Company Registration No. SC004676 (Scotland)

Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited

Report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2010

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Report and financial statements 2010

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Report and financial statements 2010

Officers and professional advisers

Directors

R Prince

P Ekas

Company Secretary

Paul Hastings Administrative Services Limited

Registered Office

Holiday Inn 107 Queensferry Road Edinburgh EH4 3HL

Auditors

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal activities and review of the business

The Company continues to act as an investment holding company.

Future developments

The directors plan to maintain the Company's current status for the foreseeable future.

Results and dividends

The loss after taxation for the year ended 31 December 2010 was £6,000 (2009: £6,000).

The directors do not propose a dividend for this year (2009: £nil).

Directors

The directors who served the Company throughout the year were as follows:

R Prince

P Ekas

Small company provisions

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditors

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the directors' are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors' have taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself
 aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that
 information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and appropriate arrangements are being made for them to be deemed reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

23 MM 2011

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Timothy Steel (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Tim Start

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

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Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(6)	(6)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	(6)	(6)
Retained loss for the financial year		(6)	(6)

The Company did not trade in either the current or prior period.

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than the loss for the year as set out above. Accordingly no statement of recognised gains and losses has been prepared.

Balance sheet 31 December 2010

	Notes	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Fixed assets Investments	5		
Current assets Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	14,022	14,022
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(126)	(120)
Net current assets		13,896	13,902
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(85)	(85)
Net assets		13,811	13,817
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	9	5,708	5,708
Profit and loss account	10	8,103	8,109
Shareholders' funds	10	13,811	13,817

The financial statements of Centre Hotels (Cranston) Limited, (registered number SC004676 (Scotland)) were approved by the Board of Directors on **23** Mey 2011.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

[Name] Director

RORING

P.EKAS

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention. They have been drawn up to comply with applicable UK accounting standards, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior period.

Going concern

The Company is part of the LRG Holdings Limited group ("the Group") and the Group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the financial statements of LRG Holdings Limited.

The Group meets its day to day working capital requirements from normal trading activities through its 61 hotels.

The current economic conditions create uncertainty over the level of demand for the Group's hotels and as a result the directors have considered the ability of the Group to meet its operational and financing obligations over the next twelve months.

In June 2010 agreement was reached with the Group's lenders to extend the maturity of short term senior loans for two years, to 24 May 2012, with a further twelve month extension at the option of the Group and subject to meeting certain tests. At the same time new interest rate swap and cap agreements were entered into to limit the risk of higher interest rates being payable on the group's loans. At the balance sheet date, 82.9% of the debt was fixed or capped to limit the effects of interest rates above 1.9% (2009: 91.4% of the debt was fixed or capped to limit the effects of interest rates above 5.3%).

The Group's financial forecasts, taking account of the revised loan terms and reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the group will be able to operate within the level of its current and future facilities and remain in compliance with the terms of its loan agreements.

The Company is dependent on continuing finance being made available by its parent undertaking to enable it to continue operating and to meet its liabilities as they fall due. The Company is in receipt of a letter from its parent company confirming that it will provide continuing support and the directors have made enquiries to form a reasonable expectation that the parent company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and provide support for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Consolidation

The Company was, at the end of the year, a wholly-owned subsidiary of another Company incorporated in the EEA and in accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, is not required to produce, and has not published, consolidated accounts. These accounts give information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Financial instruments

In preparing the financial statements for the past and current period, the company has adopted the presentation paragraph of FRS, 'Financial Statements'. Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Statement of cash flows

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 1 "Cash Flow Statements" (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its ultimate parent publishes consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided on taxable profits at the current rate.

The taxation liabilities of certain group undertakings are reduced wholly or in part by the surrender of losses by fellow group undertakings. The tax benefits arising from group relief are recognised in the financial statements of both the surrendering and recipient companies, being paid at a rate of 28% of the losses surrendered.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no binding contract to dispose of these assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2. Costs and overheads, less other income

Directors' emoluments for the current and prior period were £nil.

There were no staff employed by the Company in either the current or prior period.

Auditor's remuneration of £1,600 (2009: £1,600) has been borne by a fellow group undertaking in both the current and prior period.

3. Interest payable and similar charges

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Preference dividend	6	6
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
United Kingdom corporation tax at 28% (2009: 28%)		
Adjustment in respect of prior years		
Total current tax		
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities (a) Analysis of charge in the year United Kingdom corporation tax at 28% (2009: 28%) Adjustment in respect of prior years Total current tax	Preference dividend 6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities (a) Analysis of charge in the year 2010 £'000 United Kingdom corporation tax at 28% (2009: 28%) Adjustment in respect of prior years - Total current tax -

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2010

4. Tax on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(6)	(6)
	£,000	£,000
Tax on loss at standard UK rate of 28%	(2)	(2)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2	2
Total current tax		-

5. Investments

Cost at 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010

£100

Details of the principal subsidiary held are given below:

Company

Main activity

Proportion of ordinary shares held

LRG IG Limited

Non-trading

100%

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate value of shares in and amounts owing from the subsidiary undertakings is not less than the aggregate of the amounts at which they are stated in the Company's balance sheet.

6. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	14,022	14,022

There are no specific repayment terms and no interest is charged on the balance.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £'000	£'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	126	120

There are no specific repayment terms and no interest is charged on the balance.

Notes to the accounts Year ended 31 December 2010

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Preference shares	85	85
	Cumulative preference stock		
	Authorised, allotted, called-up and fully paid		
	85,440 7% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	85	85
	·		
9.	Called-up share capital		
		2010	2009
		£'000	£'000
	Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
	57,075,904 ordinary shares of 10p each	5,708	5,708

10. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movement on reserves

	Called-up share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total shareholders' funds £'000
At 1 January 2010	5,708	8,109	13,817
Loss for the year	-	(6)	(6)
At 31 December 2010	5,708	8,103	13,811

11. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions available under FRS 8 "Related Party Transactions", and has not disclosed transactions with group companies on the basis that the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary. In addition, the group accounts in which the Company is included are publicly available.

12. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is LRG Holdings Limited. The immediate parent undertaking is LRG Hotels Group (UK) Limited.

The smallest and largest group of companies for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is LRG Holdings Limited. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of LRG Holdings Limited may be obtained from the registered office located at 10 Bishops Square, 8th Floor, London, El 6EG.