# CRAIGTON COMBINED SECURITIES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2016



# **COHEN ARNOLD**

Chartered Accountants & statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
LONDON
NW11 0PU

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

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# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016**

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2016.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is holding investments. There has been no significant change in the nature of the company's business activities during the year under review, nor is any envisaged in the immediate future.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

B.S.E. Freshwater

L. Stempel

The Articles of Association of the company do not require the directors to retire by rotation. Neither director has a service contract with the company.

The majority of the day-to-day management of the company's operations is carried out by Highdorn Co. Limited. Mr BSE Freshwater is a director of, but has no beneficial interest in the share capital of, Highdorn Co. Limited.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results for the year are set out in the attached profit and loss account and explanatory notes.

The company did not pay a dividend in the year (2015: £nil). The directors do not propose a final dividend for the year (2015: £nil).

# **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **DONATIONS**

During the year the company made no charitable donation nor political contribution.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# **AUDITOR**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors or ....... **DEC. 2016...** and signed on behalf of the board by:

M R M Jenner, F.C.I.S. Company Secretary

Registered office: 50 Lothian Road Festival Square Edinburgh SCOTLAND EH3 9WJ

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CRAIGTON COMBINED SECURITIES LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

We have audited the financial statements of Craigton Combined Securities Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

# SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CRAIGTON COMBINED SECURITIES LIMITED (continued)

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

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Joshua Neumann (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Cohen Arnold Chartered Accountants & statutory auditor

New Burlington House 1075 Finchley Road LONDON NW11 0PU

1 5 DEC 2016

# CRAIGTON COMBINED SECURITIES LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Administrative expenses		(4,393)	(30,636)
OPERATING LOSS	3	(4,393)	(30,636)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5	512 (33)	(39)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(3,914)	(30,675)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	1,000	6,000
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		( <b>2,914</b> )	(24,675)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

# CRAIGTON COMBINED SECURITIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

2	2016	2015
Note	£	£
	(2,914)	(24,675)
	(127,516)	(102,841)
	(130,430)	(127,516)
	Note	Note £ (2,914) (127,516)

# **BALANCE SHEET**

# 31 MARCH 2016

		2016	6	2015	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investments	7		200		200
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8	4,185,653		4,265,370	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,838		5,892	
		4,191,491		4,271,262	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	9	(3,509,834)		(3,586,691)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<del></del>	681,657		684,571
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			681,857		684,771
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		544,415		544,415
Share premium account	11		267,872		267,872
Profit and loss account	11		(130,430)		(127,516)
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			681,857		684,771

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1 5...DEC.2016..., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

B S E Freshwater

Director

Company registration number: SC002284

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 1. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of preparation**

Craigton Combined Securities Limited (the "Company") is a company limited by shares and incorporated in the UK. The Company's principal place of business is Freshwater House, 158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue, London WC2H 8HR. The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling.

The Company is exempt by virtue of s400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles appropriate to a going concern, as the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due, based on the net current asset position of the company and available sources of finance.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2014. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 15.

# Disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, the company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of FRS 102) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding from the beginning to the end of the period;
- Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Key Management Personnel compensation; and
- Basic and Other Financial Instruments.

The Company's parent undertaking, Highdorn Co. Limited, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Highdorn Co. Limited are prepared in accordance with FRS 102 and are available to the public and may be obtained from Freshwater House, 158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue, London WC2H 8HR.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements nor any estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

#### **Taxation**

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Provision is made for consideration payable to or receivable from other group undertakings for the surrender of losses under group relief provisions.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The following timing differences are not provided for: differences between accumulated depreciation and tax allowances for the cost of a fixed asset if and when all conditions for retaining the tax allowances have been met. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is provided in respect of the additional tax that will be paid or avoided on differences between the amount at which an asset (other than goodwill) or liability is recognised in a business combination and the corresponding amount that can be deducted or assessed for tax

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. For investment property that is measured at fair value, deferred tax is provided at the rate and allowances applicable to the sale of the property.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

# **Investments**

Investments are held at cost, less provision for any impairment.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all its financial liabilities.

#### **Basic financial instruments**

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate for a similar debt instrument.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate for a similar debt instrument.

#### **Income and expenses**

Interest receivable and interest payable:

Interest income and interest payable are recognised in the profit and loss account as they accrue, using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or redevelopment of an asset that takes a substantial time to be prepared for use are expensed as incurred.

#### Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in FRS102 in order to dispense with the requirements to disclose transactions with other companies in the Highdorn Co. Limited group.

#### 3. **OPERATING PROFIT**

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging:

•			2016	2015
			£	£
Fees pa	yable for the audit of the financia	ll statements	1,000	27,524

Amounts receivable by the company's auditor in respect of services to the company, other than the audit of the company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of the company's parent undertaking, Highdorn Co. Limited.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# 4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

No salaries or wages have been paid to employees including the directors during the year (2015: £Nil).

# 5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2016	2015
	£	£
Other interest payable and similar charges	33	39

# 6. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

# Major components of tax income

	2016	2015
	£	£
Current tax:		
Consideration receivable for group relief	( <u>1,000</u> )	(6,000)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	(1,000)	(6,000)

All tax is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2015: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 21%).

	2016	2015
	£	£
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3,914)	(30,675)
Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax	(783)	(6,442)
Other differences	(217)	442
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	(1,000)	(6,000)

# Factors that may affect future tax income

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) was substantively enacted on 18 November 2015. A further reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 15 September 2016. This will reduce the Company's future tax charge accordingly.

# 7. INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings
	£ .
Cost At 1 Apr 2015 and 31 Mar 2016	200
Impairment At 1 Apr 2015 and 31 Mar 2016	<del>-</del>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

# Carrying amount At 31 March 2016

200

The shares in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost.

The company wholly owns 100% of the ordinary equity share capital of the following companies, all of whom are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales except for Craigton (Properties) Limited which was incorporated in Scotland:

Craigton (Properties) Limited (Property investment) Cliftvylle Properties Limited (Property investment) Cliftvylle (Hyde Park) Limited (Property investment)\* Cliftvylle (PF) Limited (Dormant)\*

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are made up to 31 March each year.

In the opinion of the directors, the aggregate investment in subsidiary undertakings is worth not less than the amount at which it is stated in the balance sheet.

The company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of its parent undertaking, Highdorn Co. Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, which prepares consolidated financial statements.

#### 8. DEBTORS

	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,184,428	4,259,182
Other debtors	1,225	6,188
	4,185,653	4,265,370

All debtors are payable within one year or are payable on demand. Intra-group loans are interest-free sterling loans repayable on demand.

#### 9. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,484,564	3,558,772
Other creditors	25,270	27,919
	3,509,834	3,586,691

Intra-group loans are interest-free sterling loans repayable on demand.

# 10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

# Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £0.125 each	4,355,322	544,415	4,355,322	544,415

<sup>\*</sup>Indirectly owned

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

#### 11. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Called-up share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Share premium account represents the amount received for the issue of shares, above their nominal value.

Profit and loss account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

#### 12. CHARGES ON ASSETS AND GUARANTEES

The company has given an unlimited guarantee to the bankers of its parent undertaking, Highdorn Co. Limited, in respect of which the amount outstanding at 31 March 2016 was £nil (2015 - £nil).

#### 13. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

The majority of the day-to-day management of the company's operations is carried out by the company's parent undertaking, Highdorn Co. Limited. Mr B S E Freshwater is a director of, but has no beneficial interest in the share capital of, Highdorn Co. Limited.

During the year no charges were payable to Highdorn Co. Limited for these services and no such charges were owing to Highdorn Co. Limited at 31 March 2016.

# 14. PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company is controlled by its parent undertaking, Highdorn Co. Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up is Highdorn Co. Limited.

Copies of financial statements of Highdorn Co. Limited can be obtained from the following address:

Freshwater House, 158-162 Shaftesbury Avenue, London WC2H 8HR.

Highdorn Co. Limited is controlled by the Freshwater family and family interests.

#### 15. TRANSITION TO FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2014.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.