McDonald's Real Estate LLP

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2012

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Partnership OC303157

Partnership information

Designated Members

McDonald's Real Estate Company No 1 Limited McDonald's Real Estate Company No 2 Limited

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Registered Office

11-59 High Road East Finchley London N2 8AW Partnership Registered No OC303157

Members' report

The members present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Results

The Limited Liability Partnership ('the LLP') made a profit for the year, after taxation, of £37,377k (2011 – profit of £49,838k)

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal purpose of McDonald's Real Estate LLP is to undertake activities including acquiring, holding, managing and disposing of assets including properties and investments

Turnover comprises inter-group recharges made to McDonald's Restaurants Limited for its use of company properties over the normal course of business. There are two elements to the recharges, for leasehold properties the amount equates to the third party rental cost with no further mark-up, and for freehold properties it is based on a fixed percentage of turnover.

Therefore results are in part dependent on the performance of stores operating within McDonald's Restaurants Limited Turnover increased by £3 5m to £85 3m, which reflects the increase in turnover in McDonald's Restaurants Limited

The improved performance carried down to operating profit, which increased by £3 0m to £40 3m

Future developments

The level of business and the period end financial position remain satisfactory for both the LLP and its subsidiaries and the members are confident to be able to develop the business further in the future

Key performance indicators

McDonald's Corporation Inc, the ultimate parent undertaking, manages its KPIs at a segment and geographical level. These KPIs are discussed within the financial statements of McDonald's Corporation Inc, which are publicly available. As a result the members have taken the decision not to disclose KPIs in these financial statements as they are not necessary to understand the performance or position of the company.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Given the nature of the LLP's operations, all risks and uncertainties facing the company are intrinsically linked to McDonald's Restaurants Limited. The directors deem the key risks to the LLP to be the ability of McDonald's Restaurants Limited to meet its debts to the LLP as they fall due, and the effect on the LLP of its subsidiary ceasing to trade within its properties.

The principal risks and uncertainties of McDonald's Restaurants Limited are discussed by its directors within its own financial statements

Members' report (continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The LLP uses various financial instruments including cash, trade debtors, trade creditors and amounts due to and from group undertakings that arise directly from its operations

The existence of these financial instruments exposes the LLP to a number of financial risks, which are described in more detail below

The main risks arising from the LLP's financial instruments are interest rate risk and liquidity risk

The members review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below These policies have remained unchanged from previous years

Liquidity risk

The LLP seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably. The LLP's policy throughout the year has been to achieve this through management's day to day involvement in business decisions rather than setting maximum or minimum liquidity ratios.

Interest rate risk

The LLP finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits and its inter-group borrowings. The interest rate risk on these borrowings is managed by the LLP's ultimate parent undertaking, McDonald's Corporation Inc.

Going concern

The LLP's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, its financial position, financial risk management objectives, details of its financial instruments and derivative activities and its exposure liquidity and interest rate risk are described in the Principal Risks and Uncertainties on pages 2 and 3

After making enquiries and obtaining a letter of support from the parent undertaking the members have a reasonable expectation that the company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Members and their interests

The two members of the LLP are McDonald's Real Estate Company No 1 Limited (MREC1) and McDonald's Real Estate Company No 2 Limited (MREC2)

Each member's share of and interest in the income and capital of the LLP shall equal that percentage of the aggregate Capital accounts of all the members constituted by such member's Capital Account

Members' report (continued)

Auditor

The auditor, Ernst & Young LLP is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

On behalf of the members

17 JUL 2013

Paul Pomroy

Statement of members' responsibilities

The members are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Legislation applicable to limited liability partnerships requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under the relevant legislation the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the members are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the LLP's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

Independent auditor's report

to the members of McDonald's Real Estate LLP

We have audited the financial statements of McDonald's Real Estate LLP for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 15 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of members and auditor

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the limited liability partnership's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the designated members, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Members Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the limited liability partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008

Independent auditor's report (continued)

to the members of McDonald's Real Estate LLP

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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Julie Carlyle (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP (Statutory Auditor)
London

22 July 2013

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2012

		2012	2011
	Notes	£000	£000
Turnover	2	85,329	81,772
Cost of sales		(45,011)	(44,501)
Operating profit	3	40,318	37,271
Income from investments		-	15,598
Interest payable and similar charges	5 _	(2,941)	(3,031)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		37,377	49,838
Tax	6	-	-
Profit for the financial year	12	37,377	49,838

All activities of the partnership are regarded as continuing

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 December 2012

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit attributable to members of £37,377k in the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011 – profit of £49,838k)

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011
	Notes	£000	£000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7	306,965	311,965
Investments	8	37,724	37,724
	_	344,689	349,689
Current assets			
Debtors	9	233,241	185,730
	_	233,241	185,730
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(358,705)	(355,486)
Net current Liabilities	_	(125,464)	(169,756)
Total assets less current liabilities		219,225	179,933
Provisions for liabilities	11	(3,967)	(2,052)
Net Assets	-	215,258	177,881
Members' interests			
Members' capital	12	109,269	109,269
Members' funds	12	105,989	68,612
	12	215,258	177,881

These financial statements were approved by the members on by

and are signed on their behalf

For and on Behalf of Board

17 JUL 2013

PAUL POMROY.

at 31 December 2012

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law)

The accounting policies adopted by the LLP are set out below and are consistent with those of the previous year

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

Group financial statements

The LLP is exempt from the requirements to prepare group report and financial statements by virtue of the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2001 made under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000. The financial statements therefore present information about the LLP as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Going concern

The members have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. McDonald's Real Estate LLP's parent undertaking, McDonald's Corporation Inc, has indicated its willingness to support the LLP for the foreseeable future, by way of acting as a guarantor of the LLP's overdraft facility.

Statement of cash flows

McDonald's Real Estate LLP has adopted the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised 1996) The LLP has therefore taken advantage of the exemption in the Standard and has not prepared a statement of cash flows on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 per cent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the Group, and group financial statements in which the LLP is included are publicly available

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the Partnership obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes or duty.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Partnership's right to receive payment is established

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

All tangible fixed assets are held at cost. Depreciation is provided on all fixed assets other than freehold land and long leasehold land where the unexpired portion of the lease is longer than one hundred years. The rates used are calculated to write off the cost of each asset by equal annual instalments over its expected useful life, as follows.

Freehold and long leasehold buildings

40 years

Long leasehold land

- the last 100 years of the lease

Short leasehold land and buildings

40 years or the unexpired portion of the lease

plus 14 years if shorter

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable



at 31 December 2012

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Investments are accounted for at the lower of cost or net realisable value

The carrying values of investments are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

Capitalised interest

Interest incurred in the period during which assets are being prepared for their intended use by McDonald's Real Estate LLP is capitalised as part of the costs of the assets and amortised in accordance with the useful life of the related asset. Interest to be capitalised is based on the average monthly rate for all borrowings.

Leased equipment

Where assets are financed by lease agreements that give rights approximating to ownership, they are included in fixed assets at amounts equivalent to cost as if they had been purchased outright. Leased assets are depreciated over their expected useful life.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Taxation

Any charge to corporation tax arising on the profits of the LLP is a liability of the LLP's corporate members and is reflected in their financial statements

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions

- Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable, and
- Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the members consider that it is more likely
 than not that there will be suitable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing
 differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation is recognised in the financial statements of the corporate members of the partnership

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction where possible, and at an average rate in all other cases. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

2. Turnover

Turnover represents income received from other group companies for rental of properties owned or leased by McDonald's Real Estate LLP

at 31 December 2012

3. Operating p	profit
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	This is stated after sharein			
	This is stated after chargin	g.		
			2012	2011
			£000	£000
	Auditor's remuneration	- audit services	12	12
	Depreciation	owned assets	8,782	7,830
		 leased assets 	6,941	7,334
	Operating lease rentals	- land and buildings	26,603	26,026
	(Gain)/loss on the routine	disposal of fixed assets		131
4.	Staff costs			
7.		I. D. did not have any ampleyees in 2012 on 2011		
	WICDONAID'S Real Estate L	LP did not have any employees in 2012 or 2011		
5.	Interest payable and	l similar charges		
		•	2012	2011
			£000	£000
	Due to parent and affiliate	d undertakings	2,941	3,031
		- -	2,941	3,031
6.	Tax			
	(a) Tax on the profit of	n ordinary activities		
	The tax charge, which is t	he liability of the partners, is made up as follows		
			2012	2011
			£000	£000
	Current tax			
	UK corporation tax		6,334	3,113
	Taxation under provided i	n previous years	224	247
	Total current tax (note 6(b		6,558	3,360
	Deferred tax			
	Origination and reversal o	f timing difference	173	703
	Deferred tax charge/(credi	it) related to tax rate changes	(1,650)	(1,630)
	Taxation over provided in	· ·	73	625
	Total deferred tax (note 6)		(1,404)	(302)
	Tax on the profit on ordin	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5,154	3,058

This tax liability is met by the partners and therefore it is not reflected in the financial statements of McDonald's Real Estate LLP

at 31 December 2012

6. Tax (continued)

(b)	Factors affecting the current tax charge for the year
The t	ax assessed for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 50%

(2011 – 26 5%) The differences are explained below

(2011 – 26 3%) The differences are explained below		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	37,377	49,838
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in		,
the UK of 24 50% (2011 – 26 5%)	9,157	13,207
Effects of		
Accelerated capital allowances	(215)	(942)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,534	2,762
Other timing differences	46	252
Group relief claimed	(5,188)	(8,032)
Dividend non-taxable under section 931E CTA 2009	-	(4,134)
Under provision in prior years	224	247
Tax charge met by partners	(6,558)	(3,360)
Tax charge for the year		
(c) Deferred tax		
The deferred tax included in the balance sheet of the partners is as follows		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Accelerated capital allowances	18,233	19,525
Other timing differences	739	850
Provision for deferred tax	18,972	20,376
		£000
At 1 January 2012		20,376
Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account		246
Deferred tax charge/(credit) related to tax rate changes		(1,650)
At 31 December 2012	_	18,972
The deferred tax balance is attributable to the members of the LLP as follows		
The deferred tax varance is attributable to the Highliners of the LLF as follows		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
McDonald's Real Estate Company No 1 Ltd (99 73%)	18,921	20,321
McDonald's Real Estate Company No 2 Ltd (0 27%)	51	55
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

at 31 December 2012

6. Tax (continued)

Finance Act 2012 reduced the main rate of corporation tax to 23%, with effect from 1 April 2013. The effect of this change on the deferred tax liability is reflected in these accounts.

It was subsequently proposed in the Budget on 20 March 2013 that the main rate of corporation tax would be reduced to 21% with effect from 1 April 2014, with further 1% annual reductions taking the rate to 20% from 1 April 2015. At the balance sheet date, the new legislation had not been substantively enacted, and therefore the revised reduced rate of 21% is not reflected in these accounts.

The impact of the 20% rate on the deferred tax liability at 31 December 2012 would be a reduction in the liability of £2,475k. Of this £2,468k relates to McDonald's Real Estate Co. 1 Ltd and £7k to McDonald's Real Estate Co. 2 Ltd.

7. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and
	buildings
	£000
Cost	
At 1 January 2012	383,489
Additions	3,220
Transfer from group companies	8,428
Disposals	(2,632)
At 31 December 2012	392,505
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2012	71,524
Provided during the year	15,723
Impairment charge	-
Disposals	(1,949)
Transfer from group companies	242
At 31 December 2012	85,540
Net book value	
At 31 December 2012	306,965
At 1 January 2012	311,965
All assets are made available to other group companies, normally through operating leases	
(a) Net book value of land and buildings consists of	
2012	2011
£000£	
Freehold 228,455	228,042
Long leasehold 44,900	47,661
Short leasehold 33,610	36,262
306,965	311,965

at 31 December 2012

7. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Included in the net book value of tangible fixed assets is capitalised interest as follows

£000

At 1 January 2012

6,546

At 31 December 2012

6,133

The weighted average interest rate used for capitalising finance costs during the year was 3 23% (2011 – 4 42%)

8. Investment in subsidiary undertakings

£000

At 1 January 2012 and 31 December 2012

37,724

McDonald's Real Estate LLP has a wholly owned subsidiary, McDonald's Restaurants Limited Principal activity

The principal activity of McDonald's Restaurants Limited is the operation of a chain of limited menu quick service restaurants

McDonald's Restaurants Limited is incorporated in England and Wales and operates in the United Kıngdom

No investments are listed

Debtors

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Amounts due from fellow subsidiary undertakings	197,162	151,428
Amounts due from parent undertakings	12,346	12,560
Prepayments	23,733	21,742
	233,241	185,730

at 31 December 2012

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Bank overdraft	355,317	352,318
Amounts due to parent undertakings	2,593	2,593
Trade Creditors	-	39
Accruals	795	536
	358,705	355,486

11. Provisions for liabilities

	costs £000
At 1 January 2012	2,052
Arising during the year	4,192
Utilised during the year	(2,277)
At 31 December 2012	3,967

Restaurant closure costs

A provision is recognised for closed restaurants to cover strip out costs, ongoing lease costs and any additional closure costs

12. Members' interests

			Total
	Members'	Members'	members'
	capıtal	funds	interests
	£000	£000	£000
At 1 January 2011	109,269	44,726	153,995
Profit for the year	-	49,838	49,838
Payments to members	-	(25,952)	(25,952)
At 1 January 2012	109,269	68,612	177,881
Profit for the year	-	37,377	37,377
At 31 December 2012	109,269	105,989	215,258

The two members of the partnership are McDonald's Real Estate Company No 1 Limited (99 73% of voting rights) and McDonald's Real Estate Company No 2 Limited (0 27% of voting rights)

Closure

at 31 December 2012

13. Lease commitments

McDonald's Real Estate LLP has annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases for land and buildings as follows

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Leases expiring within one year	428	1,024
Leases expiring in two to five years	6,973	6,253
Leases expiring in more than five years	21,085	19,073
	28,486	26,350

14. Related party transactions

McDonald's Real Estate LLP has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8 not to disclose related party transactions as 100 per cent of the voting rights are controlled within the Group

15. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertakings are McDonald's Real Estate Company No 1 Limited and McDonald's Real Estate Company No 2 Limited

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the LLP are consolidated is headed by the LLP's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party, McDonald's Corporation Inc, incorporated in the United States of America Copies of McDonald's Corporation's financial statements can be obtained from McDonald's Plaza, Oak Brook, Illinois 60521, USA