BIG SCREEN PRODUCTIONS 17 LLP ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP INFORMATION

Designated members

Waterloo Film Partner 1

Limited

Waterloo Film Partner 2

Limited

Limited liability partnership number

OC356042

Registered office

15 Golden Square

London W1F 9JG

Auditor

Shipleys LLP

10 Orange Street Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ

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MEMBERS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The members present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the limited liability partnership was to conduct a film production business. Based in the UK, it draws on a deep pool of talent, both on and off screen, to produce and deliver high quality films to the Partnership's commissioning distributor ("the Commissioning Distributor").

The Partnership has adopted a sophisticated project selection procedure to manage risks from the outset and will only produce films where there is a strong likelihood of distribution and where the remuneration it receives is calculated by reference to gross sales receipts from the exploitation of the film it produces.

Review of business

On 26th July 2019 Ingenious Film Partners 2 LLP (the "IFP Partnership") received the decision of the Upper Tribunal on its appeal against the decision of the First-tier Tax Tribunal against enquiry closure notices issued by HMRC. The Upper Tribunal concluded that the IFP Partnership was not trading and did not have a view to profit. The finding that the IFP Partnership did not have a view to profit means the IFP Partnership (under the law as it existed in 2019) would be taxed as a body corporate subject to corporation tax rather than as a partnership whose members are subject to tax. However, in the March 2020 budget the government announced its intention to introduce retrospective legislation to ensure that a Limited Liability Partnership continues to be taxed as a partnership where a partnership tax return was filed on the understanding that the partnership had a view to profit, even where it is subsequently found not to have had a view to profit. This became law as part of Finance Act 2020. Accordingly, any tax impact of the final decision is not expected to be reflected in the

financial statements of BSP 17 for the years where the BSP 17 tax returns were filed on the understanding that the partnership had a view to profit. However, subject to how the tax case is finally resolved, the financial statements may need to reflect the tax impact of the final decision on BSP 17 for the years where following the Upper Tribunal decision the partnership's tax returns were submitted on the basis that the partnership is a body corporate subject to corporation tax.

The IFP Partnership was granted permission to appeal the decision of the Upper Tribunal on the issues of trading and view to profit by the Court of Appeal in February 2020 and the appeal hearing before the Court of Appeal took place on 11 March 2021. The decision of the Court of Appeal was received on 4th August 2021. The Court of Appeal decided that the IFP Partnership was trading and trading with a view to profit, reversing the decision of the Upper Tribunal. If the Court of Appeal decision is the final outcome to the tax case no tax liabilities will arise for any year for the partnership as the members of the partnership will be subject to tax on all partnership profits.

Members' drawings, contributions and repayments

The Designated members are not entitled to drawings. In accordance with the Members' Agreement, drawings shall be made at the discretion of Goldwoodshire Limited, the operator of the Partnership ("the Operator").

Members' capital is subscribed in accordance with the current Members' Agreement, and retained by the Partnership until such time as the members agree to repay that capital. There were no transfers of members' capital to debt during the current or prior year.

The operating cash requirements of the Partnership shall be met out of the members' initial contributions. No member shall be required to make any further funding available after their admission as a member (save to the extent of their liability on a winding up).

Designated members

The designated members who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Waterloo Film Partner 1 Limited Waterloo Film Partner 2 Limited

MEMBERS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Post reporting date events

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

Future developments

The Partnership is well placed to benefit from the future exploitation of its film productions by the Commissioning Distributor and from its relationship with Fernlakes Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Ingenious Group").

Results for the year and allocation to members

The profit for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares was £158,909 (2020: £463,012).

Auditor

The auditor, Shipleys LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of members' responsibilities

The members are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. Under company law (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the limited liability partnership and of the profit or loss of the limited liability partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the limited liability partnership will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the limited liability partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the limited liability partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the limited liability partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each of the members in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- so far as the members are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the limited liability partnership's auditor is unaware, and
- the members have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as members in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the limited liability partnership's auditor is aware of that information.

Small LLPs exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small LLPs within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

MEMBERS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Approved by the members onand signed on behalf by:	
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Duncan Reid - Waterloo Film Partner 1 Limited	
Designated Member	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BIG SCREEN PRODUCTIONS 17 LLP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Big Screen Productions 17 LLP (the 'limited liability partnership') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the income statement, the statement of financial position, the reconciliation of members' interests and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the limited liability partnership's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the limited liability partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The members are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF BIG SCREEN PRODUCTIONS 17 LLP

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the members were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small limited liability partnerships regime.

Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the members' responsibilities statement, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the limited liability partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We obtained an understanding of the Company's business, controls, legal and regulatory frameworks, laws and regulations and assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatements from irregularities, including fraud, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to detect irregularities, including fraud. Testing undertaken included making enquiries of the management; journal entry testing; reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations. These procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF BIG SCREEN PRODUCTIONS 17 LLP

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the limited liability partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the limited liability partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the limited liability partnership and the limited liability partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stephen Johens

Stephen Joberns (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Shipleys LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

15/12/2021 Date:

10 Orange Street Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

			· ·
	••	2021	2020
Turnover	Notes	£ 164,506	£ 467,651
Administrative expenses		(5,597)	(4,874)
Operating profit		158,909	462,777
Interest receivable and similar income		-	235
Profit for the financial year before members' remuneration and profit shares available for			
discretionary division among members		158,909	463,012

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

·		2	2021	2	2020
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	6	253,851		320,677	
Cash at bank and in hand		874,161		806,330	
		1,128,012		1,127,007	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(931,540)	,	(824,142)	
Net current assets and net assets attrib members	outable to		196,472		302,865
Represented by:					
Members' other interests					
Members' capital classified as equity			105,434,993		105,434,993
Other reserves classified as equity			(105,238,521)		(105,132,128)
			196,472		302,865

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to limited liability partnerships subject to the small limited liability partnerships regime.

The financial statements were approved by the members and authorised for issue on $\frac{15/12/2021}{\dots}$ and are signed on their behalf by:

Duncan Reid - Waterloo Film Partner 1 Limited

Designated member

Limited Liability Partnership Registration No. OC356042

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Current financial year	EQUITY Members' other interests		TOTAL MEMBERS' INTERESTS
	Members' capital	Other reserves	Total 2021
	£	£	£
Members' interests at 1 April 2020 Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division	105,434,993	(105,132,128)	302,865
among members	-	158,909	158,909
Members' interests after profit for the year Drawings	105,434,993	(104,973,219) (265,302)	461,774 (265,302)
Members' interests at 31 March 2021	105,434,993	(105,238,521)	196,472

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Prior financial year	EQUITY Members' other interests		TOTAL MEMBERS' INTERESTS	
	Members' capital £	Other reserves £	Total 2020 £	
Members' interests at 1 April 2019 Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members	105,434,993	(104,966,623) 463,012	468,370 463,012	
Members' interests after profit for the year Drawings	105,434,993	(104,503,611) (628,517)	931,382 (628,517)	
Members' interests at 31 March 2020	105,434,993	(105,132,128)	302,865	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Limited liability partnership information

Big Screen Productions 17 LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 15 Golden Square, London, W1F 9JG.

The limited liability partnership's principal activities are disclosed in the Members' Report.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships" issued in December 2018, together with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the limited liability partnership. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The Partnership's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position have been reviewed by the members.

Having assessed the risks facing the Partnership as described above and as set out in the Member's Report, its financial position, profit and cash flow forecasts, the members believe that the Partnership is well placed to manage its business successfully and will be able to maintain positive cashflows for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the members continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts recoverable for the services provided to clients, excluding value added tax, under contractual obligations which are performed gradually over time.

If, at the balance sheet date, completion of contractual obligations is dependent on external factors (and thus outside the control of the Limited Liability Partnership), then revenue is recognised only when the event occurs. In such cases, costs incurred up to the balance sheet date are carried forward as work in progress.

1.4 Members' participating interests

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with section 22 of FRS 102. A member's participation rights including amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as liabilities unless the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members, in which case they are classified as equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and, where such an amount relates to current year profits, they are recognised within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense' in arriving at the relevant year's result. Undivided amounts that are classified as equity are shown within 'Members' other interests'. Amounts recoverable from members are presented as debtors and shown as amounts due from members within members' interests.

Where there exists an asset and liability component in respect of an individual member's participation rights, they are presented on a gross basis unless the LLP has both a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it intends either to settle on a net basis or to settle and realise these amounts simultaneously, in which case they are presented net.

Once an unavoidable obligation has been created in favour of members through allocation of profits or other means, any undrawn profits remaining at the reporting date are shown as 'Loans and other debts due to members' to the extent they exceed debts due from a specific member.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The limited liability partnership has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the limited liability partnership's statement of financial position when the limited liability partnership becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the limited liability partnership's obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the limited liability partnership's accounting policies, the members are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3	Auditor's remuneration	2021	2020
	Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services Audit of the financial statements of the LLP	3,400	3,400
4	Employees		
	The average number of persons (excluding members) employed by the partners	ship during the y	ear was:
	·	2021 Number	2020 Number
	Total	-	
5	Information in relation to members	2021 Number	2020 Number
	Average number of members during the year	114	115
6	Debtors	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	. £	2020 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	183,256 70,595	287,452 33,225
		253,851 =====	320,677
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Other creditors	931,540 ———	824,142 ———

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

Charges are in place against the films entitled "Life of Pi", "The Best Exotic Marigold Hotel" and "X-Men: First Class" in favour of the following parties to secure their interests in the copyright of and title to the films:

Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation
Twentieth Century Fox Worldwide Productions, Inc

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

9 Events after the reporting date

The decision of the Court of Appeal was received on 4th August 2021. The Court of Appeal decided that the partnership was trading and trading with a view to profit, reversing the decision of the Upper Tribunal. If the Court of Appeal decision is the final outcome to the tax case no tax liabilities will arise for any year for the partnership as the members of the partnership will be subject to tax on all partnership profits.

10 Controlling party

The Ingenious Member controls the financial and operating policies of the Partnership. The ultimate parent company of the Ingenious Member is Freeshire Limited.