

Registered number: OC403386

**BUSINESS PRODUCTS GROUP INTERNATIONAL LLP**

**UNAUDITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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**BUSINESS PRODUCTS GROUP INTERNATIONAL LLP**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: OC403386**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016**

	Note	2016 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>		
Tangible assets	4	939
<b>Current assets</b>		
Debtors	5	40,531
Cash at bank and in hand		206,233
		<u>246,764</u>
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	<u>(127,703)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>119,061</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>120,000</u>
Members' capital classified as a liability		<u>120,000</u>
<b>Total members' interests</b>		
Loans and other debts due to members		<u>120,000</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small LLPs regime.

The entity was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008, with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime.

The entity has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small LLPs regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members and were signed on their behalf on 8 September 2017. by:



**B Hayes for**  
**BPGI LLP**  
Designated member

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Business Products Group International LLP has no equity and, in accordance with the provisions contained within the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships", has not presented a Statement of Changes in Equity.

## **BUSINESS PRODUCTS GROUP INTERNATIONAL LLP**

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

#### **1. General information**

Business Products Group International LLP (the "LLP") is a limited liability partnership registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered address of the LLP is Integra House Vaughan Court, Celtic Springs, Newport, NP10 8BD.

#### **2. Accounting policies**

##### **2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period:

##### **2.2 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the LLP and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

###### **Rendering of services**

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the LLP will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

##### **2.3 Tangible assets**

Tangible assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment	- 5 years
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The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## **BUSINESS PRODUCTS GROUP INTERNATIONAL LLP**

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

#### **2. Accounting policies (continued)**

##### **2.4 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

##### **2.5 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

##### **2.6 Financial instruments**

The LLP only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **2.7 Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## BUSINESS PRODUCTS GROUP INTERNATIONAL LLP

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.8 Pensions

###### Defined contribution pension plan

The LLP operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the LLP pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the LLP has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the LLP in independently administered funds.

##### 2.9 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the LLP but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period was 1.

#### 4. Tangible assets

	Computer equipment £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 10 December 2015	-
Additions	955
At 31 December 2016	955
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 10 December 2015	-
Charge for the period	16
At 31 December 2016	16
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2016	939

## **BUSINESS PRODUCTS GROUP INTERNATIONAL LLP**

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

#### **5. Debtors**

	<b>2016 £</b>
Trade debtors	<b>23,652</b>
Other debtors	<b>16,615</b>
Prepayments and accrued income	<b>264</b>
	<b><u>40,531</u></b>

#### **6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2016 £</b>
Trade creditors	<b>3,362</b>
Other taxation and social security	<b>2,775</b>
Other creditors	<b>5,851</b>
Accruals and deferred income	<b>115,715</b>
	<b><u>127,703</u></b>

#### **7. Related party transactions**

During the year the Company paid £28,500 to Integra Business Solutions Ltd, a designated member of the LLP, in relation to service costs for accounting services.

#### **8. Controlling party**

There is not considered to be one controlling party of the LLP.