Registered number: OC334153

# Haines Watts Leeds LLP Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

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# Haines Watts Leeds LLP Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2020

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# Haines Watts Leeds LLP LLP Information Year ended 31 March 2020

LLP registration number

OC334153

Members

James F Sutton Rogan Grey Limited

Registered office

Sterling House 1 Sheepscar Court Meanwood Road

Leeds

West Yorkshire LS7 2BB

# Haines Watts Leeds LLP Balance Sheet Year ended 31 March 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes		
Fixed assets	0	1 007 000	1 150 000
Intangible assets	3 4	1,037,000 13,456	1,159,000 12,228
Tangible assets	4	1,050,456	1,171,228
Current assets		1,000,400	1,171,220
Work in progress		-	8,945
Debtors due within one year	5	409,009	304,926
Cash at bank		156,016	10,339
		565,025	324,210
	_		=
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	688,899	511,243
Net current assets/(liabilities)		(123,874)	(187,0330
not out out assets/(ilasimios)		(.==,=:,	( ,
Total assets less current liabilities		926,582	984,195
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	_	355,334
Creditors, amounts faming due after more than one year	•		000,004
Net assets attributable to members		926,582	628,861
Represented by:			
Members' other interests			
Members' capital classified as equity		926,582	628,861
memooro capital ciaconica ac equity			
Total members' interests		926,582	628,861
rotal members interests	•	020,002	

# Haines Watts Leeds LLP Balance Sheet Year ended 31 March 2020

For the financial year in question the Limited Liability Partnership was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) relating to small LLPs.

The members acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to limited liability partnerships) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime. These annual accounts have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime and the option not to file the profit and loss account has been taken.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members on 22 December 2020.

Signed on behalf of the members

Moor

James F Sutton Designated member

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

LLP registration number: OC334153

#### 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) General information and basis of preparation

Haines Watts Leeds LLP is a Limited Liability Partnership incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is given in the LLP information on page 2 of these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the LLP.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Members have reviewed and considered relevant information, including the annual budget and future cash flows in making their assessment. In particular, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Members have tested their cash flow analysis to take into account the impact on their business of possible scenarios brought on by the impact of COVID-19, alongside the measures that they can take to mitigate the impact. Based on these assessments, given the measures that could be undertaken to mitigate the current adverse conditions, and the current resources available, the Members have concluded that they can continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

#### (b) Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a retiring partner and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the partnership at the date of retirement. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the statement of comprehensive income over its useful economic life.

The estimated useful lives range is as follows: Goodwill 10%

#### (c) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a systematic basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Office equipment 25%

#### (d) Debtors and creditors receivable /payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

#### (e) Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

#### (f) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the LLP has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably estimated.

#### (g) Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the expected useful life of the asset. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors.

Where goods are sold using finance leases, the entity recognises turnover from the sale of goods and the rights to receive future lease payments as a debtor. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance income and the reduction of the lease debtor with finance income allocated so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the net investment in the finance lease.

Rentals payable and receivable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (h) Turnover and other income

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts.

## (i) Employee benefits

When employees have rendered service to the LLP, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

The LLP operates a defined contribution plan for the benefit of its employees. Contributions are expensed as they become payable.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including members with contracts of employment, during the year were as follows:

	<b>2020</b> Number	<b>2019</b> Number
Employees	14	15

3	Intangible fixed assets  Cost: At 1 April 2019 Additions At 31 March 2020	Goodwill  1,220,000 1,220,000	
	Amortisation: At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year At 31 March 2020	61,000 122,000 183,000	
	Net Book value: At 31 March 2020	1,037,000	
	At 31 March 2019	1,159,000	
4	Tangible fixed assets	Office equipment	
	Cost: At 1 April 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2020	13,952 5,201 - 19,153	
	Depreciation: At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year Disposals At 31 March 2020	1,724 3,973 - 5,697	
	Net Book value: At 31 March 2020	13,456	
	At 31 March 2019	12,228	
5	Debtors	2020	2019
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	358,680 50,329 409,009	254,259 50,667 304,926
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income Other creditors	188,533 109,616 39,387 351,363 688,899	112,164 78,568 49,126 271,385 511,243

# 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than

one year	2020	2019
Other creditors		355,334
	-	355,334

#### 8 Pension commitments

Included within creditors due in under one year is an amount of £2,251 (2019: £1,516) payable in respect of pension contributions.

## 9 Operating lease commitments

At the year end the LLP had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2020	2019
Less than one year	37,292	37,292
One to five years	105,661 142,953	142,953 180,245