Registration number: SC004676 (Scotland)

Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

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Company Information

Directors

P Ekas

R Prince

Company secretary

HaysMacintyre Company Secretaries Limited

Registered office

Holiday Inn

107 Queensferry Road Edinburgh EH4 3HL

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London

United Kingdom

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

The directors present their annual report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal activity

The company continues to act as an investment holding company.

The LRG Group, of which the company is a member, sold 21 hotels during the year and, since the year end, a further 18 hotels along with 5 subsidiaries. The Group is currently marketing its remaining hotels which may result in the disposal of the Group or most of the Group's subsidiaries and operations within the next twelve months.

Future developments

The directors plan to maintain the company's current status for the foreseeable future.

Directors

The directors who served throughout the year were as follows:

P Ekas

R Prince

Business review

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of LRG Holdings Limited.

The balance sheet shows that the company's financial position at the year end is, in both net asset and cash terms, materially consistent with the prior period.

The directors confirm there have been no significant post balance sheet events.

The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the company's activities in the next year.

Small company provisions statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006 including the exemption from preparing a Strategic report.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and appropriate arrangements are being made for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Approved by the Board on 22/6/17 and signed on its behalf by:

R Prince Director

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the financial statements of Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report or from preparing the Strategic Report.

Timothy Steel ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London United Kingdom

Date: 24 /6/15

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £ 000	2013 £ 000
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(6)	(6)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(6)	(6)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4		-
Loss for the financial year	10	(6)	(6)

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above.

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £ 000	2013 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Investments	5	-	-
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	14,022	14,022
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(150)	(144)
Net current assets		13,872	13,878
Total assets less current liabilities		13,872	13,878
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(85)	(85)
Net assets		13,787	13,793
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	9	5,708	5,708
Profit and loss account	10	8,079	8,085
Shareholder's funds	11	13,787	13,793

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements of Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited, (registration number: SC004676) were approved by the Board of Directors on 3.7.6/15..... and signed on its behalf by:

P Ekas Director

R Prince

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention. They have been drawn up to comply with applicable UK accounting standards, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior period.

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from preparing a cash flow statement as 90% or more of the voting rights are held within the group and its ultimate parent publishes consolidated financial statements.

Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not prepared group accounts.

Going concern

The company is part of the LRG Holdings Limited group (the "Group") and the Group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the financial statements of LRG Holdings Limited.

The Group meets its day to day working capital requirements from normal trading activities through its portfolio of hotels. The existing debt facility is secured until 2018, with 100% of the Group's debt being either at a fixed rate, swapped into a fixed rate or capped. The Group's financial forecasts, taking account of the existing loan terms and current trading performance, show that the Group will be able to operate within the level of its current and future facilities and remain in compliance with the terms of its loan agreements.

Since the year end, the Group has agreed to sell 18 hotels and is currently marketing its remaining hotels which may result in the disposal of the Group or most of the Group's subsidiaries and operations within the next twelve months.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least the next twelve months or to the date of disposal should a sale of the company take place. In the event a disposal of the company does take place, although there is inherent uncertainty around a purchaser's future actions, given the underlying profitability of the Group and the value of its assets, the directors believe that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over the ability of the Group and the company to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when there is a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no binding contract to dispose of these assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided on taxable profits at the current rate.

The taxation liabilities of certain group undertakings are reduced wholly or in part by the surrender of losses by fellow group undertakings. The tax benefits arising from group relief are recognised in the financial statements of both the surrendering and recipient companies, being paid at a rate of 21.49% (2013: 23.25%) of the losses surrendered.

Financial instruments

In preparing the financial statements for the past and current period, the company has adopted the presentation paragraph of FRS 25, 'Financial Instruments'. Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 Costs and overheads, less other income

Directors' emoluments for the current and prior period were £nil.

There were no staff employed by the company in either the current or prior period.

Auditor's remuneration of £1,600 (2013: £1,600) has been borne by a fellow group undertaking in both the current and prior period.

3 Interest payable and similar charges

	£ 000	£ 000
Preference share dividends	6	6

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

4 Taxation

Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	2014	2013
•	£ 000	£ 000
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax	-	-
Factors affecting current tax charge for the year		
ractors affecting current tax charge for the year		
The tax on loss on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the stan (2013: higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 21.49		tax in the UK
The differences are reconciled below:		
	2014	2013
<i>,</i>	£ 000	£ 000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

5 Investments

	2014 £	2013 £
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	100	100
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests		
		Subsidiary undertakings £
Cost		

At 31 December 2014	
Net book value	

At 31 December 2014

_	 100
	100

100

100

Details of undertakings

At 31 December 2013

At 1 January 2014

Details of the investments in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

		Proportion of ordinary shares
Subsidiary undertakings	Principal activity	held
LRG IG Limited	Non-trading	100%

The above companies are wholly owned subsidiaries registered in England and Wales.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

6	Debtors: amounts falling due with	in one year			
			,	2014	2013
				£ 000	£ 000
	Amounts owed by group undertaking	gs		14,022	14,022
	There are no specific repayment term	ns and no interest is cha	rged on the balan	ce	
7	Creditors: amounts falling due wit	hin one year			
				2014	2013
				£ 000	£ 000
	Amounts owed to group undertaking	s		150	144
	There are no specific repayment term	ns and no interest is cha	irged on the balan	ce.	
8	Creditors: amounts falling due afte	er more than one year			
				2014	2013
				£ 000	£ 000
	Preference shares			85	85
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid 85	,440 7% cumulative pre	eference shares of	£1 each.	
9	Called-up share capital				
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid s	hares			
			2014		2013
		No.	£	No.	£
	Ordinary shares of £0.10 each	57,075,904	5,707,590	57,075,904	5,707,590

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2014 (continued)

10 Reserves

		Profit and loss account £ 000
At 1 January 2014		8,085
Loss for the year		(6)
At 31 December 2014		8,079
11 Reconciliation of movement in shareholder's funds		
	2014 £ 000	2013 £ 000
Shareholder's funds at 1 January	13,793	13,799
Loss attributable to the members of the company	(6)	(6)
Shareholder's funds at 31 December	13,787	13,793

12 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other members of the group on the basis that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and that the ultimate parent company's accounts are publically available.

13 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company is controlled by LRG Hotels Group (UK) Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is LRG Holdings Limited.

Consolidated financial statements of LRG Holdings Limited are available from: 26 Red Lion Square, London, WC1R 4AG.