SilverStreet Capital LLP

Members' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Registered number: OC325502

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Information

Designated members

G Vaughan-Smith N Vaughan-Smith

LLP registered number

OC325502

Registered office

Coveham House Downside Bridge Road

Cobham Surrey KT11 3EP

Independent auditor

Buzzacott LLP 130 Wood Street

London EC2V 6DL

Banker

Coutts and Co 440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

SilverStreet Capital LLP

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Members' report

For the year ended 31 March 2018

The members present their report together with the audited financial statements of SilverStreet Capital LLP ('the LLP') for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the LLP is the provision of investment advisory and management services.

Designated members

Designated members during the year and up to the date of this report were:

G Vaughan-Smith ('the Managing Member') N Vaughan-Smith

Policy for members' profits, bonuses drawings, subscriptions and repayment of members' capital

Policies for members' profits, drawings, bonuses and transfers from equity to debt, subscriptions and repayment of members' capital are governed by the Limited Liability Partnership Agreement originally dated 27 March 2007, which was updated and amended on 16 March 2015 and 24 July 2015. In summary, the Managing Member determines the capital contribution to be made by each member which shall be repayable only on winding up. The Managing Member has discretion to determine the level of each member's drawings, except that the Managing Member is entitled to withdraw such amounts as required to discharge expenses which have not otherwise been reimbursed.

During the year ended 31 March 2018, no member introduced or withdrew capital.

Members' responsibilities statement

The members are responsible for preparing the members' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law, as applied to LLPs, requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law, as applied to LLPs, the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will
 continue in business.

Members' report (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Members' responsibilities statement (continued)

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of the Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the members on 25 July 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

G Vaughan-Smith

Designated member



Independent auditor's report to the members of SilverStreet Capital LLP

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of SilverStreet Capital LLP (the 'LLP') for the year ended 31 March 2018, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of cash flows, the Reconciliation of members' interests and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the LLP's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the members have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the LLP's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



Independent auditor's report to the members of SilverStreet Capital LLP (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships, requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the Members' responsibilities statement on page 1, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the LLP's members in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied by Part 12 of The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Applications of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the LLP's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the LLP and the LLP's members for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Katherine While Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of **Buzzacott LLP** Statutory Auditor 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL

25 July 2018

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Revenue	4	2,600,597	1,956,715
Gross profit Administrative expenses		2,600,597 (1,503,160)	1,956,715 (1,363,448)
Operating profit	5	1,097,437	593,267
Interest receivable and similar income	9	2,443	45
Profit before tax		1,099,880	593,312
Profit for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares		1,099,880	593,312
Profit for the year before members' remuneration and profit shares Members' remuneration charged as an expense		1,099,880 (681,054)	593,312 (461,212)
Profit for the financial year available for discretionary division among members		418,826	132,100

There was no other comprehensive income for 2018 or 2017.

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position As at 31 March 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets			_		_
Tangible assets	10		29,114		27,542
			29,114		27,542
Current assets			•		,
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	11	1,111,853		780,894	
Cash at bank and in hand	12	303,374		62,999	
		1,415,227		843,893	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(615,284)		(414,004)	
Net current assets			799,943		429,889
Total assets less current liabilities		-	829,057	_	457,431
Net assets		_	829,057	_	457,431
Represented by:		=		=	
Loans and other debts due to members within one year	14		84,900		_
Members' other interests			·		
Members' capital classified as equity		325,331		325,331	
Other reserves classified as equity		418,826		132,100	
			744,157		457,431
		_	829,057		457,431
Total members' interests		_		-	
Amounts due from members (included in					(555.000)
debtors)	11		(830,457)		(577,829)
Loans and other debts due to members Members' other interests	14		84,900 744,157		- 457,431
monisors street interests			7 7 7, 107		
			(1,400)		(120,398)
		=		=	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the members and were signed on their behalf on 25 July 2018.

G Vaughan-Smith Designated member

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of members' interests

For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Equity Members' other	interests		Debt Loans and of due to memb amounts due members in o	ers less any from	Total members' interests
	Members' capital (classified as equity) £	Other reserves	Total £	Other amounts £	Total £	Total £
Amounts due from members				(639,684)	(639,684)	
Balance at 1 April 2016	325,331	483,931	809,262	(639,684)	(639,684)	169,578
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	_		-	461,212	461,212	461,212
Profit for the year available for discretionary division among members		132,100	132,100	<u>-</u>	-	132,100
Members' interests after profit for the year	325,331	616,031	941,362	(178,472)	(178,472)	762,890
Other division of profits	-	(483,931)	(483,931)	483,931	483,931	-
Drawings		-	-	(883,288)	(883,288)	(883,288)
Amounts due from members				(577,829)	(577,829)	
Balance at 31 March 2017	325,331	132,100	457,431	(577,829)	(577,829)	(120,398)
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	_	-	-	681,054	681,054	681,054
Profit for the year available for discretionary division among members		418,826	418,826		<u>-</u>	418,826
Members' interests after profit for the year	325,331	550,926	876,257	103,225	103,225	979,482
Other division of profits	-	(132,100)	(132,100)	132,100	132,100	-
Drawings			-	(980,882)	(980,882)	(980,882)
Amounts due to members				84,900	84,900	
Amounts due from members				(830,457)	(830,457)	
Balance at 31 March 2018	325,331 	418,826	744,157	(745,557)	(745,557)	(1,400)

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

The members are only permitted to reduce the amount of "Members' other interests" at the LLP's sole discretion.

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 March 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash flows from operating activities	~	~
Profit for the financial year	418,826	132,100
Adjustments for:		•
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	681,054	461,212
Depreciation of tangible assets	13,641	8,054
Interest received	(2,443)	(45)
(Increase) in debtors	(78,331)	(101,291)
Increase in creditors	201,280	314,391
Net cash generated from operating activities before transactions with members	1,234,027	814,421
Members' remuneration charged as an expense paid	(596,154)	(461,212)
Net cash generated from operating activities	637,873	353,209
Cash flows from investing activities	,	,
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(15,213)	(25,624)
Interest received	2,443	45
Net cash used in investing activities	(12,770)	(25,579)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Distribution paid to members	(384,728)	(422,076)
Net cash used in financing activities	(384,728)	(422,076)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	240,375	(94,446)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	62,999	157,445
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	303,374	62,999
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	303,374	62,999
~	303,374	62,999

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2018

1. General information

SilverStreet Capital LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England & Wales. The registered office is Coveham House, Downside Bridge Road, Cobham, Surrey, KT11 3EP. The registered number is OC325502.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006 and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships".

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the LLP accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue comprises investment advisory, management and service fees.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the LLP and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the LLP will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably, and;
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The LLP adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the LLP. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 March 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings

4 years

Computer equipment

- 3 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.4 Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the LLP's cash management.

2.7 Financial instruments

The LLP only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade creditors or debtors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The impairment loss is measured as the excess of an asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the LLP would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

For the year ended 31 March 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The LLP's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'other operating income'.

2.10 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The LLP operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the LLP pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the LLP has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the LLP in independently administered funds.

2.12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31 March 2018

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the reporting date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. There are no judgements or estimates which are considered to have a significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

4. Analysis of revenue

An analysis of revenue by class of business is as follows:

Investment advisory fees 2,600,597 1,956,715 2,600,597 2			2018 £	2017 £
All revenue arose within the United Kingdom. 5. Operating profit The operating profit is stated after charging: Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Exchange differences 13,641 8,054 Exchange differences 37,613 (12,252) 6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 2017 £ £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts 9,000 9,000 Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000		Investment advisory fees	2,600,597	1,956,715
5. Operating profit The operating profit is stated after charging: 2018 2017 £ £ £ Depreciation of tangible fixed assets 13,641 8,054 Exchange differences 37,613 (12,252) 6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 2017 £ £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts 9,000 9,000 Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000			2,600,597	1,956,715
The operating profit is stated after charging: 2018 2017 £ £ £ Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Exchange differences 37,613 (12,252) 6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 2017 £ £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts Pees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000		All revenue arose within the United Kingdom.		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Exchange differences 13,641 8,054 Exchange differences 37,613 (12,252) 6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 2017 £ £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services Taxation compliance services 2018 2017 £ £ £ Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000	5.	Operating profit		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Exchange differences 13,641 8,054 8,054 8,054 13,643 (12,252) 6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 £ £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000		The operating profit is stated after charging:		
Exchange differences 37,613 (12,252) 6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 2017 £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000				
6. Auditor's remuneration 2018 2017 £ £ Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts 9,000 9,000 Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000		Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	13,641	8,054
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services Taxation compliance services 2018 2017 £ 1,000 1,000 2,000		Exchange differences	37,613 	(12,252)
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates for the audit of the LLP's annual accounts Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services Taxation compliance services £ £ £ £ £ 1,000 9,00	6.	Auditor's remuneration		
Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of: Audit related assurance services Taxation compliance services 9,000 9,000 1,000 1,000 2,000				
Audit related assurance services 1,000 1,000 Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000			9,000	9,000
Taxation compliance services 2,000 2,000		Fees payable to the LLP's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
·		Audit related assurance services	1,000	1,000
All other non audit services not included above 35,258 30,230		Taxation compliance services	2,000	2,000
		All other non audit services not included above	35,258	30,230

For the year ended 31 March 2018

7. Staff costs and average numbers of employees

Staff costs were as follows:

	Staff costs were as follows:		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Wages and salaries	587,615	360,024
	Social security costs	69,203	44,063
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	4,491	4,057
		661,309	408,144
	The average monthly number of persons employed, excluding members, during the	year was as follows	3 :
		2018 No.	2017 No.
	Office and management	7	5
8.	Information in relation to members		
		2018 No.	2017 No.
	The average number of members during the year was	5	5
		2018 £	2017 £
	The amount of profit attributable to the member with the largest entitlement was	319,826	188,750
9.	Interest receivable		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other interest receivable	2,443	45

For the year ended 31 March 2018

10. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2017	2,221	46,075	48,296
Additions	11,347	3,866	15,213
Disposals	-	(1,325)	(1,325)
At 31 March 2018	13,568	48,616	62,184
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2017	1,430	19,324	20,754
Charge for the year	1,243	12,398	13,641
Disposals	-	(1,325)	(1,325)
At 31 March 2018	2,673	30,397	33,070
Net book value			
At 31 March 2018	10,895	18,219	29,114
At 31 March 2017	791	26,751	27,542

For the year ended 31 March 2018

Debtors	11.	. C	eb(tors	
---------------------------	-----	-----	-----	------	--

11.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors	9,466	17,611
	Other debtors	219,274	129,998
	Prepayments and accrued income	52,656	55,456
	Amounts due from members	830,457	577,829
		1,111,853	780,894
12.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	303,374	62,999
13.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	14,431	111,977
	Other taxation and social security	36,164	74,850
	Other creditors	285,480	-
	Accruals and deferred income	279,209	227,177
		615,284	414,004
14.	Loans and other debts due to members		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other amounts due to members	(84,900)	-
		(84,900)	,

Loans and other debts due to members rank equally with debts due to ordinary creditors in the event of a winding up.

For the year ended 31 March 2018

15. Financial instruments

	2018 £	2017 £
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	303,374	62,999
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	1,059,197	725,438
	1,362,571	788,437
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(497,448)	(152,228)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors and amounts due from members.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, other creditors and accruals.

16. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2018 or 31 March 2017.

17. Capital commitments

The LLP had no capital commitments at 31 March 2018 or 31 March 2017.

18. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2018 the LLP had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2018	2017
•	£	£
Not later than 1 year	79,181	-
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	18,656	-
	97,837	_

For the year ended 31 March 2018

19. Related party transactions

During the year, the LLP earned advisory fees from SilverStreet Management S.à.r.I of £1,194,981 (2017: £1,530,156). At 31 March 2018, £285,408 (2017: £nil) was owed by the LLP to SilverStreet Management S.à.r.I.

SilverStreet Management S.à.r.l is a related party by virtue of Mr G Vaughan-Smith being a member of key management of the company.

During the year, the LLP earned advisory fees from SilverStreet Management II S.à.r.I of £996,847 (2017: £199,053). At 31 March 2018, £nil (2017: £nil) was owed to the LLP by SilverStreet Management II S.à.r.I.

SilverStreet Management II S.à.r.l is a related party by virtue of Mr G Vaughan-Smith being a member of key management of the company.

During the year, the LLP earned advisory fees from SilverStreet Private Equity Strategies Soparfi S.à.r.I of £408,769 (2017: £227,506). At 31 March 2018, £nil (2017: £nil) was owed to the LLP by SilverStreet Private Equity Strategies Soparfi S.à.r.I.

SilverStreet Private Equity Strategies Soparfi S.à.r.l is a related party by virtue of Mr G Vaughan-Smith being a member of key management of the company.

Key management personnel compensation

Certain members of the LLP who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the LLP are considered to be key management personnel. Total compensation in respect of these individuals collectively for the year ended 31 March 2018 was £972,292 (2017: £519,346).

20. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party of SilverStreet Capital LLP is Mr G Vaughan-Smith by virtue of his majority share of the LLP's capital and voting rights.