

Dixons Investments Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Dixons Investments Limited

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Dixons Investments Limited

(Registration number: NI646702)

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		-	100
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>4</u>	<u>(1,401)</u>	<u>(1,199)</u>
Net liabilities		<u>(1,401)</u>	<u>(1,099)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>5</u>	1	1
Retained earnings		<u>(1,402)</u>	<u>(1,100)</u>
Shareholders' deficit		<u>(1,401)</u>	<u>(1,099)</u>

For the financial year ending 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 14 December 2022

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Mr Daniel Dixon Jnr
Director

Dixons Investments Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in Northern Ireland.

The address of its registered office is:
50 Bedford Street
Belfast
County Antrim
BT2 7FW

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 14 December 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Dixons Investments Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 0 (2021 - 0).

4 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	6	2	-
Accruals and deferred income		1,000	800
Other creditors		399	399
		<u>1,401</u>	<u>1,199</u>

5 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		2021	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

6 Loans and borrowings

	2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>

7 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Gaultstown Ten Limited, incorporated in Northern Ireland.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.