Kashmiri Aroma (S Yorks) LLP

**Filleted Accounts** 

31 July 2022

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Registered number: Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2022		OC429149	
•	Notes	2022	2021
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	85,938	93,813
Current assets			
Stocks		3,540	3,315
Debtors	4	(54,350)	(79,350)
Cash at bank and in hand		19,513	39,488
		(31,297)	(36,547)
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Net current liabilities		(31,297)	(36,547)
Net current habitutes		(31,297)	(30,347)
Total assets less current liabilities		54,641	57,266
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one	year 5	(73,173)	(55,993)
Net (liabilities)/assets attributable to members		(18,532)	1,273
Represented by: Loans and other debts due to members	6	(18,535)	1,271
Members' other interests Members' capital classified as equity		. 3	2
		(18,532)	1,273
Total members' interests  Loans and other debts due to members  Members' other interests	6	(18,535)	1,271

Kashmiri Aroma (S Yorks) LLP

For the year ended 31 July 2022 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs).

(18,532)

1,273

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

These accounts were approved by the members on 5 April 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Mr Imran Khan

Designated member

# Kashmiri Aroma (S Yorks) LLP Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2022

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

## Division of profits

Profits are treated as being available for discretionary division only if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment of the profits of a particular year unless and until the members agree to divide them. Profits are otherwise automatically divided and included under Members' remuneration charged as an expense in the profit and loss account.

#### Taxation

Taxation is not provided for in the accounts as taxation is the personal liability of the members. Any amounts held by the LLP on behalf of members in respect of their tax liabilities are treated as debts due to members.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold improvements 5% Straight line basis
Motor vehicle 25% reducing balance basis
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 15% reducing balance basis

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

## Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

# Kashmiri Aroma (S Yorks) LLP Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2022

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## Members' capital

Members' capital is classified as debt and not equity if there is a contractual obligation for the LLP to repay the capital to members, even if that obligation is conditional.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the LLP's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees			2022 Number	2021 Number
	Average number of persons	employed by the LL	P	16	8
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Leasehold improveme nts	Fixtures and equipments	Motor vehicle	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 August 2021 Additions	40,413	66,785 3,255	2,850 	110,048 3,255
	At 31 July 2022	40,413	70,040	2,850	113,303
	Depreciation				
	At 1 August 2021	2,779	12,543	913	16,235
	Charge for the year	2,021	8,625	484	11,130
	At 31 July 2022	4,800	21,168	1,397	27,365
	Net book value				
	At 31 July 2022	35,613	48,872	1,453	85,938
	At 31 July 2021	37,634	54,242	1,937	93,813

# Kashmiri Aroma (S Yorks) LLP Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2022

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4	Debtors	2022 £	2021 £
	Other debtors	(54,350)	(79,350)
5	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans Other creditors	48,680 24,493 73,173	50,000 5,993 55,993
6	Loans and other debts due to members	2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts due to members in respect of profits	(18,535)	1,271
	Amounts falling due within one year	(18,535)	1,271

Loans and other debts due to members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors in a winding up.

# 7 Other information

Kashmiri Aroma (S Yorks) LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England. Its registered office is:
217 Keighley Road
Bradford
West Yorkshire
BD9 4JR