

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP
Members' report and financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Registration Number: OC382076

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Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

Registration number: OC382076

MEMBERS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

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Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

Registration number: OC382076

MEMBERS AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICE PROVIDERS

CONTROLLING MEMBER

Cromwell European Holdings Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

1st Floor
Unit 16
Manor Court Business Park
Scarborough
YO11 3TU

BANKERS

Bank of Scotland
2nd Floor
New Uberior House
11 Earl Grey Street
Edinburgh
EH3 9BN

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

Registration number: OC382076

MEMBERS' REPORT

For the year ended 30 June 2020

The Members present their annual report on the affairs of Cromwell Poland Retail LLP ('the LLP') together with the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020.

MEMBERS

Cromwell European Holdings Limited (Controlling member)
Cromwell Corporation Limited

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The directors of Cromwell European Holdings Limited manage the group's risks at a group level, rather than at an individual business unit level. For this reason the LLP's members believe that a discussion of the LLP's risks would not be appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the LLP. The principal risks and uncertainties of the Cromwell European Holdings Limited group, which include those of the LLP, are discussed in the Report of the Directors and Financial Statements of Cromwell European Holdings Limited which do not form part of this report.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors of Cromwell European Holdings Limited manage the group's operations on a divisional basis. For this reason the LLP's members believe that analysis using key performance indicators of the LLP is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the LLP. The development, performance and position of the Cromwell European Holdings group, which includes the LLP, is discussed in the Report of the Directors and Financial Statements of Cromwell European Holdings Limited which do not form part of this report.

POLICY REGARDING MEMBERS' DRAWINGS AND CAPITAL

The level and timing of drawings is decided by the LLP's Management Board after taking into account the LLP's cash requirements for operating and investment activities. The level of members' capital is determined by the members in accordance with the LLP agreement.

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The members are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations"), requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have prepared the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships, the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the qualifying partnership and of the profit or loss of the qualifying partnership for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the qualifying partnership will continue in business.

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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MEMBERS' REPORTFor the year ended 30 June 2020

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS' RESPONSIBILITIES (CONTINUED)

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the qualifying partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the qualifying partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations.

The members are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the qualifying partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small LLPs.

Approved by the Members
and signed on behalf of the LLP



**Timothy Sewell as Director of
Cromwell European Holdings Limited
Member**

16 December 2020

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

Registration number: OC382076

INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Administrative expenses		-	-
Fair value adjustment on investments		-	155
Profit on disposal of investments		293	-
Operating profit		293	155
Profit before income tax		293	155
Income tax		-	-
Profit for the year		293	155

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

Registration number: OC382076

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Profit for the year	293	155
Other comprehensive income for the year:		
Release of revaluation reserve	(12)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	281	155
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:		
Owners of Cromwell Poland Retail LLP	281	155

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Available for sale reserve €'000	Retained profit €'000	Total equity €'000
Balance as 1 July 2018	12	815	827
Profit for the year	-	155	155
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	155	155
Balance at 30 June 2019	12	970	982
Profit for the year	-	293	293
Other comprehensive income	(12)	-	(12)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(12)	293	281
Balance at 30 June 2020	-	1,263	1,263

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	3	6,991	5,075
Total current assets		6,991	5,075
Non-current assets			
Financial assets	5	-	1,635
Total non-current assets		-	1,635
Total assets		6,991	6,710
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	(99)	(99)
Total current liabilities		(99)	(99)
Non current liabilities			
Members' capital	6	(5,629)	(5,629)
Total non current liabilities		(5,629)	(5,629)
Total liabilities		(5,728)	(5,728)
Net assets		1,263	982
Equity			
Available for sale reserve	8	-	12
Retained profit	7	1,263	970
Total Equity		1,263	982
Total members' interests			
Members' capital	6	5,629	5,629
Available for sale reserve	8	-	12
Retained profit	7	1,263	970
Total members' interests		6,892	6,611

For the financial year in question the Limited Liability Partnership was entitled to exemption under section 479a of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to limited liability partnerships) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of the accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small LLPs regime.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 20 were approved by the Members on 16 December 2020.

Signed on behalf of the Members



**Timothy Sewell as Director of
Cromwell European Holdings Limited
Member**

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

Registration number: OC382076

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash used in operations	1	(1,916)	-
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(1,916)	-
Cash flows from investing activities			
Loans to group companies		-	-
Loan from Group company		-	-
Sale of financial assets		1,916	-
Net cash inflow from investing activities		1,916	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		-	-

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWSFor the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations

	2020	2019
	€'000	€'000
Profit before income tax	293	155
Revaluation of investments	-	(155)
Profit on disposal	<u>(293)</u>	-
	-	-
Increase in trade and other receivables	<u>(1,916)</u>	-
Cash used in operations	<u>(1,916)</u>	-

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the year, unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with European Union ("EU") Endorsed International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), IFRS IC interpretations and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to entities reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the LLP's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed on page 18.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with European Union ("EU") Endorsed International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), IFRS IC interpretations and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to entities reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The LLP is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from preparing consolidated financial statements on the grounds that the results of the LLP and its subsidiaries are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements of Cromwell European Holdings Limited, which is the parent company of the smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up of which the company is a member.

General information

The financial statements are presented in Euros (the LLP's functional currency) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand Euros (€'000) except where otherwise indicated.

The LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in the UK and formed under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The address of its registered office is 1st Floor, Unit 16 Manor Court Business Park, Scarborough, North Yorkshire YO11 3TU.

New and amended standards adopted by the LLP

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019, and have been adopted by the LLP:

- Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based payment' on clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions (effective 1 January 2019)
- Annual Improvements 2015-17, (effective 1 January 2019)
- Amendments to IAS 28, 'Investments in associates' on long term interests in associates and joint ventures (effective 1 January 2019)
- IFRS 16 'Leases' (effective 1 January 2019)
- IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments' (effective 1 January 2019)

The impact of these standards is not material.

There has been no restatement of comparative periods as a result of adopting the new standards.

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Future accounting developments

A number of amendments and improvements to accounting standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) with an effective date after 1 July 2020. They do not impact these financial statements.

Going concern

After making enquiries, the members have a reasonable expectation that the LLP has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the report and financial statements.

1.2 Summary of other significant accounting policies

(a) Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the spot exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Euros, which is the LLP's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the income statement within 'finance income or finance cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within 'administrative expenses'.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as available-for-sale are included in the available-for-sale reserve in equity.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.2 Summary of other significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial assets and liabilities

Classification

The LLP classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

- i) **Loans and receivables**
Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets.
- ii) **Available-for-sale financial assets**
Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the LLP commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the LLP has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets are held at fair value.

(c) Impairment of financial assets

The LLP assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.2 Summary of other significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Investments in launched funds

The LLP's minority interests in launched property funds are accounted for as available for sale financial assets. Minority interests are not more than 10%.

Available for sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as such or are not classified as any other type of financial asset. After initial recognition available for sale financial assets are measured at fair value, where it can be reliably measured, with gains or losses being recognised as a separate component of equity (available for sale reserve) until the investment is derecognised or until the investment is determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the income statement.

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised directly in equity and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity shall be removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss even though the financial asset has not been derecognised.

(e) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any provision for impairment. The general credit terms are 30 days.

Provisions are made when there is objective evidence that the LLP will not be able to recover balances in full. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against an allowance amount.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the LLP statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash at bank, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(g) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(h) Financial instruments and derivatives

The LLP recognises financial instruments when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual right to receive the cash flows expires or it has transferred the financial asset and the economic benefit of the cash flows. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial instruments are used to support the Group's operations. Interest is charged to the income statement as incurred or earned. Issue costs for instruments subsequently recorded at amortised cost are netted against the fair value of the related debt instruments on initial recognition and are charged to the income statement over the term of the relevant facility.

Financial instruments are recorded initially at fair value. Subsequent measurement depends on the designation of the instrument, as follows:

- a) Financial assets/liabilities held for short term gain, including derivatives other than hedging instruments, are measured at fair value and movements in fair value are credited/ charged to the income statement in the period.
- b) Loans and receivables/payables and non-derivative financial assets/ liabilities with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are measured at amortised cost. These are included in current assets/liabilities except for instruments that mature after more than 12 months which are included in non-current assets/liabilities.

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.2 Summary of other significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Financial instruments and derivatives (continued)

c) Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period. Impairments of available for sale financial assets are charged to the income statement in the year. Reversals of impairments of debt instruments are credited to the income statement whereas reversals of impairments of equity instruments are credited to other comprehensive income within the revaluation reserve.

Non-monetary assets that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in the income statement, any exchange component of that gain or loss should also be recognised in the income statement. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised directly in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss should also be recognised in other comprehensive income.

(i) Interest bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses arising on the repurchase, settlement or otherwise cancellation of such liabilities are recognised respectively in finance revenue and finance costs in the Group income statement. An interest bearing loan or borrowing is derecognised when the obligations under the liability are cancelled or expire.

(j) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, do not qualify as trading assets and have not been designated as either fair value through profit or loss or available for sale. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in income when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

A loan or receivable is derecognised upon receipt of cash or where the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. The Group must assess at each statement of financial position date whether there is any objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred. If there is objective evidence the loss must be recognised in the Group income statement. The amount of the loss is determined by looking at the carrying value and comparing it with the present value of the future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate.

(k) Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the LLP and the revenue can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received excluding VAT. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

(i) Finance income

Finance income includes bank interest receivable. Finance income is recognised on an accruals basis.

(ii) Dividend income

Dividend income (profit shares from investments in launched funds) is recognised when the LLP's right to receive payment is established. This is recognised within revenue within the income statement.

(l) Income taxes

Under the terms of the LLP Deed, except as otherwise determined by the Designated Members, no provision or retention shall be made by the LLP in respect of a member's individual tax liability (if any) in respect of its share of the profits. The LLP is not taxed as a corporate entity.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.2 Summary of other significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) Fair value estimation

Fair value estimation under IFRS 13 requires the LLP to classify for disclosure purposes fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements on its financial assets. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:-

Level (1) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level (2) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)

Level (3) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

The fair value of assets of financial assets is determined by using valuation techniques.

(n) Members' capital

The level and timing of drawings is decided by the LLP's Management Board after taking into account the LLP's cash requirements for operating and investment activities. The level of Members' capital is determined by the members in accordance with the LLP agreement.

(o) Reserves

Available for sale reserve

The balance classified as available for sale reserve represents the difference between the fair value of available for sale assets and their historic cost.

1.3 Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Many of the amounts included in the financial statements involve the use of judgement and/or estimation. These judgements and estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances, having regard to previous experience, but actual results may differ from the amounts included in the financial statements.

Management has considered the key sources of estimation uncertainty in arriving at the financial statements as follows:

Estimation of fair value of other investments

The fair value of other investments reflects the Group's share of the underlying net asset value ("NAV") of the funds. The most significant attribute contributing towards the NAV of the fund is the value of the investment property within the fund. The fair value of investment property reflects amongst other things, rental income from current leases, assumptions about rental income for future leases and the possible outcome of planning applications, in the light of current market conditions.

2. Employees

The LLP had no employees during the current year or prior year. During the current year and prior year the company paid €nil in relation to the remuneration of employees of fellow group companies.

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

3. Trade and other receivables

	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Amounts due from group companies	6,991	5,075
	6,991	5,075

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivables as disclosed in above. All amounts due from group undertakings are interest free, carry no security and are repayable on demand

4. Investments**Shares in Group undertakings**

	2020 €	2019 €
Cost	1	1
Accumulated impairment	-	-
Net book amount	1	1

The subsidiaries are shown below:

Subsidiaries	Country of Incorporation	Holding	Principal activities	Type of share
Cromwell Poland Retail UK Limited (*)	England	100%	Holding company	Ordinary

Only companies denoted (*) are directly held by Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

In the opinion of the Members, the aggregate value of the LLP's investments is not less than the amount at which they are stated in the financial statements.

The table below sets out the registered office for all above subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries	Registered office
Cromwell Poland Retail UK Limited	1st Floor, Unit 16 Manor Court Business Park, Scarborough, North Yorkshire YO11 3TU

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

5. Financial assets

	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Non-current		
Unlisted securities		
Equity securities – co-investment in property fund	-	1,635

At the prior year end the LLP held a co-investment in Next Real Estate Polish Retail Sarl, a property fund. The carrying value of the investment held at the prior year end was €1,635,000. The investment was sold in the period, generating proceeds of €1,916,000 and a profit of €281,000.

At the prior year end the LLP calculated the fair value of this co-investment based on the equity proportion held, and the total net asset fair value of the fund. The fund has an annual audit and where its year end is non-coterminous the net asset value is calculated based on financial information as at 30 June. The fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2019 was level 3.

6. Members' capital

	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Balance at start of year	5,629	5,629
Balance at end of year	5,629	5,629

7. Total Members' interests

	Members' capital €'000	Available for sale reserve €'000	Retained profit €'000	Total Members' interests €'000
At 1 July 2018	5,629	12	815	6,376
Movement in the year	-	-	155	80
Balance at 30 June 2019	5,629	12	970	6,611
Movement in the year	-	(12)	293	281
Balance at 30 June 2020	5,629	-	1,263	6,892

8. Reserves

	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Available for sale reserve		
Balance at start of year	12	12
Revaluation movement during the year	(12)	-
Balance at end of year	-	12

The balance classified as revaluation reserve represented the difference between the fair value of available for sale assets and their historic cost. The reserve was released in the year on the sale of the LLP's available for sale asset.

9. Trade and other payables

	2020 €'000	2019 €'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	99	99
	99	99

All amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free, carry no security and are repayable on demand.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTSFor the year ended 30 June 2020

10. Related party transactions**(a) Transactions with related parties**

The following transactions occurred with related parties:

Amounts owed (to)/by group undertakings

Amounts owed (to)/by group undertakings at the reporting date are as follows:

	2020	2019
	€'000	€'000
Cromwell Poland Retail UK Limited	6,991	5,075
Cromwell Europe Limited	(99)	(99)
Balance at end of year	6,892	4,976

All amounts owed by/ (to) group undertakings are interest free, carry no security and are repayable on demand.

(b) Controlling entity

The immediate parent entity is Cromwell European Holdings Limited, a UK company. The ultimate parent entity is Cromwell Corporation Limited, an Australian entity.

Cromwell European Holdings Limited, a UK entity, is the parent of the smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up of which the limited partnership is a member. Copies of Cromwell European Holdings Limited's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from 1st Floor, Unit 16 Manor Court Business Park, Scarborough YO11 3TU.

Cromwell Corporation Limited is the parent of the largest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up of which the Partnership is a member. Copies of Cromwell Property Group's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Level 19, 200 Mary Street, Brisbane QLD 4000, Australia.

11. Contingent liabilities

The LLP had no contingent liabilities at 30 June 2020 or 30 June 2019.

Cromwell Poland Retail LLP

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2020

12. Financial risk management

The LLP's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The LLP's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the LLP's financial performance. The LLP uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury function on a Group-wide basis for Cromwell European Holdings Limited group under policies approved by the Board of Directors of Cromwell European Holdings Limited. The central treasury function identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks. The group has approved written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity.

Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a Group basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks, as well as exposure to outstanding receivables. The Group's policy is to manage credit exposure to trading counterparties within defined trading limits. All of the Group's significant counterparties are assigned internal credit limits.

Liquidity risk

The Group is subject to the risk that it will not have sufficient borrowing facilities to fund its existing business and its future plan for growth. The Group manages its liquidity requirements with the use of both short and long-term cash flow forecasts. These forecasts are supplemented by a financial headroom position which is used to demonstrate funding adequacy for at least a 12 month period.

The Group's main sources of liquidity are its property and fund management businesses. Cash generation by this business is dependent upon the reliability of rental income.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the central treasury function aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

Foreign exchange risk

The LLP is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency fluctuations on certain balances owed (to)/by group companies which are not denominated in Euros. The LLP does not specifically hedge this exposure.

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for Members and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital and to ensure financial covenants contained in the bank facility agreements are met throughout the year.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Members may introduce or withdraw capital.