Members' Report and Financial Statements
Year Ended
30 April 2017

Registered No OC335180

WEDNESDAY

20/12/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE #169

Report and financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017

Contents

Page:

1	Members' report
3	Independent auditor's report
5	Income statement
6	Balance sheet
8	Reconciliation of movement in members' interests
10	Statement of cash flows

Notes to the financial statements

Designated members

D P Horan

11

D C Thompson

Registered office

Gateway House, Tollgate, Chandlers Ford, Hampshire, SO53 3TG

Limited liability partnership number

OC335180

Auditors

BDO LLP, Arcadia House, Maritime Walk, Ocean Village, Southampton, SO14 3TL

Members' report for the year ended 30 April 2017

The members present their report, together with the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of Moore Blatch LLP (the 'LLP') is the provision of legal services. The LLP income statement is set out on page 5.

The members are pleased to report an increase in profit of 20.4% to £4.2m. Turnover and other operating income combined have increased by 9.5% to £20.8m. This is following a focus on driving efficiencies and reducing certain operating costs, together with a significant investment and focus on specific growth strategies which commenced in 2014 and has continued during 2017. Revenue and profit growth are forecast to continue into 2018.

Designated members

The designated members during the year were:

D P Horan

D C Thompson

Members' drawings and the subscription and repayment of members' capital

The members' drawings policy allows each member to receive monthly drawings and, from time to time, additional profit distributions. The distributions are made following approval of the members, taking into account the need to retain sufficient funds to maintain the working capital of the LLP.

A member's capital requirement is determined by the members and may vary from time to time. Retiring members are repaid their capital at par.

Charitable donations

	2017	2016
	£	£
During the year the LLP made the following payments:		
Charitable donations	3,047	8,025

Members' report for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

Members' responsibilities

The members are responsible for preparing the members' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of the Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 require the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under these regulations the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under these regulations the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions, disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP, and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of the Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

- (a) so far as the members are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the LLP's auditors are unaware.
- (b) they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as members in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the LLP's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office. The auditors are deemed to be re-appointed in accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships.

On behalf of the members

D C Thompson

Designated member

Date 15 12 17

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF MOORE BLATCH LLP

We have audited the financial statements of Moore Blatch LLP for the year ended 30 April 2017 which comprise the income statement, the balance sheet, the reconciliation of movements in members' interests, the Statement of cash flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the limited liability partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of the Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the limited liability partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the limited liability partnership and the limited liability partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of members and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of members' responsibilities, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the limited liability partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2017 and for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of the Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Opinion on other matters

In our opinion the information given in the members' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the LLP, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the LLP financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Christopher Driver (senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Southampton

United Kingdom

Date 18th December 2577

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Income statement for the year ended 30 April 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover	3	18,997,674	16,652,853
Other operating income		1,830,197	2,366,010
Operating expenses - excluding exceptional items Exceptional items	4	(16,198,405) (328,572)	(15,052,071) (380,737)
Operating expenses	·	(16,526,977)	(15,432,808)
Operating profit	5	4,300,894	3,586,055
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	8	30,625 (131,920)	69,429 (168,989)
Profit for the financial year before members' remuneration and profit share		4,199,599	3,486,495
Members remuneration charged as an expense		(4,199,599)	(3,486,495)
Result for the financial year available for discretionary division among members		-	

All amounts relate to continuing activities. There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the income statement.

Balance sheet at 30 April 2017

Registered number OC335180	Note	2017 £	2017 £	2016 £	2016 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		1,177,381		1,505,953
Tangible assets	10		697,890		365,408
Fixed asset investments	11		13		13
			1,875,284		1,871,374
Current assets				•	
Work in progress Debtors:		2,658,468		2,136,431	
- amounts falling due within one					
year	12	15,862,345		15,718,541	
 amounts falling due after more than one year 	13	1,193,560		_	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	570,620		210,751	
ousin at bank and in hand					
0 III		20,284,993		18,065,723	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(10,122,003)		(8,829,537)	
Net current assets			10,162,990	4-8/20-3 1753 (4-11-179-1	9,236,186
Total assets less current liabilities			12,038,274		11,107,560
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	15	ø.	(109,017)		(175,013)
Provisions for liabilities	18		(851,533)		(569,957)
Net assets attributable to members	,		11,077,724		10,362,590

Balance sheet at 30 April 2017 (continued)

Registered number OC335180	Note 2017	2016
Represented by:	3	£
Loans and amounts due to members Members' capital classified as a liability Other amounts	1,829,999 9,247,725	1,904,999 9,640,837
Equity - members' other interests Loss reserve account	-	(1,183,246)
	11,077,724	10,362,590
Total members' interests Amounts due to members Members' other interests	11,077,724	11,545,836 (1,183,246)
	11,077,724	10,362,590

The financial statements were approved by the Members of the Limited Liability Partnership and authorised for issue on 15/12/17

D C Thompson

Designated member

Reconciliation of movements in members' interests for the year ended 30 April 2017

Year ended 30 April 2017	Loans and other debts due to members E				
	capital classified as a liability £	Other amounts £	Total £	Loss reserve £	Total members' interests £
Amounts due to members	1,904,999	9,640,837	11,545,836		
Balance at 1 May 2016	1,904,999	9,640,837	11,545,836	(1,183,246)	10,362,590
Members' remuneration charged as an expense		4,199,599	4,199,599	-	4,199,599
Members' interests after profit for the year	1,904,999	13,840,436	15,745,435	(1,183,246)	14,562,189
Capital introduced Capital repaid Drawings Transfer - loss reserve to equity	35,000 (75,000) - -	- (3,491,103) (1,183,246)	35,000 (75,000) (3,491,103) (1,183,246)	- - - 1,183,246	35,000 (75,000) (3,491,103)
Transfer from Moore Blatch Resolve LLP Due to former members transferred to creditors	(35,000)	96,362 (14,724)	96,362 (49,724)	-	96,362 (49,724)
Total contributions by and distributions to members	1,829,999	9,247,725	11,077,724		11,077,724
Amounts due to members	1,829,999	9,247,725	11,077,724	-	11,077,724
Balance at 30 April 2017	1,829,999	9,247,725	11,077,724	•	11,077,724

Reconciliation of movements in members' interests for the year ended 30 April 2017 *(continued)*

Year ended 30 April 2016	Members				Total
	capital classified as a liability £	Other amounts £	Total £	Loss reserve £	members' interests £
Amounts due to members	1,345,000	8,449,974	9,794,974		
Balance at 1 May 2015	1,345,000	8,449,974	9,794,974	(1,450,078)	8,344,896
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	3,486,495	3,486,495	•	3,486,495
Members' interests after profit for the year	1,345,000	11,936,469	13,281,469	(1,450,078)	11,831,391
Capital introduced Capital repaid Drawings Current account repaid Transfer - loss reserve	750,000 (106,667) - - -	- (2,678,111) (75,354) (150,916)	750,000 (106,667) (2,678,111) (75,354) (150,916)	- - - - 150,916	750,000 (106,667) (2,678,111) (75,354)
Transfer from Moore Blatch Resolve LLP Due from former members transferred to debtors Due to former members transferred to creditors	- - (83,334)	700,518 - (91,769)	700,518 - (175,103)	- 115,916 -	700,518 115,916 (175,103)
Total contributions by and distributions to members	559,999	(2,295,632)	(1,735,633)	266,832	(1,468,801)
Amounts due to members	1,904,999	9,640,837	11,545,836		
Balance at 30 April 2016	1,904,999	9,640,837	11,545,836	(1,183,246)	10,362,590

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 April 2017

	2017	2016
On all flavors from a monation and initial	£	£
Cash flows from operation activities Profit for the year	4,199,599	3,486,495
Depreciation and amortisation	429,726	495,282
Net interest expense	101,295	99,560
Gain on disposal of tangible fixed assets	15,434	-
(Increase) in trade and other debtors	(1,337,364)	(651,412)
(Increase) in work in progress	(522,037)	(164,428)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	693,653	(316,696)
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	281,576	(99,224)
Cash from operations	3,861,882	2,849,577
Members' drawings in relation to remuneration	(3,491,103)	(2,753,465)
Net cash generated from operating activities	370,779	96,112
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest received	(449,070) 30,625	(22,343) 69,429
interest received		
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	(418,445)	47,086
Cash flows from financing activities		
Capital introduced by members	35,000	750,000
Capital repaid to members	(75,000)	(106,667)
Interest paid	(131,920)	(168,989)
New bank loans	4,864,887	1,851,217
Bank loans repaid	(4,512,989)	(2,187,071)
Net cash inflow from financing activities	179,978	138,490
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	132,312	281,688
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(1,868,328)	(2,150,016)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	(1,736,016)	(1,868,328)
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	570,620	210,751
Bank overdraft	(2,306,636)	(2,079,079)
	(1,736,016)	(1,868,328)

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

Moore Blatch LLP is a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is given on the contents page and the nature of the LLP's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Members' Report.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland, including the Statement of Recommended Practice (2016), 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships'.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires LLP management to exercise judgement in applying the LLP's accounting policies (see note 2).

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice, "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

Under the provision of section 405 of the Companies Act 2006, the LLP has not prepared consolidated financial statements as the inclusion of the LLP's dormant subsidiaries is not considered material. These financial statements therefore present information about the LLP as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The principal accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are as follows:-

. Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, represents the value of services provided and is recognised as contract activity progresses.

Turnover in respect of contingent fee assignments, where the contingent event has not occurred at the balance sheet date, is recognised as work in progress at cost. Cost includes attributable overheads. Recognition of this type of work at cost is considered to be the correct basis of revenue recognition required by FRS 102 given the inherent uncertainty with contingent fee assignments.

All other turnover which has been recognised, but not invoiced, by the balance sheet date is included in debtors as 'accrued income'. Amounts invoiced in advance are included in 'accruals and deferred income'. Turnover recognised in this manner is based on an assessment of the fair value of the services provided at the balance sheet date as a proportion of the total value of the engagement.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on acquisition and represents the excess of the fair value of the consideration given and associated costs over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over its expected useful economic life of three to seven years. Provision is made for any impairment in value.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures are measured at cost, less provision for any impairment.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:-

Leasehold properties

Over the period of the lease

Computer equipment
Office equipment

25% per annum on the straight line basis

25% per annum on the reducing balance basis

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other operating income or losses' in the income statement.

Leasing

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the income statement over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the period of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pension costs

The LLP operates a defined contribution scheme and also pays contributions to individual defined contribution schemes for certain employees. Contributions to all schemes are charged to the income statement in the year in which they become payable. The assets are held in separately administered funds, maintained outside of the LLP by insurance companies.

Allocation of profits, drawings and members' capital

Profits of the LLP are automatically allocated in full to members. Accordingly, the profit attributable to members is charged as an expense in the income statement. During the year, members receive drawings on account of profits. At the year end, undrawn allocated profits of the LLP are included within loans and other debts due to members. To the extent that any payment of drawings exceeds the amount of profit ultimately found to be due to any member, such excess is reclaimable by the LLP.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Allocation of profits, drawings and members' capital (continued)

Any loss of the LLP is debited to a 'Loss reserve account' and is shared between certain members if the members so determine by Extraordinary Resolution or upon the member leaving the LLP, whichever is sooner.

Capital is repayable to a member on retirement and, accordingly, is classified as a liability and reflected in the Balance Sheet within "Loans and other debts due to members".

Taxation

The taxation payable on the profits of the LLP is a personal obligation of the individual members.

Provisions for claims

Provision is made on a case-by-case basis in respect of the costs of defending claims and, where appropriate, the estimated cost of settling claims where such costs are not covered by insurance. Outstanding claims are reviewed each year and adjustments to provisions are made as appropriate in the current year.

In common with comparable businesses, the LLP is involved in a number of disputes in the ordinary course of business which may give rise to claims. The LLP carries professional indemnity insurance and no separate disclosure is made of the costs of claims covered by insurance as to do so would seriously prejudice the position of the LLP.

Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest rate method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Provision for dilapidations

Provision is made for estimated dilapidations including reinstatement costs (where there is an obligation to restore premises to their original condition upon vacating them under the terms of the lease). The costs related to repair and maintenance of equipment and properties that are used by the LLP and for which the LLP has responsibility to maintain or may be liable for dilapidation, are written off as they arise.

Financial instruments

The LLP holds only basic financial instruments. Financial assets are initially recognised at cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which has accrued at the balance sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the balance sheet date.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

2 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the members have made the following judgements:

- Determine whether leases entered into by the LLP either as a lessor or a lessee are operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.
- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the LLP's tangible and intangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets (see note 10)

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Accrued income (see note 12)

Accrued income represents unbilled work in progress at the year end, included in debtors based on the estimated selling price of the work in progress. This assessment is made after considering provisions for older balances which are deemed irrecoverable and historic recovery rates. This is considered an appropriate basis for the valuation of accrued income.

Provisions (see note 18)

The basis of provisions in relation to dilapidation costs and professional indemnity claims is included in note 18. There is inherent uncertainty in making an estimate of the provision required, but this is based on previous experience and/or external consultation.

3 Turnover

The turnover of the LLP for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

4 Exceptional items	2017 £	2016 £
Amortisation of goodwill	328,572	380,737
5 Operating profit	2017	2016
This is arrived at after charging:	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets - owned Amortisation of positive goodwill Operating lease rentals:	101,154 328,572	114,545 380,737
 equipment hire leasehold buildings Auditors' remuneration: 	89,046 745,385	90,029 727,590
 fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the annual accounts 	e LLP's 21,000	21,750
6 Employees	2017	2016
		Restated
	£	£
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	7,773,959 828,420 358,434	7,378,111 784,674 335,062
	8,960,813	8,497,847
The average number of employees during the year was as	s follows: Number	Number
Members Client service staff and administration	20 220 	19 215
	240	234

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

7	Information relating to members	2017	2016
		£	£
	The share of profit attributable to the member with the largest entitlement was	301,464	379,323
		Number	Number
	The average number of members during the year was	20	19
8	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Bank loan and overdrafts Other loans	131,920	157,197 11,792
		131,920	168,989
9	Intangible fixed assets		Purchased goodwill
			3
	Cost At 1 May 2016 Additions		2,535,000
	At 30 April 2017		2,535,000
	Amortisation At 1 May 2016 Charge for the year		1,029,047 328,572
	At 30 April 2017		1,357,619
	Net book value At 30 April 2017		1,177,381
	At 30 April 2016		1,505,953

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

10	Tangible fixed assets					
	Group and LLP	Leasehold properties £	Computer equipment £	Office equipment £	Assets under construction £	Total £
	Cost At 1 May 2016 Additions Disposals	298,725 283,004 -	297,146 43,047 -	929,265 594 (61,758)	122,425 · -	1,525,136 449,070 (61,758)
	At 30 April 2017	581,729	340,193	868,101	122,425	1,912,498
	Depreciation At 1 May 2016 Provided for the	159,842	164,194	835,692	-	1,159,728
	year Disposals	916 -	76,759 -	23,479 (46,324)	- -	101,154 (46,324)
	At 30 April 2017	160,758	240,953	812,847	_	1,214,558
	Net book value At 30 April 2017	420,971	99,240	55,254	122,425	697,890
	At 30 April 2016	138,883	132,952	93,573	-	365,408
11	Fixed asset investmen	nts		Joint ventures £	Subsidiary undertakings £	Total £
	Cost or valuation At 1 May 2016 and 30 A	April 2017		1	12	13

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

11 Fixed asset investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings, associated undertakings and other investments.

The principal undertakings in which the LLP's interest at the year end is 20% or more are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings

	Type of share capital held	Proportion of share capital held	Nature of business	Last year end
Moore Blatch Services Limited MB Nominees Limited	Ordinary Ordinary	100% 100%	Dormant Dormant	30 April 2017 31 March 2017
MB Secretaries Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant	31 March 2017
MB Propman Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant	31 March 2017
Moore Blatch Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant	31 March 2017
My Claim Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant	30 April 2017
Property Reclaim.com Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant	30 April 2017
Lawinvest Limited	Ordinary	100%	Dormant	30 April 2017
Joint ventures				
Aspire Law LLP	Ordinary	50%	Provision of legal services	30 April 2017

All companies were incorporated in England. For all the entities, the registered office is Gateway House, Tollgate, Chandlers Ford, Hampshire, SO53 3TG.

12 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	2,489,079	2,427,354
Disbursements	2,435,967	1,508,322
Accrued income	5,565,141	4,198,274
Amounts owed by joint venture	-	702,354
Other debtors	7,901	7,887
Prepayments	1,048,753	857,586
Due from former members	80,556	107,225
Due from Moore Blatch Resolve LLP	4,234,948	5,909,539
	15,862,345	15,718,541

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.

The amounts due from Moore Blatch Resolve LLP are interest free and there is no set date for repayment.

12 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts falling due after more than one year: Amounts owed by joint venture	1,193,560	-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	oroanolo: amounto taming and maint one your	2017 £	2016 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)	3,892,251	3,246,800
	Trade creditors	1,944,537	1,413,486
	Taxation and social security costs	591,655	734,153
	Accruals and deferred income	822,859	300,801
	Amounts owed to former members	465,261	470,715
	Other creditors	678,772	620,816
	Amounts due to Moore Blatch Resolve LLP	1,726,668	2,042,766
		10,122,003	8,829,537

The amounts due to Moore Blatch Resolve LLP are interest free and there is no set date for repayment.

Interest on the bank loans is charged at 3.0% above the base rate. The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a debenture over the assets of the LLP.

15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Creditors, amounts family due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £
Bank loans (secured)	109,017	175,013
Maturity of debt:	Loans and overdrafts 2017	Loans and overdrafts 2016
In one year or less, or on demand	3,892,251	3,246,800
In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five years In more than five years	109,017 - -	99,996 75,017 -
	109,017	175,013

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

16 Financial instruments

The LLP's financial instruments may be analysed as follows:	2017 £	2016 £
Financial assets Financial assets measured at amortised cost	19,236,240	17,208,137
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	9,639,365	8,270,397

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise work in progress, cash, trade debtors, disbursements, accrued income, other debtors, amounts due from former members, amounts due from Moore Blatch Resolve LLP and amounts due from joint ventures.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise bank loans and overdrafts, trade creditors, accruals, amounts owed to former members, other creditors, amounts due to Moore Blatch Resolve LLP and other loans.

Pension costs

Contributions totalling £358,434 (2016 - £335,062) were paid to both the LLP's and individual defined contribution schemes during the year. There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at the end of the financial year.

Provisions and liabilities

	Dilapidations costs £	PI claims £	Total £
At 1 May 2016 Charged to profit and loss account Released unused Utilised	380,957 320,576 - -	189,000 115,000 (62,723) (91,277)	569,957 435,576 (62,723) (91,277)
At 30 April 2017	701,533	150,000	851,533

Provision for dilapidations

The LLP occupies a number of properties under full tenant repairing leases. In accordance with section 21 of FRS 102, provision has been made for the cost of repairs and terminal dilapidations, which the LLP is obliged to undertake under the terms of the lease. The provision is based with reference to an external assessment and is spread over the period of the lease, having due regard to the terms of the tenant's covenant.

Provision for PI claims

The professional indemnity provision relates to the expected cost of defending claims and, where appropriate, the estimated cost of settling claims where such claims are not covered by insurance.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 (continued)

19 Financial commitments

The LLP had minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

		Land and buildings 2017 £	Land and buildings 2016 £	Other 2017 £	Other 2016 £
	Operating leases which expire:				
	In less than one year Between two and five years In over five years	860,867 2,705,384 517,029	452,967 879,050 438,500	175,118 151,023 -	150,023 204,512
		4,083,280	1,770,517	326,141	354,535
20	Capital commitments				
	At 30 April 2017 the company had capita	al commitments as	s follows:	2017 £	2016 £
	Contracted for but not provided for			534,818	-

21 Related party transactions

Seven of the members of Moore Blatch LLP are also members of Moore Blatch Resolve LLP. During the year the LLP recharged expenses of £1,536,370 (2016 - £2,845,832) to Moore Blatch Resolve LLP. During the year Moore Blatch Resolve LLP recharged expenses of £96,394 (2016 - £2,172,547) to the LLP. On the 30 November 2013 the LLP acquired the trade and assets of Moore Blatch Resolve LLP for a total sum of £2,400,000. This is being repaid in instalments and at the year end the LLP owed Moore Blatch Resolve LLP £1,140,000 (2016 - £1,306,666). At the year end the LLP owed Moore Blatch Resolve LLP a total of £1,726,668 (2016 - £2,042,766) and the LLP was due £4,234,948 (2016 - £5,909,539) from Moore Blatch Resolve LLP.

A composite cross guarantee exists between Moore Blatch LLP and Moore Blatch Resolve LLP. The loans and overdrafts of Moore Blatch Resolve LLP covered by this guarantee at 30 April 2017 were £1,779,456 (2016 - £1,137,674).

Aspire Law LLP is a joint venture of Moore Blatch LLP. During the year the LLP incurred costs on behalf of Aspire Law totalling £354,803 At the year end the amount due from Aspire Law LLP was £1,193,560 (2016 - £702,354).

For all related parties, the registered office is Gateway House, Tollgate, Chandlers Ford, Hampshire, SO53 3TG.

Key management personnel include all members who together have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the LLP. The total compensation paid to key management personnel for services provided to the LLP was £4,199,599 (2016 - £3,486,495).

22 Control

The members consider there to be no individual controlling party.