

Limited Liability Partnership Registration No. OC385785 (England and Wales)

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP INFORMATION

Designated members	W Conner T Conner
Limited liability partnership number	OC385785
Registered office	1 Fetter Lane London EC4A 1BR
Accountants	M J Bushell Ltd 8 High Street Brentwood Essex CM14 4AB

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

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ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		892		317
Current assets					
Debtors	4	13,588		28,692	
Cash at bank and in hand		17,255		1,929	
		<u>30,843</u>		<u>30,621</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(27,919)</u>		<u>(21,662)</u>	
Net current assets			2,924		8,959
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>3,816</u>		<u>9,276</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(8,804)		-
Net (liabilities)/assets attributable to members			<u>(4,988)</u>		<u>9,276</u>
Represented by:					
Loans and other debts due to members within one year					
Amounts due in respect of profits			(4,988)		9,276
Total members' interests			<u>(4,988)</u>		<u>9,276</u>
Loans and other debts due to members			<u>(4,988)</u>		<u>9,276</u>

The members of the limited liability partnership have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
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For the financial year ended 31 March 2017 the limited liability partnership was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small limited liability partnerships.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act (as applied to limited liability partnerships) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to limited liability partnerships subject to the small limited liability partnerships' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 27 November 2017 and are signed on their behalf by:

W Conner

Designated member

Limited Liability Partnership Registration No. OC385785

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Current financial year	EQUITY		DEBT	TOTAL
	Members' other	Loans and other debts due to	members less any amounts due	MEMBERS'
	interests	members less any amounts due	from members in debtors	INTERESTS
	Other reserves	Other amounts	Total	Total
	£	£	£	2017
				£
Amount due to members		9,276		
Members' interests at 1 April 2016	-	9,276	9,276	9,276
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	71,067	-	-	71,067
Members' interests after profit for the year	71,067	9,276	9,276	80,343
Allocation of profit for the financial year	-	71,067	71,067	71,067
Other divisions of profits	(71,067)	-	-	(71,067)
Drawings	-	(85,331)	(85,331)	(85,331)
Members' interests at 31 March 2017	-	(4,988)	(4,988)	(4,988)
Amounts due to members		(4,988)		
		(4,988)		

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

<i>Prior financial year</i>	EQUITY		DEBT	TOTAL
	Members' other	Loans and other debts due to	members less any amounts due	MEMBERS'
	interests	members less any amounts due	from members in debtors]	INTERESTS
	Other reserves	Other amounts	Total	Total
	£	£	£	2016 £
Amount due to members		4,675		
Members' interests at 1 April 2015	-	4,675	4,675	4,675
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	88,797	-	-	88,797
Members' interests after profit for the year	88,797	4,675	4,675	93,472
Allocation of profit for the financial year	-	88,797	88,797	88,797
Other divisions of profits	(88,797)	-	-	(88,797)
Drawings	-	(84,196)	(84,196)	(84,196)
Members' interests at 31 March 2016	-	9,276	9,276	9,276
Amounts due to members		9,276		
		9,276		

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

Limited liability partnership information

ABC Chambers Solutions LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 1 Fetter Lane, London, EC4A 1BR.

The limited liability partnerships's principal activities are disclosed in the Members' Report.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships" issued in January 2017, together with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the limited liability partnership. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 are the first financial statements of ABC Chambers Solutions LLP prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 April 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts recoverable for the services provided to clients, excluding value added tax, under contractual obligations which are performed gradually over time.

If, at the Balance sheet date, completion of contractual obligations is dependent on external factors (and thus outside the control of the Limited Liability Partnership), then revenue is recognised only when the event occurs. In such cases, costs incurred up to the Balance sheet date are carried forward as work in progress.

1.3 Members' participating interests

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with section 22 of FRS 102. A member's participation rights including amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as liabilities unless the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members, in which case they are classified as equity.

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and, where such an amount relates to current year profits, they are recognised within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense' in arriving at the relevant year's result. Undivided amounts that are classified as equity are shown within 'Members' other interests'. Amounts recoverable from members are presented as debtors and shown as amounts due from members within members' interests.

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Once an unavoidable obligation has been created in favour of members through allocation of profits or other means, any undrawn profits remaining at the reporting date are shown as 'Loans and other debts due to members' to the extent they exceed debts due from a specific member.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% reducing balance
Computer equipment	33.33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the limited liability partnership reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the limited liability partnership estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Financial instruments

The limited liability partnership has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the limited liability partnership's statement of financial position when the limited liability partnership becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the limited liability partnership after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the limited liability partnership are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the limited liability partnership.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the limited liability partnership is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Leases

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average number of persons (excluding members) employed by the partnership during the year was 2 (2016 - 2).

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 April 2016	1,804
Additions	1,074
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2017	2,878
	<hr/>
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2016	1,487
Depreciation charged in the year	499
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2017	1,986
	<hr/>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	892
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2016	317
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4 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	11,610	27,292
Other debtors	1,978	1,400
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	13,588	28,692
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total debtors	13,588	28,692
	<hr/>	<hr/>

ABC CHAMBERS SOLUTIONS LLP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	4,647	4,558
Other taxation and social security	18,116	12,080
Other creditors	5,156	5,024
	<u>27,919</u>	<u>21,662</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	8,804	-
	<u>8,804</u>	<u>-</u>

The long-term loans are secured by personal guarantee given by the members.

7 Loans and other debts due to members

In the event of a winding up the amounts included in "Loans and other debts due to members" will rank equally with unsecured creditors.

8 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the limited liability partnership had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Operating leases which expire:		
Between two and five years	<u>21,468</u>	<u>10,800</u>

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