JPSE LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009



CONTENTS

	Page
Independent auditors' report	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Atobievinies culture culture	
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	3 - 5

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO JPSE LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated financial statements set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of JPSE Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Chapter 10 of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the director and auditors

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated financial statements in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements and that the abbreviated financial statements to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated financial statements prepared in accordance with section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

Euran Swift (Sanjar Statutory

Susan Swift (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Saffery Champness

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

15 leptember 2010

Kintail House Beechwood Park Inverness IV2 3BW

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

		2009		2008	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		11,848,616		13,591,903
Investments	2				7,000
			11,848,616		13,598,903
Current assets					
Debtors		8,327,722		6,909,786	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,349		1,204	
		8,329,071		6,910,990	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year		(451,069)		(486,893)	
Net current assets			7,878,002		6,424,097
Total assets less current liabilities			19,726,618		20,023,000
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	3		(400,000)		-
			10.226.619		20,023,000
			19,326,618		=====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		2,262,400		2,262,400
Revaluation reserve			11,323,212		12,085,283
Other reserves			21,578		21,578
Profit and loss account			5,719,428		5,653,739
Shareholders' funds			19,326,618		20,023,000

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board for issue on ...

R P Douglas Miller

Director

Company Registration No. SC13150

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets include investment properties professionally valued by Chartered Surveyors on an existing use open market value basis. Other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

5% to 33 1/3% per annum straight line

Motor vehicles

25% per annum straight line

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is provided only on those investment properties which are leasehold and where the unexpired lease term is less than 20 years.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008), it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 2006 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the director compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

1.4 Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

1.5 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.6 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.7 Group accounts

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiary undertaking comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

2	Fixed assets			
		Tangible	Investments	Total
		assets		
		£	£	£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 January 2009	13,697,207	7,000	13,704,207
	Additions	47,296	-	47,296
	Disposals	(1,796,658)	(7,000)	(1,803,658)
	At 31 December 2009	11,947,845	-	11,947,845
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2009	105,304	-	105,304
	On disposals	(47,487)	-	(47,487)
	Charge for the year	41,412	-	41,412
	At 31 December 2009	99,229		99,229
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2009	11,848,616	-	11,848,616
	At 31 December 2008	13,591,903	7,000	13,598,903

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £1,207 (2008 - £19,939).

3	Share capital	2009 £	2008 £
	Authorised 2,262,400 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2,262,400	2,262,400
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 2,262,400 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2,262,400	2,262,400

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

5 Transactions with directors

The director had an interest free loan during the year. The movement on this loan was as follows:

	Amount outstanding		Maximum
	2009 £	2008 £	in year £
Director's current account (debit bal)	2,497	96	2,914

This amount is included in other debtors.

6 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is Moorfoot Capital Management Limited, a company registered in Scotland.