Jurit LLP

Registered No. OC385560

Information for Filing with the Registrar

31 March 2021

Jurit LLP Balance Sheet Registrar at 31 March 2021

Registered No.	OC385560	Notes	2021	2020
			£	£
Current assets				
Debtors		5	161,404	743,899
Cash at bank and in hand			271,791	423,802
			433,195	1,167,701
Creditors: Amounts fa	lling due within one year	6_	(259,693)	(987,256)
Net current assets			173,502	180,445
Total assets less curre	nt liabilities		173,502	180,445
Provisions for liabiliti	es		(57,638)	(56,346)
Net assets attributable	e to members	_	115,864	124,099
Represented by:				
Loans and other deb	ots due to members		55,864	64,099
Members' other inte	rests			
Members' capital			60,000	60,000
		_	60,000	60,000
		_	115,864	124,099

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime.

For the year ended 31 March 2021 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit)(Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the members have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the members on 31 March 2021

And signed on its behalf by designated member:

R. MARCUS

Designated member

31 March 2021

Jurit LLP Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 31 March 2021

1 General information

Its registered number is: OC385560

Its registered office is:

Ground Floor

Cromwell House

Andover Road

Winchester

SO23 7BT

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting for Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in December 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods:
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Members' remuneration and division of profits

Remuneration is paid to certain members under a contract of employment and is included as an expense in the profit and loss account.

In addition, the LLP agreement provides that fixed amounts, determined for each member each year, be paid to members, irrespective of the profits of the LLP. These amounts are included within members' remuneration charged as an expense.

Profits are treated as being available for discretionary division only if the the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment of the profits of a particular year unless and until the members agree to divide them. Once agreement has been reached to divide the profits, a members' share in the profit or loss for the year is accounted for as an allocation of profits. Unallocated profits and losses remain included within 'other reserves'.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties. When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

Members' Interests

Members' interests are classified as either equity or debt.

Equity interests comprise any capital introduced classified as equity, any unallocated profits, any revaluation reserve and any other reserves.

Loans and other debts due to members comprise any capital introduced but classified as a liability, any loans from members, amounts due to members in respect of allocated profits less drawings and any other amounts that the LLP is contractually obliged to repay to members.

Foreign currencies

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

Transactions in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date the transaction occurred. Monetary items denominated in other currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. all differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items that are measured at historic cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Taxation

Taxation is not provided for in the accounts as taxation is the personal liability of the members. Any amounts held by the LLP on behalf of members in respect of their tax liabilities are treated as debts due to members.

3 Information in relation to members

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
The average number of members during the year:	6	6

4 Employees

Num	ber Numbe	er
The average number of persons employed during the year was:	0	O

2021

Oth an

2020

5 Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	88,843	101,324
Deferred direct costs	36,937	627,105
Other debtors	198	198
Prepayments and accrued income	35,426	15,272
	161,404	743,899

6 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

2020
£
-
938,701
9,873
37,281
1,401
987,256

7 Provisions for liabilities

Other provisions

	provisions	
	£	£
At 1 April 2020	56,346	56,346
Charge for the period	1,292	1,292
At 31 March 2021	57,638	57,638

8 Loans and other debts due to members

	2021	2020
	£	£
Loans from members Amounts due to members in respect of profits	(1,776) 57,640	64,099
, ,	55,864	64,099
Amounts falling due within one year	55,864	
	55,864	64,099

Loans and other debts due to members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors in a winding up.

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