REGISTERED NUMBER: OC394045

Quadrant Estates LLP Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2017

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

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Members' Report

Year ended 31 March 2017

The members present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the LLP for the year ended 31 March 2017 .

Principal activities

The partnership has been established to hold the shares in Quadrant Development Management Limited

Designated members

The designated members who served the LLP during the year were as follows:

C S Daniel

N R T Gethin

Viscount Newport

G P Tyler

T Pentecost

J Bidwell

The Honorable L V Daniel

T C P Gethin

Policy regarding members' drawings and the subscription and repayment of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members

Members are permitted to make drawings in anticipation of profits which will be allocated to them. The amount of such drawings is set at the beginning of each financial year, taking into account the anticipated cash needs of the LLP.

New members are required to subscribe a minimum level of capital and in subsequent years members are invited to subscribe for further capital, the amounts of which is determined by the performance and seniority of those members. On retirement, capital is repaid to members.

This report was approved by the members on 21 December 2017 and signed on behalf of the members by:

C S Daniel

N R T Gethin

Designated Member

Designated Member

Registered office:

40 Kimbolton Road

Bedford

MK40 2NR

Report to the Members on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Quadrant Estates LLP

Year ended 31 March 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Quadrant Estates LLP for the year ended 31 March 2017, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the LLP's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at: www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html. This report is made solely to the members of Quadrant Estates LLP, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 16 December 2015. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Quadrant Estates LLP and state those matters that we have agreed to state you, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at: www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Quadrant Estates LLP and its members, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Quadrant Estates LLP has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Quadrant Estates LLP. You consider that Quadrant Estates LLP is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year. We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Quadrant Estates LLP. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

COLLETT HULANCE LLP Chartered accountant 40 Kimbolton Road Bedford MK40 2NR 14 December 2017

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

		2017		2016
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Investments	4		5,100	100
Current assets				
Debtors	5	97,794		2,669
Cash at bank and in hand		330		69
		98,124		2,738
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	103,224		2,838
Net current liabilities			5,100	100
Total assets less current liabilities				 -
Represented by: Loans and other debts due to members Other amounts			_	_
Members' other interests				
Other reserves			-	_
Total members' interests				
Amounts due from members			(97,794)	(2,669)
Loans and other debts due to members			_	_
Members' other interests			_	_
			(97,794)	(2,669)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs), the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 21 December 2017, and are signed on their behalf by:

C S Daniel N R T Gethin

Designated Member Designated Member

Registered number: OC394045

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The LLP is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 40 Kimbolton Road, Bedford, MK40 2NR.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in January 2017 (SORP 2017).

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 7.

Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with Section 22 of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships'. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the statement of comprehensive income and are equity appropriations in the statement of financial position.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the statement of comprehensive income within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the statement of financial position within 'Members' other interests'.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the LLP are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the LLP becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Investments

	Shares in group		
	undertakings	other than loans	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 April 2016	100	_	100
Additions	_	5,000	5,000
At 31 March 2017	100	5,000	5,100
Impairment			
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	_	_	_
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2017	100 5	,000 5,100	
At 31 March 2016	100	_ 100	

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital in Quadrant Development Management Limited. The company owns 3.659% in Star City, entertainment and leisure centre, Birmingham.

5. Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other debtors	97,794	2,669
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Other creditors	103,224	2,838

7. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The LLP transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.