Registered No. SC025020

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

2004

Contents :	Page 1
Officers and Professional Advisers	2
Directors' Report	3 - 4
Directors' Responsibilities	5
Report of the Auditors	6 - 7
Profit and Loss Account	8
Balance Sheet	9
Cash Flow Statement	10
Notes to the Accounts	11 - 21



OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

Directors

Derek C Manson

James A Sheriff

Douglas H C Cunningham

David S Hunter
Dr John R Gilchrist

Chairman Managing Sales

Financial Technical

Secretary

David S Hunter

Registered Office

Inchinnan Business Park

Renfrew

Strathclyde PA4 9RG

Registration Number

SC025020

Bankers

Clydesdale Bank plc

St. Vincent Place Glasgow G1

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP

George House 50 George Square Glasgow G2 1RR

Solicitors

Biggart Baillie

Dalmore House 310 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5QR

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2004, to be submitted to the fifty-eighth Annual General Meeting to be held at the Registered Office on 23 March 2005 at 2.00pm.

Results and dividends:

The trading profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £148,412. The directors recommend that the following dividend be paid:

Ordinary £100,000

This leaves a profit of £48,412 to be transferred to reserves.

Principal Activity and Review of the Business

The company's principal activities during the year continued to be the development, manufacture, distribution and installation of electronic gas detection instruments and systems. Ongoing research and development of micro-processor based instrumentation has secured existing markets and offers the opportunity for continued expansion.

Directors and their interests:

The directors at 31 December 2004 and their interests in the ordinary share capital of the company were as follows:

At 31 December 2004

At 1 January 2004

	At 31 December 2004	At 1 January 200
J A Sheriff	-	-
D C Manson	-	-
D S Hunter	-	-
D H C Cunningham	-	-
J R Gilchrist	-	-

The Articles of Association adopted on 14 March 1989 state that the Directors shall not be liable to retirement by rotation.

All of the Issued Share Capital of the Company is held by GMI Group Limited. The directors' interests in the share capital of GMI Group Limited are disclosed in the accounts of that company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

(continued)

Auditors:

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as the company's auditors will be put to the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the board

D S Hunter

Director and Secretary

25 February 2005

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



Independent auditors' report

to the members of Gas Measurement Instruments Limited

We have audited the company's accounts for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 23. These accounts have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

■ ERNST&YOUNG

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Ernst & Young LLP

Ernst a John of

Registered Auditor

Glasgow

25 February 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2004

	notes	2004 £	2003 £
Turnover	2	6,077,759	6,057,514
Cost of sales	_	(3,179,996)	(3,252,515)
Gross profit	_	2,897,763	2,804,999
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(118,456) (2,653,430)	(103,810) (2,634,102)
Operating profit	3	125,877	67,087
Interest receivable Interest payable	6 7	23,899 -	28,430 (153)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	-	149,776	95,364
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8 _	(1,364)	16,980
Profit for the Financial Year	16	148,412	112,344
Dividends:	9,16	(100,000)	-
Profit retained for the Financial Year	-	48,412	112,344

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

for the year ended 31 December 2004

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit attributable to shareholders of the company of £148,412 in the year ended 31 December 2004 and the profit of £112,344 in the year ended 31 December 2003.

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these accounts.

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 December 2004

	notes	2004 £	2003 £
Fixed assets :			
Tangible assets	10 -	988,010	871,867
Current assets :			
Stocks	11	836,796	593,774
Debtors	12	2,022,863	2,119,367
Cash at bank and in hand		1,022,440	880,043
	-	3,882,099	3,593,184
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	814,465	625,122
Net current assets	-	3,067,634	2,968,062
Total assets less current liabilities	-	4,055,644	3,839,929
Provision for liabilities and charges :			
Deferred taxation	14	3,585	8,282
	-	4,052,059	3,831,647
Capital and reserves :			
Called up share capital	15	27,440	27,440
Capital redemption reserve		3,500	3,500
Share premium account		279,180	279,180
Revaluation reserve		718,000	546,000
Profit and loss account	_	3,023,939	2,975,527
Equity shareholders' funds	16	4,052,059	3,831,647

D C Manson Jans - Directo

25 February 2005

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these accounts.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2004

	notes	2004 £	2003 £
Net cash Inflow from operating activities	17 -	287,041	24,612
Returns on investments and servicing of finance: Interest received Interest element of finance lease and hire purchase payments	6 7	23,899 -	28,430 (153)
Taxation : Corporation tax paid		(8,620)	(60,532)
Capital expenditure and financial investment: Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		(81,990) 22,067	(93,718) 12,975
Equity dividends paid : Dividend to Group Company	_	(100,000)	-
Physical and the second		142,397	(88,386)
Financing: Repayment of capital element of finance leases and hire purchase payments		-	(3,637)
Increase/(decrease) in cash	•	142,397	(92,023)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds			
Increase/(decrease) in cash Cash used to repay capital element of finance leases and hire purchase contracts	_	142,397	(92,023) 3,637
Movement in net funds Net funds at 1 January	17 17	142,397 880,043	(88,386) 968,429
Net funds at 31 December	17	1,022,440	880,043

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a) Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

b) Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. Freehold land and buildings have subsequently been revalued as at 11 August 2004 with the revaluation surplus being taken to the revaluation reserve.

c) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition or valuation, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows:

Freehold Buildings	4%
Leasehold improvements	10%
Plant and equipment	10%
Office equipment and computers	20%
Vehicles	25%

An amount equal to the excess of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets over the notional historical cost depreciation charge on those assets is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve.

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods, if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

d) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs include all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition as follows:

Raw materials - purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Work-in-progress and finished goods - cost of direct materials.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

e) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the exception that deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

f) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are re- translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

g) Research and development

All expenditure incurred on research and development is written off in the year of expenditure.

h) Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assest have passed to the company and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet.

The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital payments outstanding.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

i) Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

2 TURNOVER:

Turnover represents the invoiced amount of goods sold and services provided stated net of value added tax.

The turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation is wholly attributable to the continuing activities of manufacture, distribution and installation of electronic gas detection instruments and systems.

An analysis of turnover by market is given below:

	2004 £	2003 £
United Kingdom	3,459,856	3,419,066
Europe	765,998	769,116
North and South America	1,448,143	1,479,298
Rest of World	403,762	390,034
	6,077,759	6,057,514
3 OPERATING PROFIT :		
This is stated after charging :	2004	2003
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	128,535	135,644
Depreciation of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	·	1,997
	128,535	137,641
Development expenditure written off	843,955	774,168
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	10,250	10,250
 non-audit services 	13,200	7,895
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	19,750	19,750
- plant and machinery	5,547	8,489

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

4 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS :	2004 £	2003 £
Emoluments	385,403	336,403
Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	34,707	30,341
	2004 No.	2003 No.
Members of money purchase pension schemes	5	5
The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows:	2004 £	2003 £
Emoluments	90,514	87,484
Company contributions paid to money purchase pension schemes	7,994	7,761
5 STAFF COSTS:	2004 £	2003 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,296,403 222,724 83,751	2,238,716 228,728 85,051
	2,602,878	2,552,495
The average weekly number of employees during the year was as follows :	No.	No.
Office and management Manufacturing	52 30	59 32
	82	91
6 INTEREST RECEIVABLE:	2004 £	2003 £
Bank interest and short term deposits	23,899	28,430

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

7	INTEREST PAYABLE:	notes	2004 £	2003 £
	Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	_	-	153
8	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES: (a) Based on the profit for the year:		2004 £	2003 £
	Corporation tax Corporation tax overprovided in previous years		24,735 (18,674)	27,294 (41,560)
	Total current tax	_	6,061	(14,266)
	Deferred taxation	14	(4,697)	(2,714)
			1,364	(16,980)
	(b) Factors affecting the tax charge/(credit) for the year:	_		
	The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences	•	ned below: 2004	2003
			£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	_	149,776	95,364
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate	_		22 222
	of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2003 : 30%)		28,457 (5.385)	28,609 10,877
	(Non taxable income)/disallowed expenses Depreciation in advance of capital allowances		(5,385) 1,663	1,645
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods Others		(18,674) -	(41,560) (13,837)
			6,061	(14,266)

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges:

At the balance sheet date there are no future factors that will significantly affect future tax charges.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

9	DIVIDENDS:				2004 £	2003 £
	Equity dividends on ord	linary shares:			~	~
	Final paid			_	100,000	-
10	TANGIBLE FIXED ASS	SETS:				
- •		Land, Bldgs	Plant			
		& Leasehold	and	Motor		
		Improvements	Fixtures	Vehicles		Total
		£	£	£		£
	Cost or valuation :					
	At 1 January 2004	878,264	584,526	356,927		1,819,717
	Additions	3,495	23,380	55,115		81,990
	Disposals	-	(79,310)	(70,202)		(149,512)
	Revaluations	60,000	-	-		60,000
	At 31 December 2004	941,759	528,596	341,840		1,812,195
	Depreciation :					
	At 1 January 2004	232,685	487,212	227,953		947,850
	Charge for year	28,599	26,719	73,217		128,535
	Disposals		(78,309)	(61,891)		(140,200)
	Revaluations	(112,000)	-	<u>-</u>		(112,000)
	At 31 December 2004	149,284	435,622	239,279		824,185
	Net Book Value : At 31 December 2004	792,475	92,974	102,561		988,010
	At 1 January 2004	645,579	97,314	128,974		871,867
				<u> </u>		

The freehold land and buildings situated at Renfrew were valued at their open market value for existing use, in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, on 11 August 2004 by Graham & Sibbald, Chartered Surveyors, at £780,000.

On the historical cost basis, freehold land and buildings would have been included as follows:

Cost:	£
At 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	375,000
Cumulative depreciation based on cost:	
At 1 January 2004	222,500
At 31 December 2004	237,500

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

11	STOCKS:	notes	2004 £	2003 £
	Raw materials and consumables		727,16 1	526,530
	Work-in-progress		50,314	34,494
	Finished goods and goods for resale		59,321	32,750
			836,796	593,774
	The difference between purchase price or production cost of s and their replacement cost is not material.	stocks		
12	DEBTORS:		2004	2003
			£	£
	Trade debtors		1,197,981	1,177,205
	Other debtors		1,850	2,000
	Prepayments and accrued income		109,729	110,681
	Amounts owed by parent undertaking		713,303	829,481
		_	2,022,863	2,119,367
13	CREDITORS : Amounts falling due within one year		2004 £	2003 £
	Trade creditors		493,391	429,409
	Corporation tax		24,735	27,294
	Other taxes and social security costs		98,753	77,474
	Accruals		197,586	90,945
		_	814,465	625,122

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

14 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITES AND CHARGES:

The movements in deferred taxation during the current and previous years are as follows:

years are as ronows.		notes	2004 £	2003 £
At 1 January			8,282	10,996
Release for the year		8	(4,702)	(1,645)
Adjustment relating to	prior year	8	5	(1,069)
At 31 December			3,585	8,282
Full provision for defer	red taxation has been made as follows	s:		
Capital allowances in a	advance of depreciation		6,815	13,382
Other timing difference	•		(3,230)	(5,100)
		_	3,585	8,282
15 SHARE CAPITAL :			2004	2003
			No.	No.
Authorised :	Ordinary shares of £1 each		50,000	50,000
			£	£
Issued:	Allotted, called up and fully paid	_	27,440	27,440

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

16 RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES:

	notes	Share Capital £	Redemp'n Reserve £	Share Premium £	Revalua'n Reserve £	Profit & Loss Account £	Total £
At 1 January 20	03	27,440	3,500	279,180	546,000	2,863,183	3,719,303
Profit for the yea	ar	-	-	-	-	112,344	112,344
At 1 January 200	- 04	27,440	3,500	279,180	546,000	2,975,527	3,831,647
Profit for the yea Dividend paid Revaluation surp		- - -	- - -		- - 172,000	148,412 (100,000) -	148,412 (100,000) 172,000
At 31 December	r 2004	27,440	3,500	279,180	718,000	3,023,939	4,052,059
17 NOTES TO THE a) Reconciliation operating and an experimental exper	on of operatir					2004 £	2003 £
a) Reconciliation	on of operatir ctivities disposal of f ease in stock	ng profit to r ixed assets s	net cash inflo				
a) Reconciliation operating and Operating profit Depreciation Gain on sale on (Increase)/decrease in debracease in	on of operatir ctivities disposal of f ease in stock otors ase) in credit	ng profit to i ixed assets s ors	net cash inflo		-	£ 125,877 128,535 (12,755) (243,022) 96,504	£ 67,087 137,641 (876) 59,551 14,783

880,043

142,397

1,022,440

Cash at bank and in hand

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

18 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS:

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements amounted to £Nil (2003 - £Nil).

19 PENSION COMMITMENTS:

The company has defined contribution pension schemes for its present directors and employees and for employees this operates on the basis of a group personal pension plan. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge for the year in respect of these schemes amounted to:

	2004 £	2003 £
Directors Employees	34,710 49,041	30,338 54,713
	83,751	85,051

No amounts were outstanding in respect of the above pension schemes at the balance sheet date.

20 OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS:

Operating leases

At 31 December 2004, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

	2004 £	Land and buildings 2003 £
Operating leases which expire: In two to five years	19,750	19,750

21 CONTINGENT LIABILITY:

The directors confirm that there are no contingent liabilities at the year end.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2004 (continued)

22 ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY:

In the directors' opinion, the company's immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is GMI Group Limited, a company incorporated in Scotland. Copies of the accounts of GMI Group Limited can be obtained from the registered office of that company.

23 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The directors have taken advantage of the exemptions allowed under FRS 8 relating to subsidiary undertakings.