Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COMPCO HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the accounts of Compco Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes. These accounts have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
 - the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

haysmacintyre Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Fairfax House 15 Fulwood Place London WC1V 6AY

6th November 2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Note	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
TURNOVER		-	-
Cost of sales		*	(5)
GROSS LOSS		-	(5)
Administrative expenses		(2,182)	(1,670)
Other operating income	2	-	50
OPERATING LOSS	3	(2,182)	(1,625)
Dividends receivable		24,000	25,500
Interest receivable	6	346	398
Interest payable	7	(3,831)	(1,973)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
BEFORE TAXATION		18,333	22,300
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	8	58	971
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		· ·	
AFTER TAXATION		£18,391	£23,271
			=======================================

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2008

		200	08	200	07
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	10		54		69
Investments	11		174,567		162,933
			174,621		163,002
CURRENT ASSETS			,		
Debtors	12	252,663		225,173	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,923		28,630	
		255,586		253,803	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due		-		,	
within one year	13	(260,142)		(255,145)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(4,566)		(1,342)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LI	ABLITIES		£170,065		£161,660
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		7,475		7,475
Share premium account	15(a)		38,719		38,719
Revaluation reserve	15(b)		128,836		116,822
Profit and loss account	15(c)		(4,965)		(1,356)
Shareholders' funds	16		£170,065		£161,660

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 6th November 2008 and signed below on its behalf by:

Director

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

b) Basis of consolidation

The directors have taken the exemption available under Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 and have not prepared consolidated accounts on the grounds that the company is itself a subsidiary company (see note 17).

c) Cash Flow Statement

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard No 1 'Cash Flow Statements' (FRS 1), no cash flow statement has been prepared since that information is adequately reflected in the group cash flow statement included in the accounts of the parent company during the year, City and General Securities Limited.

d) Rental income

Rents are accounted for on a receivable basis, all rental income arose in the United Kingdom.

e) Property expenses

Expenditure on properties is charged to cost of sales as incurred.

f) Interest charges

Interest is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

g) Finance issue costs

Finance issue costs are amortised over the life of the associated loans under the classification of interest charges.

h) Investment properties

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19 'Accounting for Investment Properties' (SSAP 19), no amortisation is provided on freehold and long leasehold investment properties. The directors consider that although this represents a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 for all investment properties to be depreciated, this policy results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view. Amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual

valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

i) Other tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at costs or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Computer and IT equipment

25% reducing balance

Other fixtures and fittings

15% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

j) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are stated on the basis of the net asset value to the parent company.

k) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

n) Dividends

Final dividends payable by the Company are recorded as a liability following a dividend declaration by the Board. Interim dividends are recognised when paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Other income	£ -	£50
3.	OPERATING LOSS	2008	2007
	The operating loss is stated after charging:	£'000	£'000
	Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	37	37
	Depreciation of owned assets Auditor's remuneration	15 	15
4.	STAFF COSTS	2008	2007
		£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries (including directors)	1,005	567
	Social security costs Other pension costs	126 29	67 30
		<u> </u>	0664
		£1,160	£664 ====
	The average number of full time persons employed (including executive directed category, was as follows:	ectors) during the yea	r, analysed l Employees
		ectors) during the yea	r, analysed l
5.	category, was as follows:	ectors) during the yea Number of 2008	r, analysed t Employees 2007
5.	category, was as follows: Property investment and trading	ectors) during the year Number of 2008 8 2008	Employees 2007 8 2007 £'000
5.	Category, was as follows: Property investment and trading DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS	Number of 2008 8 2008 2008 2008	Employees 2007 8 2007 £'000
5.	Category, was as follows: Property investment and trading DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS Fees	2008 £24	2007 £'000 £27
5.	category, was as follows: Property investment and trading DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS Fees Emoluments in respect of the highest paid director are:	2008 £24	2007 £'000 £27

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

7.	INTEREST PAYABLE	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Interest payable to group undertaking On bank loans and overdrafts	3,829 2	1,967 6
		£3,831	£1,973
8.	TAXATION	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	(a) Analysis of credit for year		
	Current Tax:		
	UK corporation tax credit on profit for the year Adjustment in respect of prior years	58 -	971 -
		58	971
	Deferred Tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences		<u>-</u>
	Tax credit on profit on ordinary activities	£58	£971
	(b) Factors affecting tax credit for year		 _
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation	tax in the UK.	•
	The differences are explained below:		
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	£18,333	£22,300
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of Corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2007: 30%)	5,500	6,690
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	3	4
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	2	1
	Losses brought forward and carried forward Dividends receivable	1,637 (7,200)	(16) (7,650)
	Current tax credit for year	£(58)	£(971)
9.	DIVIDENDS	2008	2007
	Dividends on ordinary shares:	£'000	£,000
	Interims paid: 59p per share (2007: 68p)	£22,000	£25,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Fixtures & fittings £'000
	Cost	
	At 1 April 2007	107
	Additions	-
	At 31 March 2008	107
	Depreciation	
	At 1 April 2007	. 38
	Charge for year	15
	Eliminated on disposal	-
	At 31 March 2008	53
	Net book value	
	At 31 March 2008	£54
	TEST Maion 2000	——————————————————————————————————————
	At 31 March 2007	£69
11.	INVESTMENTS	Investment in Subsidiary Undertakings £'000
	At 1 April 2007	162,933
	Additions	1
	Surplus on revaluation	12,014
	Disposals	(381)
	At 31 March 2008	£174,567

The surplus on revaluation includes the share of profits/(losses) recognised in the financial statements of the company's subsidiary companies as well as the write back of the net liabilities (£571,000) of investments struck off during the year.

On the historical cost basis investments would be included at:	£'000
Cost Provision for diminution in value	39,824
	£39,824

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

11. INVESTMENTS (continued)

Principal investments

The Company has investments in the following subsidiary undertakings, all of which are registered in England and Wales. To avoid a statement of excessive length, details of insignificant investments have been omitted.

		Principal activity	Holding	%
	Cadogan Properties Limited *	Property investment	Ordinary 50p shares	100
	Chelsea Harbour Limited*	Property investment and development	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	Compco Camden Limited	Property investment	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	Haigside Limited	Property dealing and investment	Ordinary 10p shares	100
	Seymour Development Limited	Property investment	Ordinary £1 shares	100
			6% non-cumulative £1 preference shares	
	Terrington Properties Limited	Property investment	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	Compco Investments Two Limited	Investment	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	Compco Investments Two Limited	Investment	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	Design Centre Personal Shopping Limited	Personal shopping	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	Creative Hat	Organisation of events	Ordinary £1 shares	100
	* Not held directly by Compco Holdings Limited.			
12.	DEBTORS		2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Due within one year: Amounts owed by subsidiary companies Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income		250,376 3 12	222,762 7 11
	Corporation tax		2,272	2,393
			£252,663	£225,173
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Other taxation and social security		41	30
	Other creditors Amounts owed to subsidiary companies		21 260,078	26 255,014
	Accruals and deferred income		2	75
			£260,142	£255,145

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

14.	SHARE CAPITAL	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Authorised:		
	49,000,000 (2007: 49,000,000) Ordinary shares of 20p each	£9,800	£9,800
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:		
	37,376,123 (2007: 37,376,123) Ordinary shares of 20p each	£7,475	£7,475
			
15.	RESERVES		2008
<i>(</i>)			£'000
(a)	Share premium account:		C20 710
•	At 1 April 2007 and at 31 March 2008		£38,719
(b)	Revaluation reserve:		
	At 1 April 2007		116,822
	Surplus on revaluation of investments		12,014
	At 31 March 2008		£128,836
			
(c)	Profit and loss account:		
	At 1 April 2007		(1,356)
	Profit for the year		18,391
	Dividend paid		(22,000)
	At 31 March 2008		£(4,965)
16.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN	2008	2007
	SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	£'000	£'000
	Profit for the financial year	18,391	23,271
	Dividend paid	(22,000)	(25,500)
	Surplus on revaluation of investments	12,014	4,851
	Net increase in shareholders funds	8,405	1,622
	Opening shareholders' funds	161,660	159,038
	Clasing shougholdons' funds	C150 065	6161 660
	Closing shareholders' funds	£170,065	£161,660

17. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTIES

The largest and smallest group into which the company is consolidated is City & General Securities Limited which is registered in England and Wales.

Group financial statements for City & General Securities Limited are available to the public on payment of the appropriate fee, from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ. The company is ultimately controlled by the directors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2008

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are cross guarantees in respect of bank borrowings of the ultimate parent undertaking. The borrowings are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the property and assets of Compco Holdings Limited. At 31 March 2008 those borrowings amounted to £31,139,322 (2007: £43,698,514).

19. FINANCE COMMITMENTS

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land and	Land and Buildings	
	2008	2007	
	£,000	£'000	
Expiry date			
More than five years	£37	£37	

20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under Section 3c of Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 'Related Party Disclosures' (FRS 8) and has not disclosed any intra group related party transactions.