

CHARLES CONNELL & COMPANY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

Company Registration No. SC005140 (Scotland)



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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	,	144,301		144,301
Investments	7		6,689,555		6,689,555
		•	6,833,856		6,833,856
Current assets		•			
Debtors	10	4,304,530		4,450,722	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,233		762	
		4,306,763		4,451,484	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(45,250)		(8,700)	
Net current assets			4,261,513		4,442,784
Total assets less current liabilities			11,095,369		11,276,640
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(319,810)		(319,810)
Net assets			10,775,559		10,956,830
Capital and reserves				•	
Called up share capital	15		270,965		270,965
Capital redemption reserve			759,225		759,225
Profit and loss reserves			9,745,369		9,926,640
Total equity			10,775,559		10,956,830
- -			=====		

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Charles Connell

Mr Charles Croxton Connell **Director**

Company Registration No. SC005140

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
•	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2020		270,965	759,225	10,048,650	11,078,840
Year ended 31 December 2020: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends		-	- -	(54,269) (67,741)	(54,269) (67,741)
Balance at 31 December 2020		270,965	759,225	9,926,640	10,956,830
Year ended 31 December 2021: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends			-	(113,530) (67,741)	(113,530) (67,741)
Balance at 31 December 2021		270,965	759,225	9,745,369	10,775,559

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Charles Connell & Company (Holdings) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Woodend, Craigallian, Milngavie, Glasgow, G62 8EN.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial assets does not include sahres in subsidiaries.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

1.9 Dividends

Dividends distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was

•		2021 Number	2020 Number
	Directors	3	3
			====
4	Directors' remuneration		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Remuneration for qualifying services	15,000	14,500
	Sums paid to third parties for directors' services	15,000	15,000
		30,000	29,500
	The company classifies the directors as the key management of the company.		
5	Interest payable and similar expenses		
•		2021	2020
		£	£
	Interest on preference shares	19,189	19,189
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6	Tangible fixed assets		Heritable land £
	Cost At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		144,301
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021		-
•	Carrying amount At 31 December 2021		144,301
	At 31 December 2020		144,301
	The carrying value of land and buildings comprises:	202	1 2020 £ £
	Heritable	144,30	
7	Fixed asset investments	202 Notes	:1 2020 £ £
	Investments in subsidiaries	8 6,689,55 ————	
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in group undertakings £
	Cost or valuation At 1 January 2021 & 31 December 2021		6,689,555
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2021		6,689,555
	At 31 December 2020	•	6,689,555
8	Subsidiaries		

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8	Subsidiaries			. (Continued)
	Name of undertaking	Registered office		Class of shares held	% Held Direct
	Charles Connell & Company (Colquhalzie Farms) Limited	Scotland		Ordinary	100.00
	Charles Connell & Company Limited	Scotland		Ordinary	100.00
	Connell Renewables Limited	Scotland		Ordinary	. 100.00
	Connell Ventures Limited	Scotland		Ordinary	100.00
9	Financial instruments				
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Carrying amount of financial asset				
	Debt instruments measured at amort	ised cost		4,302,635 	4,449,065
	Carrying amount of financial liabil	ities			
	Measured at amortised cost			365,060 	328,510
10	Debtors			•	
	•	•		2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one ye	ar:		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertaking	S		4,302,635	4,449,065
	Other debtors			880	798
	Prepayments and accrued income			1,015	859
				4,304,530	4,450,722
11	Creditors: amounts falling due wit	hin one vear			
	·	······ one you.		2021	2020
				£	£
	Other creditors			30,000	_
	Accruals and deferred income			15,250	8,700
				45,250	8,700
					=
12	Creditors: amounts falling due after	er more than one year		2021	2020
			Notes	2021 £	2020 £
	Other borrowings		-13	319,810	319,810
	,				=====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

13	Loans and overdrafts		
		2021 £	2020 £
		•	~
	Redeemable preference shares	319,810	319,810
			====
	Payable after one year	319,810	319,810

14 Deferred taxation

There were no deferred tax movements in the year.

Deferred tax is not recognised in respect of tax losses and other timing differences of £30,000 (2020: £Nil).

15 Share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
54,193 Ordinary shares of £5 each	270,965	270,965

16 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Steven Cunningham BA (Hons) CA. The auditor was Alexander Sloan.

17 Related party transactions

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

Amounts due to and from subsidiaries are interest free and repayable on demand.

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

Amounts due from related parties	2021 £	2020 £
Subsidiary undertakings	4,296,228	4,449,065

Amounts due to and from subsidiaries are interest free and repayable on demand.