Registered number: OC325818

POWELL GILBERT LLP

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020



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INFORMATION

Designated Members

T D Powell P X Gilbert

LLP registered number

OC325818

Registered office

85 Fleet Street London EC4Y 1AE

Independent auditor

Crowe U.K. LLP St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

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MEMBERS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The members present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of Powell Gilbert LLP (the LLP) for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the LLP is to provide intellectual property litigation services.

Designated Members

T D Powell and P X Gilbert were designated members of the LLP throughout the period.

Members' capital and interests

Each member's subscription to the capital of the LLP is determined by their share of the profit and is repayable following retirement from the LLP.

Details of changes in members' capital in the ended 31 March 2020 are set out in the Reconciliation of members' interests.

Members are remunerated from the profits of the LLP and are required to make their own provision for pensions and other benefits.

Profits are fully divided to the members at the date of financial position and the balance owed to members is included within "Loans and other debts due to Members".

Members draw a proportion of their profit shares monthly during the year in which it is made, with the balance of the profits being distributed after the year, subject to the cash requirements of the business.

MEMBERS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Members' responsibilities statement

The members are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law, as applied to LLPs, requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law, as applied to LLPs, the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, as applied to LLPs. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

The auditor, Crowe U.K. LLP, has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

T D Powell Designated member

TAU.

Date: 15 July 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF POWELL GILBERT LLP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Powell Gilbert LLP (the 'LLP') for the year ended 31 March 2020, which comprise the Income statement, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of cash flows, the Reconciliation of members' interests and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the LLP's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its result for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to LLPs.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the members have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the LLP's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting
 for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for
 issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF POWELL GILBERT LLP (CONTINUED)

Other information

The members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to LLPs, requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the Members' responsibilities statement, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF POWELL GILBERT LLP (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the LLP's members in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to LLPs. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the LLP's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the LLP and the LLP's members for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

1/190 Bostock

Nigel Bostock (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Crowe U.K. LLP

Statutory Auditor

St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

Date: 15 July 2020

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

		Note	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover		4	16,169,365	15,375,629
Other external cha	rges		(2,798,899)	(2,683,395)
Staff costs		7	(3,694,692)	(3,360,101)
Depreciation and a	mortisation		(65,250)	(62,881)
Operating profit		5	9,610,524	9,269,252
Interest receivable	and similar income	9	15,138	9,951
Interest payable ar	nd similar charges	10	(3,995)	(4,901)
Profit before men	ibers' remuneration and profit shar	ēs	9,621,667	9,274,302
Profit for the year b	pefore members' remuneration and pro	ofit shares	9,621,667	9,274,302
Members' remuner	ation charged as an expense		(9,621,667)	(9,274,302)
Profit for the finar among members	ncial year available for discretionar	y division	-	-
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

POWELL GILBERT LLP REGISTERED NUMBER: OC325818

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Note	2020 £	2020 £	2019 £	2019 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Current assets	11		100,404		111,617
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	5,388,960		5,383,256	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	3,718,010		4,566,196	
		9,106,970		9,949,452	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(1,359,831)		(1,463,863)	
Net current assets		s -()sama madalasan :	7,747,139	inggo kalowa da dina	8,485,589
Total assets less current liabilities		ِ ا	7,847,543	:*	8,597,206
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(1,913)		.(17,978)
Net assets			7,845,630	14 14 14	8,579,228
Represented by:					
Loans and other debts due to members within one year					
Members' capital classified as a liability			3,210,000		2,570,000
Other amounts			4,635,630		6,009,228
		8	7,845,630	···	8,579,228
Total members' interests					
Loans and other debts due to members			7,845,630		8,579,228

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members and were signed on their behalf by:

T D Powell
Designated member

P X Gilbert Designated member

Date: 15 July 2020

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS (Incorporating Statement of Changes in Equity) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	DEBT Loans and other debts due to member less any amounts due from members i debtors		
	Members' capital (classified as	•	
	-	Other amounts	Total
	£	£	£
Amounts due to members	2,570,000	4,305,933	6,875,933
Balance at 1 April 2018	2,570,000	4,305,933	6,875,933
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	<u>.</u>	9,274,302	9,274,302
Members' interests after profit for the year	2,570,000	13,580,235	16,150,235
Amounts introduced by members	-	580,000	580,000
Drawings	-	(8,151,007)	(8,151,007)
Amounts due to members	2,570,000	6,009,228	8,579,228
Balance at 31 March 2019	2,570,000	6,009,228	8,579,228
Members' remuneration charged as an expense		9,621,667	9,621,667
Members' interests after profit for the year	2,570,000	15,630,895	18,200,895
Amounts introduced by members	60,000	_	60,000
Conversion of members debt to capital	580,000	(580,000)	-
Drawings	•	(10,415,265)	(10,415,265)
Amounts due to members	3,210,000	4,635,630	7,845,630
Balance at 31 March 2020	3,210,000	4,635,630	7,845,630
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The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

In the event of a winding up of the LLP, the other amounts of loans and other debts due to members rank equally with unsecured creditors, members' capital and other reserves rank after unsecured creditors and no additional protection is afforded to creditors.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Profit for the financial year	-	-
Adjustments for:		
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	9,621,667	9,274,302
Depreciation of tangible assets	65,250	62,881
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	•	(416)
Interest paid	3,995	4,901
Interest received	(15,138)	(9,951)
(Increase) in debtors	(5,702)	(47,470)
(Decrease) in creditors	(104,034)	(506, 239)
Net cash generated from operating activities before transactions with		
members	9,566,038	8,778,008
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(54,037)	(65,782)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	•	670
Interest received	15,138	9,951
HP interest paid	(3,849)	(3,711)
Net cash from investing activities	(42,748)	(58,872)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of finance leases	(16,065)	(12,065)
Interest paid	(146)	(1,190)
Amounts introduced by members	60,000	580,000
Distributions paid to members	(10,415,265)	(8,151,007)
Net cash used in financing activities	(10,371,476)	(7,584,262)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(848,186)	1,134,874
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,566,196	3,431,322
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	3,718,010	4,566,196
Čash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	3,718,010	4,566,196

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. General information

The principal activity of Powell Gilbert LLP is the provision of intellectual property and litigation services. The firm is a limited liability partnership (registered in England and Wales, number OC325818), which is incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is: 85 Fleet Street, London, EC4Y 1AE, United Kingdom.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the LLP's accounting policies (see note 3).

2.2 Going concern

The long term financing of the LLP is provided by capital introduced by the members and by profits retained within the firm.

The LLP produces annual budgets and forecasts which take account of expected changes in the LLP's trading performance and these demonstrate that the LLP will be able to operate within its current level of facilities. In their assessment of going concern the designated members have considered the current and developing impact on the business as a result of the COVID-19 virus. Whilst this has not had a significant, immediate impact on the LLP's operations the designated members are aware that if the current situation becomes prolonged then this may change

On this basis, the members consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

2.3 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the LLP and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the LLP will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.5 Operating leases

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed

2.6 Leased assets

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.7 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Allocation of profit and drawings

The level of interim profit allocations and members' monthly drawings is set after considering the LLP's working capital requirements.

Profits are fully divided to the Members at the statement of financial position date and the balance owed to the Members is included within "Loans and other debts due to Members".

To the extent that interim profit allocations exceed drawings then the excess profit is included in the statement of financial position under loans and other debts due to Members. Where drawings exceed the allocated profits then the excess is included within debtors. The same treatment is used for Members who retire during the year.

2.9 Taxation

Tax payable on the profits of the LLP is solely the personal liability of the individual members although payment of such liabilities is administered by the LLP on behalf of the members. Consequently, neither partnership taxation nor related deferred taxation are dealt with in these financial statements. Sums set aside in respect of members' tax obligations are included in the statement of financial position within loans and other debts due to Members.

2.10 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The LLP operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the LLP pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the LLP has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the LLP in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

S/Term Leasehold Property

Over the life of the lease

Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment 25% straight line

25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.13 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the trade debtors are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less.

2.15 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods.

The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements include estimation, where applicable, for items relating to revenue recognition of accrued income and the recoverability of trade debtors.

4. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to its principal activity.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

5: Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2020 £	2019 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	65,250	62,881
Defined contribution pension cost	135,484	123,004
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	447,609	419,687
6. Auditor's remuneration		
	2020 £	2019 £
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts	16,500	16,000
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor in respect of:		
Other assurance services supplied pursuant to such legislation	6,000	5,250
Other services relating to taxation	22,500	22,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

7.	Employees		
	Staff costs were as follows:		
		. 2020 £	2019 £
	Wages and salaries	3,166,021	2,876,435
	Social security costs	393,187	360,662
	Defined contribution pension scheme	135,484	123,004
		3,694,692	3,360,101
	The average monthly number of persons employed during the year was as f	ollows:	
		2020	2019
		No.	No.
	Fee earners	27	28
	Administrative staff	14	14
		41	42
8.	Information in relation to members		
		2020 Number	2019 Number
	The average number of members during the year was	10	9
		2020 £	2019 £
	The average members' remuneration during the year was	962,167	1,030,478
	Paid under the terms of the LLP agreement	9,621,667	9,274,302
	The amount of profit attributable to the member with the largest entitlement was	1,287,612	1,379,170
	Key management personnel that have the authority and responsibility controlling the activities of the LLP, directly or indirectly, are the members.	for planning,	directing and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

9.	Interest receivable				
				2020 £	2019 £
	Other interest receivable			15,138	9,951
10.	Interest payable and similar expenses				
				2020 £	2019 £
	Other loan interest payable			146	1,190
	Finance leases and hire purchase contracts			3,849	3,711
				3,995	4,901
11.	Tangible fixed assets				
		S/Term Leasehold Property <u>£</u>	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment £	Total <u>⊊</u>
	Cost		•		
	At 1 April 2019 Additions	930,520	459,343 11,751	173,553 42,286	1,563,416 54,037
	At 31 March 2929	930,520	471,094	215,839	1,617,453
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2019	927,402	423,039	101,358	1,451,799
	Charge for the year on owned assets	1,976	28,860	34,414	65,250
	At 31 March 2020	929,378	451,899	135,772	1,517,049
	Net book value	· 			
	At 31 March 2020	1,142	19,195	80,067	100,404
	At 31 March 2019	3,118	36,304	72,195 ====================================	111,617

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

11. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

		2020 £	2019 £
	Fixtures and fittings	2,391	20,966
12.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	3,553,992	3,155,058
	Accrued income	1,211,105	1,451,709
	Other debtors	206,183	454,648
	Prepayments	417,680	321,841
		5,388,960	5,383,256

There is no bad debt charge in the Income Statement during this financial year or the preceding year.

13. Cash and cash equivalents

		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	3,718,010	4,566,196
44	Creditera, amounto falling due within one year		
14.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors	1,031,108	889,343
	Other taxation and social security	400,545	93,554
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	16,065	16,065
	Other creditors	1,300	61,233
	Accruals	210,813	403,668
		1,359,831	1,463,863

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2020

16. Hire purchase and finance leases

15.

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts

	£	£
Within one year	16,065	16,065
Between 1-5 years	1,913	17,978
	17,978	34,043

17. Financial instruments

	2020 £	2019 £
Financial assets	4	2
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	3,718,010	4,566,196
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	4,971,280	5,061,415
	8,689,290	9,627,611
Financial liabilities		

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost 1,243,221 1,120,490

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand:

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, other creditors and accruals.

2019 £

17,978

2019

1,913

2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

18. Analysis of Net Debt

	At 1 April 2019 £	Arising from cash flows	Other non- cash <u>changes</u> £	At 31 March 2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	4,566,196	(848,186)	-	3,718,010
Finance leases	(34,043)	16,065	-	(17,978)
Net debt (before members' debt)	4,532,153	(832,121)	-	3,700,032
Loans and other debts due to members				
Members' capital	(2,570,000)	(60,000)	(580,000)	(3,210,000)
Other amounts due to members	(6,009,228)	10,415,265	(9,041,667)	(4,635,630)
	(4,047,075)	9,523,144	(9,621,667)	(4,145,598)

19. Pension commitments

The LLP operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the LLP in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the entity to the fund and amounted to £135,484 (2019: £123,004). Contributions totaling £1,300 (2019: £1,233) were payable to the scheme at the reporting date.

20. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2020 the LLP had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
	_	
Not later than 1 year	409,433	503,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	2,001,670	1,886,250
Later than 5 years	-	353,333
	2,411,103	2,742,583