Registered number: OC355621

OLIVER MICHAEL LLP

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018



COMPANIES HOUSE

OLIVER MICHAEL LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC355621

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

Note		2018 £	2017 £
4	392,871	393,135	5
5	1,012	302	<u>></u>
-	393,883	393,437	7
6	(393,883)	(393,437	7)
•		•	-
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	4 5 .	4 392,871 5 1,012 393,883	Note £ 4 392,871 393,135 5 1,012 302 393,883 393,437 6 (393,883) (393,437

OLIVER MICHAEL LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC355621

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

			2018 £	2017 £
Represented by:			_	_
Loans and other debts due to members		-		-
		-		-
Total members' interests				
Amounts due from members (included in debtors)	4	(351,402)		(340,925)
		(351,402)		(340,925)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small LLPs regime.

The entity was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008, with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime.

The entity has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the small LLPs regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members and were signed on their behalf on 201121202

M Michael

Designated member

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Oliver Michael LLP has no equity and, in accordance with the provisions contained within the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships", has not presented a Statement of Changes in Equity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

The entity is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England. Its registered office and principal place of business is Magic House, 5-11 Green Lanes, Palmers Green N13 4TN.

The presentation currency of the LLP is British Pounds and the level of rounding is to the nearest pound.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the LLP and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the LLP has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the LLP retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the LLP will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.3 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.5 Financial instruments

The LLP only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Financial instruments (continued)

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the LLP would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.6 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including members, during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

4. Debtors

₹.	Deprois		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other debtors	41,469	52,210
	Amounts due from members	351,402	340,925
		392,871	393,135
5.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,012	302
		1,012	302
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	•	.2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	-	554
	Other creditors	391,883	390,883
	Accruals and deferred income	2,000	2,000
		393,883	393,437

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7. Related party transactions

At 31 March 2018 the LLP was owed £39,000 (2017: £39,000) by D & S Homes North London LLP, an entity in which S Oliver is a member.

At 31 March 2018 the LLP owed £105,274 (2017: £104,474) to Magic Homes Limited, a company whose directors are also members of the LLP.

During the year the LLP was recharged salary costs of £2,417 (2017: £2,259) by Paul Simon Developments Limited, a company in which S Oliver is a shareholder and director.

Included in other creditors at the balance sheet date was £286,609 (2017: £286,609) due to MSM Estates Limited, a company in which S Oliver is a director.