SELF STORAGE SKEGNESS LLP UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

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COMPANIES HOUSE

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

CONTENTS	PAGE
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2016

		2016		2015
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2		•	
Tangible assets			608	760
				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		-		1,561
Cash at bank and in hand		5,986		<u>2,279</u>
		5,986		3,840
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within o	ne year	1,607		500
NET CURRENT ASSETS		 "	4,379	3,340
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABIL	ITIES		4,987	4,100
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMI	BERS		4,987	4,100
REPRESENTED BY:				
Loans and other debts due to members				
Other amounts	3		4,987	4,100
TOTAL MEMBERS' INTERESTS				
Loans and other debts due to members	3	•	4,987	4,100
Amounts due from members			-	(1,561)
•			4,987	2,539
			<u> </u>	

For the year ended 31 March 2016 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to LLPs by Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 in regard to small LLPs.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 13 April 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

B A Hawkins

3.0. Hus Ku

W E Hawkins

Registered Number: OC394134

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015), and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in July 2014 (SORP 2014).

Turnover

23

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

20% reducing balance

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with FRS 25 (IAS 32) Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation and UITF abstract 39 Members' shares in co-operative entities and similar instruments. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the Profit and Loss Account and are equity appropriations in the Balance Sheet.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the Balance Sheet within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the Profit and Loss Account within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the Balance Sheet within 'Members' other interests'.

2. FIXED ASSETS

			Tangible Assets £
	COST		
	At 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016		800
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 April 2015		. 40
	Charge for year		152
	At 31 March 2016		<u>192</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2016	•	608
	At 31 March 2015		760
3.	LOANS AND OTHER DEBTS DUE TO MEMBERS		
		2016	2015
	Loans from members	£	£
	Amounts owed to members in respect of profits	4,200 787	4,100
	Amounts owed to members in respect of profits		
		4,987	4,100