

Company registration number: NI629312

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

Unaudited filleted abridged financial statements

29 February 2020



Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

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Statement of consent to prepare abridged financial statements

All of the members of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 29 February 2020 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

Directors and other information

Director	Mr Dale Carson
Company number	NI629312
Registered office	River House Home avenue Newry Co.Down BT34 2DL
Business address	42 Holburn Hall Lisburn Co.Down BT27 5AU
Accountants	Phelan & Prescott River House Home Avenue Newry Co.Down BT34 2DL
Bankers	First Trust 34-36 Market square Lisburn Co.Antrim BT28 1AG

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

**Report to the director on the preparation of the
unaudited statutory financial statements of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited
Year ended 29 February 2020**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited for the year ended 29 February 2020 which comprise the abridged statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of Chartered Accountants Ireland, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie.

This report is made solely to the director of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of Chartered Accountants Ireland as detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Disclosure Integrity Training Limited and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Disclosure Integrity Training Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited. You consider that Disclosure Integrity Training Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Disclosure Integrity Training Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Phelan Prescott

Phelan & Prescott

River House
Home Avenue
Newry
Co.Down
BT34 2DL

5 August 2020

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

**Abridged statement of financial position
29 February 2020**

	Note	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	34		51	
			34		51
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		242		800	
		242		800	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,322)		(1,467)	
Net current liabilities			(1,080)		(667)
Total assets less current liabilities			(1,046)		(616)
Net liabilities			(1,046)		(616)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(1,146)		(716)
Shareholders deficit			(1,046)		(616)

For the year ending 29 February 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

Abridged statement of financial position (continued)
29 February 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 August 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'D Carson', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Mr Dale Carson
Director

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 29 February 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is River House, Home avenue, Newry, Co.Down, BT34 2DL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 29 February 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Disclosure Integrity Training Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 29 February 2020

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 March 2019 and 29 February 2020	1,217
Depreciation	
At 1 March 2019	1,165
Charge for the year	18
At 29 February 2020	1,183
Carrying amount	
At 29 February 2020	34
At 28 February 2019	52