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CHARTERHOUSE FINANCE CORPORATION LIMITED

REGISTERED NUMBER 19600

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001



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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2001

Principal activities

The Company, throughout the year, acted as an investment company in overseas companies by direct investment or through managed funds. No change in the Company's activities is anticipated.

Results and dividends

The Company made a loss on its ordinary activities before taxation during the year under review of £987,000 (2000: profit of £1,601,000) resulting in a profit on its ordinary activities after taxation for the year of £220,000 (2000: £1,454,000).

An interim dividend of £1,204,308.18 is payable for the year ended 31 December 2001 (2000: £2,200,000).

Review of the business

Following a Management Buy-out of the Company's immediate parent undertaking, Charterhouse Development Capital Holdings Limited, on 19 June 2001, the Company became a direct wholly owned subsidiary of CCF Charterhouse Limited.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year were as follows:

1 K Plant	resigned 20.00.01
A R May	
I C Cotterill	appointed 20.06.01
R W Dix	appointed 20.06.01
S J Glass	appointed 23.08.01
J G Bonnyman	resigned 20.6.01

Directors' interests

As at 31 December 2001, there were no interests in the shares of the Company or in the securities of any other company in the group of which it is a member, required to be disclosed under the Companies Act 1985.

Supplier payment policy

The Company subscribes to the Better Payment Practice Code, the four principles of which are: to agree payment terms at the outset and stick to them; to explain payment procedures to suppliers; to pay bills in accordance with any contract agreed with the supplier or as required by law; and to tell suppliers without delay when an invoice is contested and settle disputes quickly. Copies of, and information about, the Code is available from: The Department of Trade and Industry, No. 1 Victoria Street, London SW1H 0ET.

It is company practice to organise payment to its suppliers through a central purchasing unit operated by HSBC Bank plc, an intermediate parent undertaking. The payment performance of this unit is incorporated within the results of that company.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in relation to financial statements

The Directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for the financial year. The Directors are required to prepare these financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is not appropriate. Since the Directors are satisfied that the Company has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements, the Company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates and that all accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed.

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985.

The Directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Valuation of unlisted investments

The accounting policy of the Company, as highlighted in Note 1 to the Accounts, is to value unlisted investments at the lower of cost and Directors' valuation. At the balance sheet date, the Directors have valued unlisted investments with a carrying value of £10,080,000 (2000: £10,209,000) to be £10,164,000 (2000: £12,275,000).

By order of the board

N S Black Secretary

Date: 27 February 2002

Registered Office: 55 Basinghall Street London EC2V 5HD

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS, KPMG AUDIT PLC, TO THE MEMBERS OF CHARTERHOUSE FINANCE CORPORATION LIMITED

We have audited the accounts on pages 4 to 10

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and, as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and transactions with the Company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs at 31 December 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG Audit Plc

KPML

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor 8 Salisbury Square

Audit Pla

London EC4Y 8BB

27 February 2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2001

Notes	2001 £000	2000 £000
2	(972)	1,101
	(125)	-
	(1,097)	1,101
	-	500
7	71	-
3	39	· -
4	(987)	1,601
5	1,207	(147)
	220	1,454
6	(1,204)	(2,200)
13	(984)	(746)
	7 3 4 5	Notes £000 2 (972) (125) (1,097)

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit and loss account above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no difference between the (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained loss for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The investment income and operating loss of the Company are derived entirely from continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET at 31 December 2001

	Notes	2001 £000	2000 £000
Fixed assets			
Investments in subsidiary undertakings	7	-	200
Other investments	8	10,080	10,209
		10,080	10,409
Current assets			
Taxation recoverable		1,160	-
Deferred taxation recoverable	9	-	31
Cash at bank	10	1,132	-
		2,292	31
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,872)	(1,956)
Net current liabilities		(2,580)	(1,925)
Total assets less current liabilities		7,500	8,484
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	7,500	7,500
Profit and loss account	13		984
Total shareholders' funds	14	7,500	8,484

The financial statements on pages 4 to 10 were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 February 2002 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director

For and on behalf of Charterhouse Finance Corporation Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS at 31 December 2001

1. Accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with accounting standards applicable in the United Kingdom.

The Company is exempt by virtue of s228 of the Companies Act 1985 from the requirement to prepare group accounts. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

(b) Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

(c) Income

Income is accounted for on an accruals basis with the exception of dividends and realisation profits which are credited to income as received.

(d) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the accounting date except for foreign assets financed in sterling which are expressed at the sterling cost of currency used for the purchase. Exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account.

Where foreign currency borrowings are used to provide a hedge against foreign equity investments, exchange gains and losses arising on the foreign exchange borrowings are taken to reserves and offset against exchange differences arising from the re-translation of investments.

(e) Investments

Listed investments are stated individually at the lower of cost and market value unless the Directors consider there has been a permanent diminution in value in which case the investment is stated at cost less amounts written off. Unlisted investments are stated at the lower of cost less amounts written off and Directors' valuation.

(f) Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred taxation on timing differences between profits stated in the financial statements and profits computed for taxation purposes at the rate of taxation expected to be applicable on reversal, where there is a probability that a liability will arise in the foreseeable future.

(g) Turnover

Turnover represents dividends receivable from other investments together with the realisations on the disposal of those investments.

2.	Turnover	2001 £000	2000 £000
	Dividends receivable	147	44
	Profit on disposal of investments	693	2,228
	Loss on disposal of investments	(1,812)	(1,171)
	Charge of provisions		
		(972)	1,101
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS at 31 December 2001 (continued)

3.	Interest receivable and similar income	2001 £000	2000 £000
	Interest receivable on bank deposits with an intermediate		
	Parent undertaking	4	-
	Other	35	
		39	-
4.	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2001 £000	2000 £000
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
	Management fees	119	_
	Exchange loss	6	-
		125	-

Auditors' remuneration has been borne by the immediate parent undertaking. All other administrative expenses have been borne by a fellow subsidiary undertaking.

The Director's emoluments are borne by a fellow subsidiary undertaking and the immediate parent undertaking. It is not practicable to allocate costs to Charterhouse Finance Corporation Limited for the services performed by the Directors in relation to the Company.

5.	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2001 £000	2000 £000
	UK corporation tax @ 30% (2000: 30%) Corporation tax prior year adjustment Deferred taxation	788 466 (31)	(90) 43 (100)
	Less double taxation relief	1,223	(147)
	Overseas tax on dividends received	1,223 (16)	(142)
		1,207	(147)
6.	Equity dividends proposed/paid	2001 £000	2000 £000
	Interim dividend paid £nil per share (2000: 29p per share) Interim dividend proposed of 16p per share (2000: £nil)	(1,204)	(2,200)
		(1,204)	(2,200)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS at 31 December 2001 (continued)

8.

7.	Investment in subsidiary undertakings	Equity £000	Loans £000	Total £000
	At 1 January 2001	40	160	200
	Loan repayment	-	(160)	(160)
	Disposal	(40)	-	(40)
	At 31 December 2001	-		-

Name of Undertaking	Shareholding	Business
	%	
Mezzanine Capital Corporation Limited	100	Dormant

On 19 June 2001, the Company sold its interest in Charterhouse European Managers Limited. The following summarises the profit on sale:

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	2000
Consideration received in cash Cost of investment in subsidiary undertaking	111 (40)
Profit on sale	71

Other investments	Unlisted			
	Ordinary £000	Preference £000	Loans £000	Totals £000
At Cost				
1 January 2001	13,004	287	430	13,721
Additions	1,897	-	-	1,897
Disposals	(859)	-	(10)	(869)
Write-offs	(3,927)	-	-	(3,927)
Foreign exchange	285	8	-	293
31 December 2001	10,400	295	420	11,115
Provisions				
1 January 2001	(2,795)	(287)	(430)	(3,512)
Eliminated on disposal	412	_	10	422
Eliminated on write-off	2,115	_	-	2,115
Foreign exchange	(52)	(8)	-	(60)
31 December 2001	(320)	(295)	(420)	(1,035)
Net book value				
31 December 2001	10,080	-	-	10,080
31 December 2000	10,209		_	10,209

The Directors are of the opinion that the number of undertakings in respect of which the Company is required to disclose information under Schedule 5 of the Companies Act 1985 is such that compliance would result in information of excessive length being given. Full information will be annexed to the Company's next annual return.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS at 31 December 2001 (continued)

9.	Deferred taxation recoverable	2001 £000	2000 £000
	At 1 January 2001 Deferred tax balance released during the year	31 (31)	131 (100)
	At 31 December 2001		31
10.	Cash at bank	2001 £000	2000 £000
	Deposit held with an intermediate parent undertaking	1,132	-
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2001 £000	2000 £000
	Amounts due to a fellow subsidiary undertaking Taxation payable Dividends payable	3,143 525 1,204	1,411 545 -
		4,872	1,956
	Amounts due to the fellow subsidiary undertaking are unsecured, interest free repayment.	and with no fixed	terms of
12.	Share capital	2001 £000	2000 £000
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	7,500,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	7,500	7,500
13.	Profit and loss account	£	
	Balance at 1 January 2001 Retained loss for the year	984 (984)	
	Balance at 31 December 2001	-	
14.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds	£	
	Balance at 1 January 2001 Retained loss for the year	8,484 (984)	
	Shareholder's funds at 31 December 2001	7,500	

15. Capital commitments

The Company had contracted capital commitments in respect of investments amounting to £4,725,161 (2000: £6,104,365).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS at 31 December 2001 (continued)

16. Related party transactions

Under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 Related Party Disclosures the Company is exempt from disclosing transactions with companies 90% or more controlled within the same Group as the consolidated financial statements in which the Company is included are publicly available.

There is a contract in place between the Company and Charterhouse Development Capital Limited ("CDC") which, for the period 19 June 2001 and 31 December 2002, provides for administration and monitoring services to be provided for by CDC to this and other group companies for a payment of £6,500 per month. The condition of the contract is that the services are to be provided for by A R May who is a Director of the Company, no other payment is made to A R May in respect of these services.

17. Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is CCF Charterhouse Limited, which is incorporated in England.

The Company's ultimate controlling party as defined under Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures" (FRS 8) is HSBC Holdings plc, which is incorporated in England. The Company is controlled, as defined in FRS 8, by CCF Charterhouse Limited.

The smallest and largest groups in which the financial statements of the Company are consolidated are Crédit Commercial de France SA and HSBC Holdings plc respectively.

The consolidated financial statements of Crédit Commercial de France SA are available from that company at 103, avenue des Champs-Elysées, 75008, Paris, France.

The consolidated financial statements of HSBC Holdings plc are available to the public and may be obtained from HSBC Holdings plc, Group Corporate Affairs, 10 Lower Thames Street, London, EC3R 6AE.

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