Registered No: SC015262

# McCormick (UK) Limited

# **Report and Financial Statements**

30 November 2019



# **Corporate information**

## **Directors**

C Jinks

L Creighton

J Schwartz

#### **Auditors**

Ernst & Young LLP Apex Plaza, Forbury Road, Reading,

Berkshire RG1 1YE

### **Solicitors**

Baker & McKenzie 100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

### **Bankers**

Royal Bank of Scotland

36 St Andrews Square

Edinburgh

EH2 2YB

Bank Mendes Gens

Herengracht 619

1017 CE Amsterdam

The Netherlands

HSBC

8 Canada Square

Registered No: SC015262

London

E14 5HQ

# **Registered office**

Leven house

10 Lochside Place

Edinburgh Park

Edinburgh

United Kingdom

EH12 9DF

# Strategic report

The directors present their Strategic report for the year ended 30 November 2019.

#### **Review of the business**

The company's principal activities during the year continued to be the manufacturing and packing of food products and the marketing, selling and distribution of these and other products to grocery, catering and other outlets. The company operates in two business segments Consumer and Flavour Solutions. The company's key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

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	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Turnover	284,553	265,520
Operating profit	4,490	248
Profit after tax	9,810	869
Average number of employees	815	706

The 2019 results of the company show improvements in turnover and operating profit due to growth across both Consumer and Flavour Solutions divisions. The Consumer division's main focus was driving the performance of the Schwartz brand during the year. The Flavour Solutions turnover growth was delivered through key customers driven by existing and newly developed products. Both divisions had a continued focus on productivity savings.

In 2019 profit delivery was benefited by favourable movements in commodity costs along with productivity improvements delivered as part of the company's ongoing Comprehensive Continuous Improvement programme. This helped mitigate the impact of foreign exchange and increased operational costs.

The 2019 operating profit includes £608,000 of pension expenses (2018 £2,082,000)

The 2019 profit after tax also includes a receipt of dividend from subsidiary companies of £4,808,000 (2018 £6,404,000).

# Strategic report (continued)

### Principal risks and uncertainties

Principal risks and uncertainties facing the company are broadly grouped as follows:

### Competitive risks

Across Europe and in the UK the company is subject to competition from other major brands and own labelled products and competitive price pressure remains a key risk to the business. The company manages this risk by providing high quality innovative products at a competitive price and by continuing to develop strong long-term relationships with key customers. The company invests in its employees, in its customer relationships and in the brands through robust policies and procedures to ensure high quality products and protect its reputation.

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#### Commodity risks

Purchases of commodities are subject to fluctuation in market price and availability caused by weather, growing, harvesting, governmental actions and other factors beyond the company's control. While future price movements are uncertain the company seeks to mitigate the market price risk in a number of ways, including the use of strategic purchases, customer price adjustments and cost savings from our Comprehensive Continuous Improvement (CCI) program.

#### Legislative risks

The company is required to meet high standards concerning health and safety, employment law and strict legislation relating specifically to the food industry. These standards are subject to continuous revision which management must adhere to in order to ensure compliance with legislation.

Management addresses these risks by continually educating and training those who are responsible for these tasks and by carrying out risk-based audits to assess the effectiveness of the standards in place to comply with the legislation.

#### Financial instruments risks and use of derivatives

As coordinated for the whole McCormick group by the ultimate parent company, the company enters into forward foreign currency contracts to reduce exposure to the variability of foreign exchange rates by fixing the rate of any material foreign currency receipts/payments.

#### Exposure to price, credit and liquidity

With a large proportion of customer pricing fixed in advance, the company is at risk of fluctuating prices for food ingredients.

Credit risk is the risk that one party to the financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The company policies are aimed at minimising such losses and require that credit terms are only granted to customers who satisfy the company's credit worthiness procedures. Credit customers are subject to periodic review to ensure adherence to the company policies.

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The company aims to mitigate liquidity risk by managing its operating cash flow and seeking support from other group members when necessary.

#### UK membership of the European Union

The UK formally left the European Union (EU) on 31 January 2020 and entered a Transition Period until at least 31 December 2020. The scope and impact of any permanent trade agreement between the UK and the EU beyond 31 December 2020 remains uncertain. As the company has significant sales and purchases with several EU countries, management will continue to monitor the on-going permanent trade negotiations to assess potential risks to existing and future operations and adopt appropriate measures to mitigate any risks which are identified.

On behalf of the Board

L Creighton

Land aughts

Date:

28 October 2020

- W.T.K.C.

Director

# **Directors' report**

The Directors present their report for the year ended 30 November 2019

### Directors of the company

The current directors are shown on page 1.

#### **Dividends**

During the year the directors approved a dividend payment of £501,418,000. (2018 - £nil).

The company received dividends from subsidiary companies of £4,808,000 in the year. (2018 £6,404,000)

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### Research and development

Company policy is to invest in product innovation and process improvement at a level designed to enable it to be a market leader in the business in which it competes. It is also company policy to seek out new business opportunities by exploiting its skills and technological base.

#### **Future developments**

The company continues to review its business activities in order to improve profitability despite ongoing challenges to the general economy. This will be achieved through new product development, growth opportunities in existing and developing markets, and through maximising cost efficiencies across existing operations.

#### **Events since the balance sheet date**

On the 2nd December 2019 the company sold its investment in McCormick SA to McCormick Switzerland GmbH for a consideration of £32,814,000.

On the 2nd December 2019 the company sold its Swiss Branch to McCormick Switzerland GmbH for a consideration of £45,761,000 (CHF 58,992,000) the company also transferred the net assets of the Swiss Branch to McCormick Switzerland GmbH for a consideration of £59,000 (CHF 76,000).

As at the date of accounts, the Covid-19 epidemic has had no significant financial impact on the company. The containment measures that came into effect on 23 March 2020 in the UK have mainly affected the Quick Service Restaurants and Foodservice customers operating in the Flavour Solutions division. This has been largely been offset by increases in Consumer demand within the UK. Following the UK Government guidelines all non-production employees have moved to working from home with minimal disruption. The UK production facilities have been operating as required. However, due to the impact for the Flavour Solutions division our Littleborough facility was partially shut down for a short period but is now fully operational. During this period of shut down we successfully utilized the UK government Furlough scheme. Our Procurement team have mitigated risks in the Supply Chain with little or no impact to supplies. Although this epidemic is still evolving the company believes its financial resources are robust and that there will be no significant financial impact on the company in the coming months.

# Financial instruments

The policy on financial instruments is provided in the strategic report on page 3.

### Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, its financial position, financial risk management objectives, details of its financial instruments and derivative activities, and its exposures to price, credit, liquidity and cash flow risk are described in the strategic report on pages 2 to 3.

The company is expected to generate positive cash flows into the foreseeable future. The company participates in the group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with its parent and fellow subsidiaries.

The directors, having assessed the responses of the directors of the company's ultimate parent McCormick & Company, Incorporated to their enquiries, have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern or its ability to continue with the current banking arrangements. McCormick & Company, Incorporated continue to provide parental support to the company. In reaching this conclusion the directors have considered the arrangements that have been put in place to maintain its liquidity position in response to Covid-19 and that the company will have continued access to the cash pooling arrangement within the group.

Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

# **Directors' report (continued)**

### **Directors' liabilities**

During the year, and up to the date of approval of the financial statements, the company had in place third party indemnity provision for the benefit of all the directors of the company subject to the conditions set out in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006.

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# Disabled employees

The company is committed to a policy of equality of opportunity in all its employment practices and to promoting a positive working environment, with dignity for all.

The company gives full consideration to applications from disabled persons where the candidate's particular aptitudes and abilities are consistent with adequately meeting the requirements of the job. Opportunities are available to disabled employees for training, career development and promotion.

Where existing employees become disabled it is the company's policy to provide continuing employment wherever practicable in the same or in an alternative position and to provide appropriate training to achieve this aim.

### **Employee involvement**

The company has continued its policy of providing employees with information on matters of concern to them as employees and has consulted them or their representatives on a regular basis. This has been carried out by management at the company's various locations and by way of company meetings, information bulletins, surveys and conferences. Employees participate directly in the success of the business through the company's profit sharing and share option schemes. All employees' training and development is supported by continuing in-service education, including the opportunity to join cross-functional project teams as part of the 'Multiple Management Board'.

McCormick & Company, Incorporated, and its subsidiaries (the "group"), of which McCormick (UK) Limited is a subsidiary, publishes an annual corporate social responsibility report where detailed companywide employee commitments, initiatives and key performance indicators can be found.

Bullying and harassment are not tolerated at McCormick and the company actively promotes the diversity of its workforce, contractors and suppliers.

### Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the group's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to made himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

### Re-appointment of auditors

In accordance with s.485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution is to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting for reappointment of Ernst & Young LLP as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

L Creighton

Land Cryfts

Director

Date:

28 October 2020

# Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

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In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent auditor's report

# to the members of McCormick (UK) Limited

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of McCormick (UK) Limited for the year ended 30 November 2019 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 25, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of matter – Effects of COVID-19**

We draw attention to Note 24 of the financial statements, which describes the economic and social consequences the company is facing as a result of COVID-19 which is impacting consumer demand, commodity prices, personnel available for work and being able to access offices. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

# Independent auditor's report (continued)

to the members of McCormick (UK) Limited

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

# Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent auditor's report (continued)

to the members of McCormick (UK) Limited

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst + Yours W
Kevin Harkin (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
Reading
30 October 2020
Date

# **Profit and loss account**

for the year ended 30 November 2019

	2010	Restated 2018
Note	2019 £'000	£'000
Turnover 2	284,553	265,520
Cost of sales (	(210,354)	(193,076)
Gross profit	74,199	72,444
Selling and distribution expenses	(38,386)	(36,470)
Administrative expenses	(31,851)	(33,766)
Research and development expenditure 3	(4,768)	(6,462)
Management fee income	6,870	5,749
Share incentive scheme charges 18	(1,574)	(1,247)
	(69,709)	(72,196)
Operating profit 3	4,490	248
Profit on sale of Camp Coffee business	1,980	-
Profit on ordinary activities before investment income, interest and taxation	6,470	248
Income from investments	4,808	6,404
Interest receivable	16,378	1,705
Impairment of investment 11	-	(359)
Interest payable 6	(3,700)	(3,684)
Other finance income 7	608	455
Foreign exchange (expense) / income	(9,824)	2,868
_	8,270	7,389
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	14,740	7,637
Taxation 8	(4,930)	(6,768)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		-
and profit retained for the year	9,810	869

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All of the company's turnover and results for both the year and prior year were generated from continuing activities.

# **Profit and loss account**

for the year ended 30 November 2019

		2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Profit for the year		9,810	869
Remeasurement (loss) / gain recognised on defined pension scheme	20	(11,079)	4,498
Movement on deferred tax related to pension scheme liability	8	1,883	(819)
Total other comprehensive income		(9,196)	3,679
Total comprehensive income for the year		614	4,548

# Statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 30 November 2019

	Called-up share capital	Share premium	Distributable reserves	Retained earnings	Total Equity
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 December 2017	100,010	-	50,000	(12,848)	137,162
New shares issued	5,083	503,294	-	-	508,377
Profit for the year	, <u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	-	869	869
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	3,679	3,679
Share based payments	-	-	-	1,247	1,247
Balance at 30 November 2018	105,093	503,294	50,000	(7,053)	651,334
Profit for the year		-		9,810	9,810
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(9,196)	(9,196)
Transfer of share premium to distributable reserves	-	(503,294)	503,294	-	-
Equity dividends paid	-	_	(501,418)	-	(501,418)
Share based payments	_	-	-	1,574	1,574
Transfer of distributable reserves to retained earnings	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	name territoria.	(51,876)	51,876	
Balance at 30 November 2019	105,093	-	-	47,011	152,104

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# Statement of financial position

At 30 November 2019

		2019	2018
	Note	£'000	£'000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	9	15,172	19,163
Tangible assets	10	54,509	48,243
Investments	11	88,170	89,963
		157,851	157,369
Current assets			
Stocks	12 .	35,158	32,730
Debtors			
Amounts falling due within one year	13	78,970	42,917
Amounts falling due in more than one year	13	4,769	514,194
Total debtors		83,739	557,111
Cash at bank and in hand		2,174	12,695
Total current assets		121,071	602,536
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(83,779)	(76,003)
Net current assets		37,292	526,533
Total assets less current liabilities		195,143	683,902
Creditors: amounts falling due after more			
than one year	15/16	(51,700)	(51,700)
Net assets excluding pension		143,443	632,202
Defined benefit pension asset	20	8,661	19,132
Net assets		152,104	651,334
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital	17	105,093	105,093
Share premium		-	503,294
Distributable reserve		-	50,000
Profit and loss account		47,011	(7,053)
Total equity shareholders' funds		152,104	651,334
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Approved by the Board:

Land Coughts

28 October 2020

L Creighton Director

Date:

# Statement of financial position

At 30 November 2019

### 1. Accounting policies

### Statement of compliance

McCormick UK Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Scotland. The Registered Office is Leven house, 10 Lochside Place, Edinburgh Park, Edinburgh EH12 9DF.

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These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 – the 'Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' ("FRS 102"), and with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Prior year reclassification of selling and marketing expenses

The 2018 profit and loss has been amended to show a reclassification of selling and marketing costs of £25,852,000. The effect of the reclassification is to reduce cost of sales and increase selling and distribution costs. There has been no change in profit on ordinary activities before taxation.

### Basis of preparation and change in accounting policy

The financial statements of McCormick (UK) Limited were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 October 2020.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £'000.

The company is exempt by virtue of Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary and is included by full consolidation in the publicly available consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent company, McCormick & Company, Incorporated, a company incorporated in the USA. Therefore, these financial statements present information about the company and not its group.

The company have also adopted the following reduced disclosure exemptions under FRS102, based on equivalent disclosures being available in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent company:

- The requirements in Section 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and Section 3 "Financial Statement Presentation" paragraph 3.17(d);
- The requirements of Section 11 paragraphs 11.41(b), 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44, 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c) and Section 12 paragraphs 12.26 (in relation to those cross-referenced paragraphs from which a disclosure exemption is available), 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b), and 12.29A
- The requirements of Section 26 "Share-based Payment" paragraphs 26.18(b), 26.19 to 26.21 and 26.23; and
- The requirements of Section 33 "Related Party Disclosures" paragraph 33.1A, the company does not disclose transactions with other wholly-owned fellow group undertakings

### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that the actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effects on amounts recognised in the financial statements;

#### Operating lease commitments

The group has entered into commercial leases as a lessee and obtains the use of property, plant and equipment. The classification of such leases as operating or finance leases requires the group to determine, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, whether it retains or acquires the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these assets and accordingly whether the lease requires an asset and a liability to be recognised in the statement of financial position

at 30 November 2019

# 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

The following are the Company's key sources of estimation uncertainty:

#### Pension benefits

The cost of the defined benefit pension plan is determined using an actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and the long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

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#### Taxation

The company and its parent establish provisions based on reasonable estimates, for the possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience with previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority.

Management estimation is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with an assessment of the effect of future tax planning strategies.

#### Goodwill

The company establishes an estimate of the useful life of goodwill arising on business combinations. This estimate is based on a variety of factors such as the expected useful life of the acquired business, the expected usual life of the cash generating unit and any legal, regulatory or contractual provisions that could limit the useful life and assumptions that market participants would consider in respect of similar businesses.

#### Impairment of investments

Where there are indicators of impairment of individual assets, the company perform impairment tests based on fair value less costs to sell or a value in use calculation. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction on similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flows and the growth rates used for extrapolation purposes.

### Significant accounting policies

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the amount paid on the acquisition of a business and the aggregate fair value of its separable net assets. It is being written off through the profit and loss account in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of ten years. If a subsidiary, associate or business is subsequently sold or discontinued, any goodwill arising on acquisition that has not been amortised through the profit and loss account is taken into account in determining the profit or loss on sale or discontinuance.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists the company estimates recoverable amount of the asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the company estimates, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is impaired and it is reduced to its recoverable amount through an impairment in profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss of a revalued asset is a revaluation decrease.

An impairment loss recognised for all assets, including goodwill, is reversed in a subsequent period if and only if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply.

at 30 November 2019

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Such cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended. Depreciation is provided on all property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land and assets in the course of construction, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life as follows:

**Buildings** 30 - 40 years Plant and machinery 8 years Furniture and fixtures 8 years Computer hardware and software 3 - 5 years 4 years

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight line basis.

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions, as follows:

Raw materials, consumables and goods for resale - purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Work in progress and finished goods

- cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity

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Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and sale.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash in hand in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand.

#### Short-term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in other operating expenses.

#### Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All interest-bearing loans and borrowings which are basic financial instruments are initially recognized at the present value of cash payable (including interest). After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. The effective interest rate amortised is included in interest income in the income statement.

at 30 November 2019

# 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

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#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on dispatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### Interest income

Income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

#### Dividends

Dividend income is recognised when the company's right to receive payment is established.

#### Research and development expenditure

Laboratory buildings and equipment used for research and development are included as property, plant and equipment and written off in accordance with the company's depreciation policy. Other research and development expenditure is written off as it is incurred.

#### Provisions for liabilities

A provision is recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

#### Pension costs

The company operates both a defined benefit pension scheme and a defined contribution pension scheme. The defined benefit scheme was closed to new members in October 2002 from which time membership of a defined contribution plan was made available. The defined benefit scheme closed to future accrual with effect from 31 December 2016, no contributions are payable by the company or employees in respect of benefit accrual. During 2018 a cost of £2,537,000 was recognised in the profit and loss account relating to an estimation of costs associated with the equalisation of the Guaranteed Minimum Pension benefit. Additional company contributions may be required if there are any redundancies or augmentations during the year.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method, which attributes entitlement to benefits to the current period (to determine current service cost) and to the current and prior periods (to determine the present value of defined benefit obligations) and is based on actuarial advice.

The net interest element is determined by multiplying the net defined benefit liability by the discount rate, at the start of the period taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payments. The net interest is recognised in profit or loss as other finance expense.

Re-measurements, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the net defined benefit liability (excluding amounts included in net interest) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods.

The defined net benefit pension liability in the balance sheet comprises the total for the plan of the present value of the defined benefit obligation (using a discount rate based on high quality corporate bonds), less the fair value of plan assets out of which the obligations are to be settled directly. Fair value is based on market price information and in the case of quoted securities is the published bid price.

Contributions to defined contribution schemes are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

at 30 November 2019

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

# Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Share based payments

The company has two types of share based compensation awards – restricted stock units (RSUs) and stock options. The share based payment awards are granted by the ultimate parent company to employees of group members. The company has adopted the reduced disclosure exemption under FRS102, based upon equivalent disclosures being available in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent company. In accordance with the requirements of FRS 102 s.26.16 the company has elected to recognise and measure the share based payment expense on the basis of a reasonable allocation of the expense for the group (an alternative treatment to that set out in paragraphs 26.3 to 26.15 of FRS 102).

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RSUs are valued at the market price of the underlying shares, discounted for foregone dividends, on the date of grant. Substantially all of the RSUs granted vest over a three year term or upon retirement. Stock Options – equity settled transactions

Stock options are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the stock on the date of grant. Substantially all of the options vest rateably over a three-year period or upon retirement and are exercisable over a 10-year period. Upon exercise of the option, shares are issued from the ultimate parent companies authorised and unissued shares.

#### Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income when it is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements, except that:

- Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;
- Where there are differences between amounts that can be deducted for tax for assets (other than
  goodwill) and liabilities compared with the amounts that are recognised for those assets and liabilities
  in a business combination a deferred tax liability / (asset) shall be recognised. The amount attributed
  to goodwill is adjusted by the amount of the deferred tax recognised; and
- Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors
  consider that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or
  other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the entity's functional currency by applying the spot exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

The balance sheet accounts of the company's Swiss registered branch are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the profit and loss accounts are translated using an average rate of exchange for the financial year. The exchange difference arising on the retranslation of opening net assets is taken directly to the profit and loss accounts. All other translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

at 30 November 2019

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Significant accounting policies (continued)

Derivative instruments

The company is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations affecting transactions denominated in foreign currencies. The company uses forward foreign currency contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

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Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The fair value of the forward currency contracts is calculated by reference to current forward exchange contracts with similar maturity profiles.

The company does not undertake any hedge accounting transactions.

# 2. Turnover and segmental analysis

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of goods which fall within the company's ordinary activities, stated net of value added tax.

Company turnover and operating profit derive from the manufacture and distribution of food and other products. The company has operated within two main segments: Consumer (products for the retail market) and Flavour Solutions (products for the food industry and catering). These segmental results have not been disclosed as the directors believe that it would be against the company's commercial interests.

Turnover is analysed as follows: . .

	2019 £'000	2018 £'000
Continuing operations	2 000	2 000
Geographical area by destination:		
United Kingdom	179,464	167,218
Other European countries	90,182	83,385
Rest of world	14,907	14,917
	284,553	265,520
Geographical area by origin:		
United Kingdom	272,342	254,345
Rest of world	12,211	11,175
	284,553	265,520

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# 3. Operating profit

This is stated after chargin	g / (crediting)		
•	·	2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
Research and developme	nt expenditure	4,768	6,462
Depreciation of owned as	ssets (see note 10)	5,680	6,027
Amortisation of goodwill	(see note 9)	3,991	3,991
Total depreciation and an	nortisation charge	9,671	10,018
Auditor's remuneration	- audit of financial statements	179	347
	- audit of subsidiaries and associates	65	65
	- audit of pension schemes	-	11
	- total audit	244	423
	- tax advisory services		
	- other non-audit services	5	5
	- total non-audit services	5	5
·	- total auditor's remuneration	249	428
Operating lease rentals	- land and buildings	1.014	£12
Operating lease relitais	- plant and machinery	1,014	513
	- prant and macrimery	1,076	1,383
Foreign exchange differe	nces	(1,501)	673

Auditor's remuneration of £65,000 (2018: £65,000) attributable to other UK group companies is borne by McCormick (UK) Limited. This amount has not been recharged and is reflected in the company's operating profit for the year.

# 4. Directors' remuneration

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services	1,172	961
Company contributions payable to defined benefit schemes		-
	2019	2018
	No.	No.
Members of defined benefit scheme		-
Members of money purchase pension scheme	1	1

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### 4. Directors' remuneration (continued)

Company contributions payable to defined benefit schemes

Amount of accrued pension at the year end under defined benefit

The company's directors are part of the share option scheme of its ultimate parent company, McCormick & Company, Incorporated, under which options to subscribe for that company's shares have been awarded to senior management.

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	2019 No.	2018 No.
Number of directors who received shares in respect of qualifying services	2	2
Number of directors who exercised options	2	1
The emoluments of one director was paid and accounted for by another M McCormick & Company, Incorporated.	cCormick group	company
The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows:		
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate remuneration	665	520

During the year the highest paid director received shares under the group's long term incentive scheme.

The directors' remuneration relates to their services performed for all UK companies within the McCormick group. The directors' services to other McCormick UK group companies do not occupy a significant amount of their time and are considered to be incidental. As such, the directors do not consider that they have received any remuneration for their services to other McCormick UK group companies for the years ended 30 November 2019 and 30 November 2018.

#### 5. Staff costs

pension schemes

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	51,769	46,467
Social security costs	6,284	4,710
Share incentive scheme charges (see note 18)	1,574	1,247
Defined benefit service cost (see note 20)	-	2,537
Contribution to defined contribution scheme	2,161	2,072
	61,788	57,033

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5.	Staff costs (continued)		
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was made up as follow	vs: 2019	2018
		No.	No.
	Manufacturing	466	372
	Selling and marketing	80	68
	Administration	269	266
	-	815	706
6.	Interest payable		
		2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Interest on bank overdrafts	81	65
	Interest on loan from group undertaking	3,619	3,619
	_	3,700	3,684
_	Other timenes in some ( (summer)		
7.	Other finance income / (expense)	2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Interest income on pension scheme assets	4,519	4,052
	Interest on defined benefit obligation	(3,911)	(3,597)
	Total other finance expense	608	455
8.	Tax on profit on ordinary activities  (a) Tax on profits on ordinary activities		
	The tax charge is made up as follows:		
	•	2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Current tax:	139	108
	UK corporation tax at 19% (2018: 19%) Group relief payable	7,863	7,049
	Foreign taxation	294	351
	Tax (over) / under provided in previous years	(360)	(147)
		7,936	7,361
	Double tax relief	(54)	(51)
	Adjust prior period foreign tax	-	-
	Total current tax	7,882	7,310
	Defendance		
	Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	(2,878)	(694)
	Effect of decreased tax rate on opening position	347	152
	Tax under / (over) provided in previous years	(421)	
	Total deferred tax	(2,952)	(542)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities (note 8(c))	4,930	6,768
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

at 30 November 2019

# 8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

(a) Tax on profits on ordinary activities (continued)		
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Current Tax	7,882	7,310
Deferred tax	(2,952)	(542)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4,930	6,768
(b) Tax included in the statement of total other comprehensive income The tax charge / (credit) is made up as follows:		
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Deferred tax:		
Actuarial loss / (gain) on pension scheme	11,079	(4,498)
Movement on deferred tax related to defined benefit pension liability at year end DT rate	(1,883)	819
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	(1,883)	819

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# (c) Factors affecting the total tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%), The differences are reconciled below:

777 - 4	-1	/ 1'4\	·	as follows:
I De tay	charge /	I Credit I	is made iin	as tuliums.

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	14,740	7,637
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard		
rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%)	2,801	1,451
Fixed asset differences	114	876
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (including goodwill amortisation)	1,298	403
Non taxable income	(1,336)	(1,218)
Amounts (charged) / credited directly to equity or otherwise transferred	-	855
Share scheme adjustments	(1,411)	(886)
R & D expenditure credits	-	(5)
Chargeable (losses) / gains	(2,789)	-
Foreign tax charge	240	300
Group relief claimed	6,392	(1,339)
Deferred tax previously not recognised	-	77
Group relief paid for	-	7,049
Deferred tax movement re shares	-	-
Change in tax laws and rates	357	171
Deferred tax charged to equity	-	(819)
Utilisation of brought forward losses	-	-
Other	45	-
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(781)	(147)
Total tax expenses	4,930	6,768

at 30 November 2019

# 8. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

(d) Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 was enacted in November 2015. A further reduction to 17% from 1 April 2020 was enacted in September 2016.

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(e) Deferred Tax:		
The deferred tax included in the balance sheet is as follows:	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Included in debtors (note 13)	9,640	4,805
	9,640	4,805
Accelerated capital allowances	7,319	7,177
Share-based payments	686	814
Tax losses carried forward	-	-
Capital loss	2,789	
Short term timing differences	318	298
Pension costs	(1,472)	(3,484)
Provision for deferred tax asset	9,640	4,805
At 1 December 2018		4,805
Deferred tax credit in profit and loss account		2,952
Amount credited / (debited) to other comprehensive income		1,883
At 30 November 2019		9,640

The company expects the deferred tax assets to reverse over the next 10 years. The company has losses related to loan relationships totalling £nil (2018 £938,000), capital losses totalling £3,757,000 (2018 £22,143,000) and losses relating to the trade of GG (Europe) Limited of £2,997,000 (2018 £3,295,000) which are not recognised for deferred tax purposes. The deferred tax rate used reflects the rates at which the temporary differences are expected to unwind.

at 30 November 2019

# 9. Intangible fixed assets

	Trademark £'000	Goodwill £'000	Total £'000
Cost:			
At 1 December 2018	830	47,857	48,687
Additions during the year	<del>-</del>		
At 30 November 2019	830	47,857	48,687
Amortisation: At 1 December 2018 Provided during the year	830	28,694 3,991	29,524 3,991
At 30 November 2019	830	32,685	33,515
Net book value: At 30 November 2019	-	15,172	15,172
At 1 December 2018	-	19,163	19,163

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Goodwill arising from the acquisition of the Swiss trade and related assets is being amortised over the directors' estimate of its useful life of 10 years. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of the trade and related assets of R.T. French's Food Company Limited is being amortised over the directors' estimate of its useful life of 10 years.

at 30 November 2019

# 10. Tangible fixed assets

<b>3</b>	Freehold land	Freehold buildings	Leasehold property	Plant, machinery, vehicles and equipment	Assets in the course of construction	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost:	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000	2 000
At 1 December 2018	4,156	20,739	1,954	64,596	7,601	99,046
Disposals	-	-	, -	(1,558)	-	(1,558)
Additions	-	3,082	14	4,524	4,341	11,961
Transfers	-	549	-	2,368	(2,917)	-
At 30 November 2019	4,156	24,370	1,968	69,930	9,025	109,449
Depreciation:						
At 1 December 2018	-	10,055	1,655	39,093	-	50,803
Disposals	-	-	-	(1,543)	-	(1,543)
Provided during the year	-	849	153	4,678	-	5,680
At 30 November 2019	-	10,904	1,808	42,228	-	54,940
Net book value:						
At 30 November 2019	4,156	13,466	160	27,702	9,025	54,509
At 30 November 2018	4,156	10,684	299	25,503	7,601	48,243

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### 11. Investments

	Subsidiaries £'000	Joint venture £'000	Total £'000
At 1 December 2018	89,733	230	89,963
Capital contribution to investee Return of capital contribution Disposal Impairment	(1,793)	6,730 (6,730) -	6,730 (6,730) (1,793)
30 November 2019	87,940	230	88,170

Details of the investments in which the company holds more than 20% of the nominal value of any class of share capital are set out page 27. Unless otherwise shown, the investments are in companies incorporated within the United Kingdom.

During the year the company made a capital contribution to McCormick Kutas Food Service Limited of £6,730,000, disposed of its investment in Noel Holdings Limited and received a return of capital contribution of £6,730,000 from McCormick Kutas Food Service Limited.

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at 30 November 2019

# 11. Investments (continued)

Switzerland GmbH McCormick Kutas Middle

East FZE

Ordinary

50%

Manufacture and

products

distribution of food

The following companies are directly owned by the company:

The following companies a	ie unecity ov		• •		
Name of company	Holding	Proportion held	Nature of business	Incorporated in	A/C'g Date
McCormick South Africa (Pty) Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dry savoury flavourings for the crisp and snack markets	South Africa	30-11
McCormick (Littleborough) Limited	Ordinary	100%	Non-trading	UK	30-11
McCormick Merchandising Services Limited	Ordinary	100%	Provision of merchandising services	UK	30-11
McCormick SA	Ordinary	100%	Distribution of food products	Switzerland	30-11
McCormick Italy Holdings S.r.l	Ordinary	100%	Holding company	Italy	30-11
Botanical Food Company Pty Ltd	Ordinary	100%	Producer and distributor of food products	Australia	30-11
GG (Europe) Limited	Ordinary	100%	Sale of food products	UK	30-11
McCormick Shared Services – EMEA LLC	Ordinary	100%	Business services	Poland	30-11
R.T. French's Food Company Limited	Ordinary	100%	Distribution of food products	UK	31-12
Joint ventures	•				
McCormick Kutas Food Service Limited	Ordinary	50%	Holding company	UK	30-11
The following companies a	re owned thro	ough subsidiary	undertakings:		
Name of company	Holding	Proportion held	Nature of business	Incorporated in	A/C'g Date
Thai Kitchen GmbH	Ordinary	100%	Non-trading	Switzerland	30-11
Drogheria e Alimentari S.p.A	Ordinary	100%	Manufacturing, packaging and selling of food	Italy	30-11
Drogheria e Alimentari France SA	Ordinary	100%	products Manufacturing, packaging and selling of food	France	30-11
Drogheria e Alimentari Deutschland GmbH	Ordinary	100%	products  Manufacturing, packaging  and selling of food	Germany	30-11
			_		
Enrico Giotti S.p.A	Ordinary	100%	products  Manufacturing and selling	Italy	30-11
•	Ordinary	100%	products	Italy	30-11
Enrico Giotti S.p.A  Joint venture  McCormick Kütaş Gida Sanayi Diş Ticaret Anonim Şirket	Ordinary Ordinary	100%	products  Manufacturing and selling	Italy Turkey	30-11 30-11
Joint venture McCormick Kütaş Gida Sanayi Diş Ticaret Anonim	-		products Manufacturing and selling of food products  Manufacturing, packaging and selling of food	•	

30-11

United Arab

**Emirates** 

at 30 November 2019

### 12. Stocks

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Raw materials	14,443	12,056
Work in progress	1,096	1,000
Finished goods	19,619	19,674
	35,158	32,730

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The difference between the purchase price or production cost of goods and their replacement cost is not material.

Stocks recognised as cost of sales for the year ended 30 November 2019 £196,180,000 (2018 £178,745,000).

The stock impairment provisions included in cost of sales for the year ended 30 November 2019 were £2,608,000 (2018 £2,746,000).

#### 13. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	39,101	35,556
Amounts owed by group undertakings	31,788	1,642
Derivative financial instruments	63	537
Other debtors	2,336	2,380
Corporation tax	-	409
Prepayments and accrued income	811	541
Current deferred tax	4,871	1,852
	78,970	42,917
Amounts falling due in more than one year		
Non-current deferred tax	4,769	2,953
Loans to group undertakings	-	511,241
Total debtors	83,739	557,111
	# :## :## :	

The trade debtors provision included in administrative costs for the year ended 30 November 2019 was a release of £182,000 (2018 an increase on provision of £207,000).

On the 31 October 2018 McCormick UK loaned Euros 52 million to McCormick France SAS and Euros 524 million to McCormick France Holdings SAS.

In July 2019 McCormick France Holdings repaid Euros 100 million of its Euro 524 million loan.

In October 2019 McCormick France SAS repaid its loan of Euro 52 million and McCormick France Holdings SAS repaid the balance of its loan Euro 424 million.

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17. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

Ordinary shares of 1p each

14. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
, ,	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Bank overdraft	11,787	147
Trade creditors	34,931	31,153
Derivative financial instruments	648	17
Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,262	18,566
Other taxes and social security	1,478	2,891
Corporation tax	9	-
Accruals and deferred income	23,664	23,229
	83,779	76,003
15. Creditors: amounts falling due in more than one year		
	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Loans from group undertakings (see note 16)	51,700	51,700
16. Loans  Loans repayable, included within long term creditors and all payable to group as follows	undertakings, are	e analysed
46 1010 46	2010	2010
	2019	2018
AT	£'000	£'000
Not wholly repayable within five years:	14 200	14 200
7% unsecured loan repayable on 30 November 2025	14,200	14,200
Not wholly repayable within five years:  7% unsecured loan repayable on 30 November 2025	37,500	37,500
• •		
	51,700	51,700
	51,700	51,7

The company is limited by shares and all of the ordinary shares rank pari passu and no preferential rights have been granted.

2019

No.(000)

10,509,377

2018

No.(000)

10,509,377

2019

£'000

105,093

During 2018 the company issued 508,377,000 new ordinary shares of 1p at a price of £508,377,000.

2018

£'000

105,093

at 30 November 2019

### 18. Share based payment plans

The company has two types of share-based compensation awards: restricted stock units (RSUs) and share options, including grants under an employee stock purchase plan (ESPP). All awards relate to shares of the ultimate parent company, McCormick & Company, Incorporated and are granted and approved by the Board of McCormick & Company Incorporated.

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RSUs are valued at the market price of the underlying stock, discounted by foregone dividends, on the date of grant. Substantially all of the RSUs granted vest over a three-year term or upon retirement.

Stock options are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the stock on the date of the grant. Substantially all of the options vest rateably over a three-year period or upon retirement and are exercisable over a 10-year period.

As a member of a group whose employees are granted a share-based payment award by the ultimate parent company, the company recognises and measures the share-based payment expense on the basis of a reasonable allocation of the expense for the group, the basis of the allocation being the charge recognised under US GAAP in the ultimate parent company's accounts in respect of the employees of the company. The expense recognised for share based payments in respect of employee services received during the year ended 30 November 2019 is £1,574,000 (2018 £1,247,000).

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of McCormick & Company Incorporated. These financial statements are included in the consolidated group financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking which are publicly available.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 share based payment party transactions, Section 26 paragraphs 26.18(b), 26.19 to 26.21 and 26.23 "Share based payments" not to disclose the share based payment arrangements of its ultimate parent company.

### 19. Obligations under lease contracts

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2019		2018	
	Land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000	Land and buildings £'000	Plant and machinery £'000
Operating leases which expire				
Not later than one year	976	1,065	754	992
Later than one year and not later than five years	2,384	1,262	2,434	1,179
Later than five years	-	-	-	-
	3,360	2,327	3,188	2,171

### 20. Pensions

The disclosures below have been prepared for McCormick (UK) Limited (the "Company") in relation to benefits payable from the McCormick (UK) Limited Pension & Life Assurance Scheme (the "Scheme").

The Scheme is a funded scheme of the defined benefit type, providing retirement benefits based on final salary.

Following the actuarial valuation of the scheme as at 31 March 2017, it was agreed that deficit contributions of £2.29m per annum would be paid to the scheme until 31 December 2017. As the Scheme closed to future accrual with effect from 31 December 2016, no contributions are payable by the Company or employees in respect of benefit accrual. Additional Company contributions may be required if there are any redundancies or augmentations during the year.

The valuation used for FRS 102 disclosures has been based on a full assessment of the liabilities of the Scheme as at 31 March 2017, with the results rolled forward in an approximate manner to 30 November 2019 allowing for benefits paid and actual increases to members' benefits over this period. The present

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### 20. Pensions (continued)

values of the defined benefit obligation, the related current service cost and any past service costs were measured using the projected unit credit method.

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The principal assumptions used by the independent qualified actuary to calculate the liabilities under FRS 102 are set out below:

Main financial assumptions	2019 % p.a.	2018 % p.a.
RPI inflation	2.80	3.20
CPI inflation	1.80	2.20
Pension increases:		
-Pre April 1997	0.00	0.00
-April 1997 – April 2006	2.70	3.10
-Post April 2006	2.00	2.10
Discount rate for Scheme liabilities	2.00	3.18
Expected rate of return on Scheme assets*	2.00	3.18

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with FRS102, this assumption is set equal to the discount rate. It will be used in the calculation of the net interest cost item of the profit and loss charge.

#### Mortality assumption

The mortality assumptions are based on standard mortality tables which allow for future mortality improvements.

The assumptions are that a member currently aged 65 will live on average for a further 22 years if they are male and for a further 24 years if they are female.

For a member who retires in 2039 at age 65, the assumptions are that they will live on average for a further 24 years if they are male and for a further 26 years if they are female.

### Sensitivities of assumptions

The table below provides information on the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes to the most significant actuarial assumptions.

The table shows the impact of changes to each assumption in isolation although, in practise, changes to assumptions may occur at the same time and can either offset or compound the overall impact in the defined benefit obligation

These sensitivities have been calculated using the same methodology as used for the main calculations, and there has been no change since the previous period to the method and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis.

Percentage change to defined benefit obligation

Assumption Chang		to assumption		
	Increase by 1% p.a.	Decrease by 1% p.a.		
Discount Rate	-21%	+26%		
Inflation	+13%	-11%		

An increase of one year in the assumed life expectancy of both males and females would increase the defined benefit obligation by 4%.

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# 20. Pensions (continued)

Fair value of assets by class

Equities Bonds Cash Total	Value at 30 November 2019 £'000 80,594 75,494 1,956 ————————————————————————————————————	Value at 30 November 2018 £'000 77,272 65,443 1,607 ————————————————————————————————————
Reconciliation of funded status to balance sheet		
Fair value of scheme assets	Value at 30 November 2019 £'000 158,044	Value at 30 November 2018 £'000 144,322
Present value of funded scheme liabilities	(149,383)	(125,190)
Gross pension asset	8,661	<u>19,132</u>
••• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Changes to the present value of the defined benefit obligation		
Year ending	30 November 2019 £'000	30 November 2018 £'000
Opening defined benefit obligation Current service cost	125,190	133,454
Administration expenses Interest costs	- 3,911	3,597
Contributions by participants Remeasurement (gains) / losses	-	-
Actuarial (gains) / losses on Scheme liabilities in respect of assumptions	26,317	(10,344)
Actuarial (gains) / losses on Scheme liabilities in respect of experience	(395)	324
Net benefits paid out Past service cost Curtailments	(5,640) - -	(4,378) 2,537
Closing defined benefit obligation	149,383	125,190

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# 20. Pensions (continued)

F 000   F 000	Year ending	30 November 2019	30 November 2018
Interest income on scheme assets   4,519   4,052		£'000	£'000
Remeasurement gains / (losses)         Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Contributions by the Company         191           Contributions by participants         -         -           Net benefits paid out         (5,640)         (4,378)           Settlements         -         -           Closing fair value of assets         158,044         144,322           Actual return on scheme assets           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)           Current service cost         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)           Current service cost         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)           Current service cost         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (068)         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (357)           Past service         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (052)         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (088)         \$\frac{1}{2}\$ (000)           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{1}{4}\$ (3	Opening fair value of Scheme assets	144,322	149,979
Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Contributions by the Company         -         191           Contributions by participants         -         -           Net benefits paid out         (5,640)         (4,378)           Settlements         -         -           Closing fair value of assets         158,044         144,322           Actual return on scheme assets           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           f 1000         f 1000         f 1000           Interest income on scheme assets         4,519         4,052           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           Current service cost         -         -           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Anal	Interest income on scheme assets	4,519	4,052
Contributions by the Company Contributions by participants         -         -         191 Contributions by participants         -		14.843	(5,522)
Contributions by participants         (5,640)         (4,378)           Settlements         (5,640)         (4,378)           Closing fair value of assets         158,044         144,322           Actual return on scheme assets           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           £ '000         £ '000         £ '000           Interest income on scheme assets         4,519         4,552           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           Current service cost         -         -           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         -         -           Year ending         £ '000         £ '000           Retu	Contributions by the Company	-	
Net benefits paid out Settlements         (5,640)         (4,378)           Closing fair value of assets         158,044         144,322           Actual return on scheme assets         158,044         144,322           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           F'000         £'000         £'000           Interest income on scheme assets         4,519         4,052           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         -         -           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         £'000         £'000           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Gains / (losses) on assumptions         (26,317)         10,344 <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>		-	-
Settlements         -         -           Closing fair value of assets         158,044         144,322           Actual return on scheme assets         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           Year ending         \$\frac{\frac{\character}{\character}}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Interest income on scheme assets         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Analysis of profit and loss charge         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Current service cost         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Current service cost         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Past service         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Curtailment cost         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{\character}{\character}\$ 000         \$\frac{\character}{\c		(5,640)	(4,378)
Actual return on scheme assets           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018         £'000         £'000           Interest income on scheme assets         4,519         4,052         Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         -         -           Year ending         \$0 November 2019         30 November 2018           £'000         £'000         £'000           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Gains / (losses) on assumptions         (26,317		-	-
Actual return on scheme assets           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018         £'000         £'000           Interest income on scheme assets         4,519         4,052         Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         -         -           Year ending         \$0 November 2019         30 November 2018           £'000         £'000         £'000           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Gains / (losses) on assumptions         (26,317			
Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2019         30 November 2019         5000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'0222         Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)         (1,470)         Analysis of profit and loss charge         \$\frac{1}{2}\$         \$\frac{1}	Closing fair value of assets	158,044	144,322
Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2019         30 November 2019         5000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'000         £'0222         Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)         (1,470)         Analysis of profit and loss charge         \$\frac{1}{2}\$         \$\frac{1}	Actual return on scheme assets		
F 000	Terman return on sevenic assers		
Front   Fron	Year ending	30 November 2019	30 November 2018
Interest income on scheme assets         4,519         4,052           Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Current service cost         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Current service cost         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (608)         (455)           Past service         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (324)           Curtailment cost         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (5,322)           Settlement cost         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (5,322)           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         \$\frac{(608)}{2}\$ (26,317)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)         \$\frac{\pmoderail 0}{2}\$ (000)           Return on scheme ass	Total onomig		= =
Return on scheme assets less interest income         14,843         (5,522)           Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         (1,470)           Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           £'000         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         -         -           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         \$\frac{1}{2} \text{(000}\$         £'000           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{1}{4} \text{,843}\$         (5,522)           Gains / (losses) on assumptions         (26,317)         10,344           Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities         395         (324)	Interest income on scheme assets		
Total return on scheme assets         19,362         (1,470)           Analysis of profit and loss charge         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           Year ending         \$\frac{\pmathbf{E}}{2}000\$         \$\frac{\pmathbf{E}}{2}000\$           Current service cost         \$-         \$-           Administration expenses         \$-         \$-           Net interest cost         \$(608)         \$(455)           Past service         \$-         \$-           Curtailment cost         \$-         \$-           Settlement cost         \$-         \$-           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         \$(608)         \$2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         \$-         \$-           Year ending         \$\frac{\pmathbf{E}}{2}000\$         \$\frac{\pmathbf{E}}{2}000\$           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{1}{4},843\$         \$(5,522)           Gains / (losses) on assumptions         \$(26,317)         \$10,344\$           Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities         \$395\$         \$(324)			
Analysis of profit and loss charge         Year ending       30 November 2019       30 November 2018         £'000       £'000       £'000         Current service cost       -       -         Administration expenses       -       -         Net interest cost       (608)       (455)         Past service       -       2,537         Curtailment cost       -       -         Settlement cost       -       -         Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account       (608)       2,082         Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income       608       2,082         Year ending       30 November 2019       30 November 2018       £'000         Return on scheme assets less interest income       14,843       (5,522)         Gains / (losses) on assumptions       (26,317)       10,344         Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities       395       (324)			
Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           £'000         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         -         -           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082    Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  \$\frac{\pmathrm{f}}{2000}\$ \$\frac{\pmathrm{f}}{2000}	Total return on scheme assets	19,362	(1,470)
Year ending         30 November 2019         30 November 2018           £'000         £'000         £'000           Current service cost         -         -           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082    Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  \$\frac{\pmathrm{f}}{2000}\$ \$\frac{\pmathrm{f}}{2000}			
Current service cost	Analysis of profit and loss charge		
Current service cost         £'000         £'000           Administration expenses         -         -           Net interest cost         (608)         (455)           Past service         -         2,537           Curtailment cost         -         -           Settlement cost         -         -           Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account         (608)         2,082           Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income         \$\frac{\frac{\frac{\text{Comprehensive}}{2019}}{2000}\$         30 November 2019         \$\frac{\frac{\text{Comprehensive}}{2000}\$           Return on scheme assets less interest income         \$\frac{14,843}{2000}\$         (5,522)         \$\frac{10,0344}{2000}\$           Gains / (losses) on assumptions         (26,317)         \$\frac{10,0344}{2000}\$         \$\frac{10,0344}{2000}\$           Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities         395         (324)	Year ending	30 November 2019	30 November 2018
Current service cost Administration expenses Net interest cost Net interest cost Curtailment cost Settlement cost  Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account   Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  Year ending  Return on scheme assets less interest income  14,843 Gi,522) Gains / (losses) on assumptions Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities		£'000	£'000
Administration expenses  Net interest cost Past service Curtailment cost Settlement cost  Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account  Expense / (credit) recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  Year ending  Return on scheme assets less interest income  14,843 Signal (losses) on assumptions Signal (losses) on scheme liabilities  2,082 Signal (losses) on scheme liabilities	Current service cost	-	
Net interest cost Past service Curtailment cost Settlement cost  Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account  Figure 1		-	-
Past service - 2,537 Curtailment cost		(608)	(455)
Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account  Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  Return on scheme assets less interest income  Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities  Settlement cost	Past service	` -	
Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account  Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  Return on scheme assets less interest income  14,843 G5,522) Gains / (losses) on assumptions Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities  30 November 2019 £'000 £'000 14,843 (5,522) 10,344 Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities 395 (324)	Curtailment cost	-	•
Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  Year ending  Return on scheme assets less interest income  Gains / (losses) on assumptions  Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities  30 November 2019  £'000  £'000  (26,317)  10,344  Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities  395  (324)	Settlement cost	-	-
Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income  Year ending  Year ending  Return on scheme assets less interest income  Gains / (losses) on assumptions  Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities  30 November 2019  £'000  £'000  (26,317)  10,344  Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities  395  (324)			
Year ending       30 November 2019       30 November 2018         £'000       £'000         Return on scheme assets less interest income       14,843       (5,522)         Gains / (losses) on assumptions       (26,317)       10,344         Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities       395       (324)	Expense / (credit) recognised in profit and loss account	(608)	2,082
Year ending       30 November 2019       30 November 2018         £'000       £'000         Return on scheme assets less interest income       14,843       (5,522)         Gains / (losses) on assumptions       (26,317)       10,344         Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities       395       (324)			
Return on scheme assets less interest income 14,843 (5,522) Gains / (losses) on assumptions (26,317) 10,344 Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities 395 (324)	Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive income		
Return on scheme assets less interest income 14,843 (5,522) Gains / (losses) on assumptions (26,317) 10,344 Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities 395 (324)	Veer anding	30 November 2010	30 November 2019
Return on scheme assets less interest income 14,843 (5,522) Gains / (losses) on assumptions (26,317) 10,344 Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities 395 (324)	Teat chang		
Gains / (losses) on assumptions (26,317) 10,344 Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities 395 (324)	Return on scheme assets less interest income		
Experience gains / (losses) on scheme liabilities 395 (324)			
Total gain / (loss) (11,079) 4,498	Experience gams (103565) on scheme haomnes	393	(324)
	Total gain / (loss)	(11,079)	4,498

### 21. Guarantees and other financial commitments

In March 2009 the company's immediate parent undertaking, McCormick Europe Limited, committed to guarantee the company's defined benefit pension scheme to a funded level of 105%, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 179 of the Pensions Act 2004.

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#### 22. Financial Instruments

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative financial instruments	63	537
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative financial instruments	(648)	(17)
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Trade debtors	39,101	35,556
Amounts owed by group undertakings	32,245	2,818
Other debtors	2,278	2,380
Loans	-	511,241
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Trade creditors	(34,931)	(31,153)
Amounts owed to group undertakings	(11,262)	(18,566)
Loans	(51,700)	(51,700)

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Derivative financial instruments are used to enhance our ability to manage risk which exist as part of our ongoing business operations. We do not enter into contracts for trading purposes, nor are we a party to any leveraged derivative instrument and all derivatives are designated as hedges. We are not a party to master netting arrangements, and we do not offset the fair value of derivative contracts with the same counterparty in our financial statement disclosures. The use of derivative financial instruments is monitored through regular communication with senior management and the use of written guidelines.

### 23. Related party transactions

During the year, the company entered into the following transactions with its 50% joint ventures, in the ordinary course of the business. Transactions entered into, and trading balances outstanding at 30 November, are as follows:

Related party	Sales to £'000	Purchases from £'000	Amounts owed from £'000	Amounts owed to £'000
McCormick Kütaş Gida Sanayi Diş Ticaret Anonim Şirket				
2019	2,208	1,512	373	309
2018	2,687	1,979	302	352
McCormick Kütaş Switzerland GmbH 2019	_	_	_	_
2018	-	-	-	-
McCormick Middle East FZE				
2019	2,350	18	271	18
2018	2,460	-	251	-

Sales and purchases between related parties are made at normal market prices. Outstanding balances with these related parties are unsecured, interest free and cash settlement is expected in line with standard trade terms.

During the year ended 30 November 2019 the company has not made any provision for doubtful debts (2018 £nil) and no amounts have been written off (2018 £nil) relating to the amounts owed by these related parties.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of McCormick & Company Incorporated. These financial statements are included in the consolidated group financial statements of the ultimate parent undertaking which are publicly available.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 related party transactions, Section 33.1A "Related Party Disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other wholly owned group undertakings.

at 30 November 2019

#### 24. Post balance sheet events

On the 2nd December 2019 the company sold its investment in McCormick SA to McCormick Switzerland GmbH for a consideration of £32,814,000.

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On the 2nd December 2019 the company sold its Swiss Branch to McCormick Switzerland GmbH for a consideration of £45,761,000 (CHF 58,992,000) the company also transferred the net assets of the Swiss Branch to McCormick Switzerland GmbH for a consideration of £59,000 (CHF 76,000).

As at the date of accounts, the Covid-19 epidemic has had no significant financial impact on the company. The containment measures that came into effect on 23 March 2020 in the UK have mainly affected the Quick Service Restaurants and Foodservice customers operating in the Flavour Solutions division. This has been largely been offset by increases in Consumer demand within the UK. Following the UK Government guidelines all non-production employees have moved to working from home with minimal disruption. The UK production facilities have been operating as required. However, due to the impact for the Flavour Solutions division our Littleborough facility was partially shut down for a short period but is now fully operational. During this period of shut down we successfully utilized the UK government Furlough scheme. Our Procurement team have mitigated risks in the Supply Chain with little or no impact to supplies. Although this epidemic is still evolving the company believes its financial resources are robust and that there will be no significant financial impact on the company in the coming months.

# 25. Immediate, ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is McCormick International Holdings, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party remains McCormick & Company, Incorporated, a company incorporated in the USA.

The parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group, of which the company is a member, and for which group financial statements are prepared, is McCormick & Company, Incorporated. Copies of the consolidated financial statements for McCormick & Company, Incorporated are available from its principal place of business at 24 Schilling Road, Suite 1, Hunt Valley, Maryland, MD 21031, USA.