In accordance with Rule 18.7 of the Insolvency (England & Wales) Rules 2016 and Sections 92A, 104A and 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986.

LIQ03 Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up



WEDNESDAY



A07

21/03/2018 #25 COMPANIES HOUSE

1	Company details		
Company number	O C 3 7 5 5 7 3 '	→ Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in	
Company name in full	CORDING GERMANY LLP '	bold black capitals.	
2	Liquidator's name		
Full forename(s)	Andrew		
Surname	Tate		
3	Liquidator's address		
Building name/number	Montague Place		
Street	Quayside		
Post town	Chatham Maritime		
County/Region	Kent	_	
Postcode	ME4QU		
Country		_	
4	Liquidator's name •	·	
Full forename(s)	Maxine	Other liquidator Use this section to tell us about	
Surname	Reid	another liquidator.	
5	Liquidator's address 🛮	·*	
Building name/number	Compass House	Other liquidator	
Street	45 Gildredge Road	 Use this section to tell us about another liquidator. 	
Post town	Eastbourne		
County/Region	East Sussex		
Postcode	B N 2 1 4 R Y		
Country			

LIQ03 Notice of progress report in voluntary winding up

6	Period of progress report		
From date	d		
To date			
7	Progress report		
	☑ The progress report is attached		
8	Sign and date		
Liquidator's signature			
	× // / ×		
Signature date	0 7 0 3 72 0 1 8		

Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name	Andrew Tate		
Company name	Kreston Reeves LLP		
Address	Montague Place		
	Quayside		
Post town	Chatham Maritime		
County/Region	Kent		
Postcode	M E 4 4 Q U		
Country			
DX			
Telephone	01634 899800		

✓ Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- ☐ The company name and number match the information held on the public Register.
- ☐ You have attached the required documents.
- $\hfill \square$ You have signed the form.

Important information

All information on this form will appear on the public record.

■ Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the address below:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.

Further information

For further information please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

CORDING GERMANY LLP (In Liquidation) Joint Liquidators' Summary of Receipts & Payments

Declaration of Solvency £		From 25/01/2017 To 24/01/2018 £	From 25/01/2017 To 24/01/2018 £
		NIL	NIL
REPRESE	ENTED BY		
			NIL
Note:		1	
		-/NE	Andrew Tate

Joint Liquidator

CORDING GERMANY LLP In Liquidation

Liquidators First Progress Report to Members

Dated: 20 February 2018



CORDING GERMANY LLP - IN LIQUIDATION

LIQUIDATORS FIRST REPORT TO MEMBERS DATED 20 FEBRUARY 2018

REPORT TO ALL KNOWN MEMBERS

I am reporting on the progress made in the above partnership's liquidation since my appointment as Joint Liquidator on 25 January 2017.

This report will give an account of my acts and dealings and of the conduct of the winding up for the period from my appointment to 24 January 2018 and should be read in conjunction with any previous reports and correspondence. I can advise that any references to 'the period covered by this report', refer specifically to the period 25 January 2017 to 24 January 2018 ("the anniversary period").

The contents of this report are detailed as follows:

- 1. Asset realisations and liquidators actions.
- 2. Liabilities and shareholder distributions,
- 3. Receipts and Payments account,
- 4. Pre Appointment remuneration,
- 5. Liquidators remuneration,
- 6. Liquidators expenses,
- 7. Matters preventing closure,
- 8. Further Information.
- 9. Summary.
- 1. Receipts and payments account,
- 2. Statutory Information,
- 3. Routine work summary,
- 4. Details of my firm's charge out rates and disbursement policy.

ASSET REALISATIONS & LIQUIDATORS ACTIONS SINCE APPOINTMENT

As the partnership was no longer a trading entity there were no assets to realise. I have liaised with the partnership's accountants to ensure that he partnership's tax affairs are finalised. HM Revenue & Customs have confirmed that they have no claim against the partnership.

Routine Work

There is certain work that I am required by the insolvency legislation to undertake in connection with the liquidation that provides no financial benefit for the creditors. A description of the routine work undertaken since my appointment as Liquidator is enclosed with this report.

LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS

As the partnership was no longer a trading entity, there were no liabilities to settle.

RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS ACCOUNT

My receipts and payments account covering the period from the date of my appointment to the anniversary is enclosed with this report.

There are no funds being held by the liquidator.

PRE APPOINTMENT AND LIQUIDATORS REMUNERATION

My pre and post appointment remuneration was previously authorised by members at a meeting held on 25 January 2017 on a fixed fee basis of £3,500 including disbursements and VAT.

I have drawn fees £2,569.45 to the date of this report, which have been paid by a third party.

A copy of 'A Members Guide to Liquidators' Fees' together with an explanatory note which shows my firms fee policy are available at the link http://www.krestonreeves.com/creditor-information.

LIQUIDATOR'S EXPENSES

In the whole of the Liquidation I have incurred total expenses of £246.50, no estimate was provided to members prior to the liquidation.

I have drawn £347.22 to date.

MATTERS PREVENTING CLOSURE

There remain certain matters to be resolved in relation to the following before this case can be closed:

Final account to be prepared and issued to members.

FURTHER INFORMATION

A Member may, with the permission of the court or with at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at general meetings of the partnership request further details of the Joint Liquidators' remuneration and expenses, within 21 days of receipt of this report.

A Member may, with the permission of the court or with at least 10% of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at general meetings of the partnership, apply to Court to challenge the amount of remuneration charged by the Joint Liquidators as being excessive, and/or the basis of the Joint Liquidators' remuneration, and/or the amount of the expenses incurred as being excessive, within 8 weeks of their receipt of this report.

To comply with the Provision of Services Regulations, some general information about Kreston Reeves LLP can be found at http://www.krestonreeves.com/creditor-information.

SUMMARY

The liquidation will remain open until the matters referred to above have been fully resolved and based upon current information, I estimate that the liquidation should be concluded within 3 of months and once resolved the Liquidation will be finalised and our files will be closed.

I trust that this is in order however should you require any further information please do not hesitate to contact Holly Fincham who is assisting me with this matter either via email at Holly.Fincham@krestonreeves.com or by telephone on 01634 899832.

Yours faithfully

Andrew Tate

Joint Liquidator

Andrew Tate is licensed in the United Kingdom to act as an insolvency practitioner by the The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales Maxine Reid is licensed in the United Kingdom to act as an insolvency practitioner by the The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales

CORDING GERMANY LLP (In Liquidation)

Joint Liquidators' Summary of Receipts and Payments To 24 January 2018

RECEIPTS	Declaration of Solvency (£)	Total (£)
PAYMENTS		0.00
		0.00
Net Receipts/(Payments)		0.00
MADE UP AS FOLLOWS		
Note - VAT is not recoverable.		0.00

CORDING GERMANY LLP - IN LIQUIDATION

STATUTORY INFORMATION

CORDING GERMANY LLP
Compass House, 45 Gildredge Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex, BN21 4RY
Third Floor, 24 Chiswell Street, London, EC1Y 4YX
OC375573
Andrew Tate and Maxine Reid
Compass House, 45 Gildredge Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex, BN21 4RY
25 January 2017
No changes have made within the period covered by this report.

CORDING GERMANY LLP - IN LIQUIDATION

ROUTINE WORK SUMMARY

1. Administration

- Case planning devising an appropriate strategy for dealing with the case and giving instructions to the staff to undertake the work on the case.
- · Setting up physical/electronic case files.
- · Setting up the case on the practice's electronic case management system and entering data.
- Issuing the statutory notifications to creditors and other required on appointment as office holder, including gazetting the office holder's appointment.
- · Obtaining a specific penalty bond.
- Convening and holding general meetings of creditors and members (as applicable).
- Dealing with all routine correspondence and emails relating to the case.
- Reviewing the adequacy of the specific penalty bond on a quarterly basis.
- Undertaking periodic reviews of the progress of the case.
- Overseeing and controlling the work done on the case by case administrators.
- Preparing, reviewing and issuing annual progress reports to creditors and members.
- · Filing returns at Companies House.
- · Preparing and filing VAT returns.
- · Preparing and filing Corporation Tax returns.

PRACTICE FEE RECOVERY POLICY FOR KRESTON REEVES LLP RESTRUCTURING AND RECOVERY

INTRODUCTION

The insolvency legislation was changed in October 2015, with one or two exceptions, for insolvency appointments made from that time. This sheet explains how we intend to apply the alternative fee bases allowed by the legislation when acting as office holder in insolvency appointments. The legislation allows different fee bases to be used for different tasks within the same appointment. The fee basis, or combination of bases, set for a particular appointment is/are subject to approval, generally by a committee if one is appointed by the creditors, failing which the creditors in general meeting, or the Court.

Further information about creditors' rights can be obtained by visiting the creditors' information micro-site published by the Association of Business Recovery Professionals (R3) at http://www.creditorinsolvencyguide.co.uk/. Details about how an office holder's fees may be approved for each case type are available in a series of guides issued with Statement of Insolvency Practice 9 (SIP 9) and can be accessed at http://www.krestonreeves.com/creditor-information. Alternatively a hard copy may be requested from my office. Please note that we have provided further details in this policy document.

Once the basis of the office holder's remuneration has been approved, a periodic report will be provided to any committee and also to each creditor. The report will provide a breakdown of the remuneration drawn. If approval has been obtained for remuneration on a time costs basis, i.e. by reference to time properly spent by members of staff of the practice at our standard charge out rates, the time incurred will also be disclosed, whether drawn or not, together with the average, or "blended" rates of such costs. Under the legislation, any such report must disclose how creditors can seek further information and challenge the basis on which the fees are calculated and the level of fees drawn in the period of the report. Once the time to challenge the office holder's remuneration for the period reported on has elapsed, then that remuneration cannot subsequently be challenged.

Under some old legislation, which still applies for insolvency appointments commenced before 6 April 2010, there is no equivalent mechanism for fees to be challenged.

TIME COSTS BASIS

When charging fees on a time costs basis we use charge out rates appropriate to the skills and experience of a member of staff and the work that they perform. This is combined with the amount of time that they work on each case, recorded in 6 minute units with supporting narrative to explain the work undertaken.

Charge out rates per hour listed by staff classification

Staff Grade	Period from 1 June 2015	Period from 1 June 2016	Period from 1 June 2017
Partner	£330 - £390	£410	£430
Manager/Senior Manager	£235 - £315	£250 - £330	£270 - £350
Senior	£170	£180	£190
Assistant Administrator	£100 - £140	£105 - £150	£110 - £160
Support	£95	£100	£105

Where necessary and appropriate, members of staff from other departments of the practice will undertake work on a case. They will be charged at their normal charge out rate for undertaking such work.

These charge-out rates charged are reviewed in June each year and are adjusted to take account of inflation and the firm's overheads.

Time spent on casework is recorded directly to the relevant case using a computerised time recording system and the nature of the work undertaken is recorded at that time. The work is generally recorded under the following categories:

- Administration and Planning
- Investigations
- Realisation of Assets
- Creditors
- Trading
- Case specific matters

In cases where we were appointed prior to 1 October 2015, most of our fees were recovered on a time costs basis and appropriate authority was obtained from the creditors or the committee as set down in the legislation. The legislation changed on 1 October 2015 and on new appointments we will seek time costs for the following categories:

- · Administration and Planning
- Investigations
- Realisation of Assets
- Creditors
- Trading
- Case specific matters

When we seek time costs approval we have to set out a fees estimate. That estimate acts as a cap on our time costs so that we cannot draw fees of more than the estimated time costs without further approval from those who approved our fees. When seeking approval for our fees, we will disclose the work that we intend to undertake, the hourly rates we intend to charge for each part of the work, and the time that we think each part of the work will take. We will summarise that information in an average or "blended" rate for all of the work being carried out within the estimate. We will also say whether we anticipate needing to seek approval to exceed the estimate and, if so, the reasons that we think that may be necessary.

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If we subsequently need to seek authority to draw fees in excess of the estimate, we will say why we have exceeded, or are likely to exceed the estimate; any additional work undertaken, or proposed to be undertaken; the hourly rates proposed for each part of the work; and the time that the additional work is expected to take. As with the original estimate, we will say whether we anticipate needing further approval and, if so, why we think it may be necessary to seek further approval.

PERCENTAGE BASIS

The legislation allows fees to be charged on a percentage of the value of the property with which the office holder has to deal (realisations and/or distributions). Different percentages can be used for different assets or types of assets. In cases where we were appointed prior to 1 October 2015, most of our fees were recovered on a time costs basis and appropriate authority was obtained from the creditors or the committee as set down in the legislation.

The legislation changed on 1 October 2015 and we now seek remuneration on a percentage basis more often. A report accompanying any fee request will set out the potential assets in the case, the remuneration percentage proposed for any realisations and the work covered by that remuneration, as well as the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Expenses can be incurred without approval, but must be disclosed to help put the remuneration request into context.

The percentage approved in respect of realisations will be charged against the assets realised, and where approval is obtained on a mixture of bases, any fixed fee and time costs will then be charged against the funds remaining in the liquidation after the realisation percentage has been deducted.

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If the basis of remuneration has been approved on a percentage basis then an increase in the amount of the percentage applied can only be approved by the committee or creditors (depending upon who approved the basis of remuneration) in cases where there has been a material and substantial change in the circumstances that were taken into account when fixing the original level of the percentage applied. If there has not been a material and substantial change in the circumstances then an increase can only be approved by the Court.

FIXED FEE

The legislation allows fees to be charged at a set amount. Different set amounts can be used for different tasks. In cases where we were appointed prior to 1 October 2015, most of our fees were recovered on a time costs basis and appropriate authority was obtained from the creditors or the committee as set down in the legislation.

The legislation changed on 1 October 2015 and we now seek remuneration on a fixed fee basis more often. A report accompanying any fee request will set out the set fee that we proposed to charge and the work covered by that remuneration, as well as the expenses that will be, or are likely to be, incurred. Expenses can be incurred without approval, but must be disclosed to help put the remuneration request into context.

The disclosure that we make should include sufficient information about the insolvency appointment to enable you to understand how the proposed fee reflects the complexity (or otherwise) of the case, any responsibility of an exceptional kind falling on the office holder, the effectiveness with which the office holder has carried out their functions, and the value and nature of the property with which the office holder has to deal.

If the basis of remuneration has been approved on a fixed fee basis then an increase in the amount of the fixed fee can only be approved by the committee or creditors (depending upon who approved the basis of remuneration) in cases where there has been a material and substantial change in the circumstances that were taken into account when fixing the original level of the fixed fee. If there has not been a material and substantial change in the circumstances then an increase can only be approved by the Court.

MEMBERS' VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATIONS AND VOLUNTARY ARRANGEMENTS

The legislation changes that took effect from 1 October 2015 did not apply to members' voluntary liquidations (MVL), Company Voluntary Arrangements (CVA) or Individual Voluntary Arrangements (IVA). In MVLs, the company's members set the fee basis, often as a fixed fee. In CVAs and IVAs, the fee basis is set out in the proposals and creditors approve the fee basis when they approve the arrangement.

ALL BASES

With the exception of Individual Voluntary Arrangements and Company Voluntary Arrangements which are VAT exempt, the officeholder's remuneration invoiced to the insolvent estate will be subject to VAT at the prevailing rate.

AGENT'S COSTS

Charged at cost based upon the charge made by the Agent instructed, the term Agent includes;

- Solicitors/Legal Advisors
- Auctioneers/Valuers
- Accountants
- Quantity Surveyors
- Estate Agents
- Other Specialist Advisors

In new appointments made after 1 October 2015, the office holder will provide details of expenses to be incurred, or likely to be incurred, when seeking fee approval. When reporting to the committee and creditors during the course of the insolvency appointment the actual expenses incurred will be compared with the original estimate provided.

DISBURSEMENTS

In accordance with SIP 9 the basis of disbursement allocation in respect of disbursements incurred by the Office Holder in connection with the administration of the estate must be fully disclosed to creditors. Disbursements are categorised as either Category 1 or Category 2.

Category 1 expenses are directly referable to an invoice from a third party, which is either in the name of the estate or Kreston Reeves LLP; in the case of the latter, the invoice makes reference to, and therefore can be directly attributed to, the estate. These disbursements are recoverable in full from the estate without the prior approval of creditors either by a direct payment from the estate or, where the firm has made payment on behalf of the estate, by a recharge of the amount invoiced by the third party. Examples of category 1 disbursements are statutory advertising, external meeting room hire, external storage, specific bond insurance and Company search fees.

Category 2 expenses are incurred by the firm and recharged to the estate; they are not attributed to the estate by a third party invoice and/or they may include a profit element. These disbursements are recoverable in full from the estate, subject to the basis of the disbursement charge being approved by creditors in advance. Examples of category 2 disbursements are photocopying, internal room hire, internal storage and mileage.

Kreston Reeves LLP will not be seeking to recover Category 2 disbursements in this case.