#### REGISTERED NUMBER: 06690851 (England and Wales)

**Wayland Games Limited** 

Group Strategic Report,

Report of the Director and

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

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# Wayland Games Limited

# Company Information for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

Director:	R Lawford
Registered office:	Units 17-19 Eldon Way Hockley Essex SS5 4AD
Registered number:	06690851 (England and Wales)
Auditors:	Stirk Lambert & Co Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Russell Chambers 61A North St Keighley West Yorkshire BD21 3DS

#### Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

The director presents his strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 30 September 2021.

#### Review of business

The company's principal activity continued to be that of the online retail sale of games.

The company continued its strong increase in both turnover and profit, along with acquiring two subsidiaries, Beasts of War Limited, and Rolltogether Limited. Its American subsidiary, Wayland Games Inc was dissolved during the year.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The process of risk acceptance and risk management is addressed by an ongoing review by the director and senior management.

Business risks and uncertainties affecting the company include the uncertain outcome of future trading arrangements with Europe.

#### Section 172(1) statement

The Director has and continues to act in good faith to ensure the business' success for the benefit of a wide range of stakeholders.

These stakeholders include:

#### -Employees

The company is committed to equal opportunities for all and a workplace free from harassment and discrimination. The company will select, recruit, employ and promote staff based on the abilities of the individual regardless of sex, age, race, disability, ethnicity or region.

#### -Suppliers

The Company relies on its suppliers to provide quality services to maintain the highest standards of safety and reliability in meeting the needs of our customers. The Company is committed to having professional and ethical relationships with its suppliers and the Company clearly articulates its stances on anti-corruption, anti-bribery, and modern slavery with all its suppliers ensuring the highest standards of ethics are met.

#### -Customers

The Company works to maintain a professional and ethical relationship with all its customers and is again clear on its stance on anti-corruption, anti-bribery, and modern slavery.

#### -The local community and environment

The Company has a corporate social responsibility to operate safely and effectively within the local community and reduce its environmental impact.

The Director of Wayland Games Limited understands the need to act fairly and to consider the impact of any decision-making, long or short term, on these groups.

#### Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### Financial risk management

Credit Risk - This is managed by the constant monitoring of our internal systems to ensure debts are collected in a timely manner.

Liquidity Risk - The company maintains strong cash balances to ensure liabilities are met promptly.

### **Future developments**

The director considers that the company is well placed to take advantage of any increased levels of activity.

#### Key performance indicators

The group's key performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Gross Profit	13,691,276	9,840,241
Profit Before Tax	5,888,944	4,296,850
Shareholder's Funds	9,841,200	7,504,266
Gross Profit %	12.8%	13.1%

Comparative figures are for the 12 month period to 30 September 2020.

On behalf of the board:

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R Lawford - Director

20 December 2022

# Report of the Director for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 30 September 2021.

#### **Dividends**

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 30 September 2021 will be £2,380,000.

#### Director

R Lawford held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2020 to the date of this report.

#### Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Group strategic report, the Report of the director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

# Report of the Director for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# Auditors

The auditors are deemed to be reappointed under the Companies Act 2006, s. 487(2).

On behalf of the board:

DocuSigned by:

R Lawford - Director

20 December 2022

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Wayland Games Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 September 2021 which comprise the Consolidated income statement, Consolidated other comprehensive income, Consolidated balance sheet, Company balance sheet, Consolidated statement of changes in equity, Company statement of changes in equity, Consolidated cash flow statement and Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement, Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 30 September 2021 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group strategic report and the Report of the director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group strategic report and the Report of the director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group strategic report and the Report of the director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group strategic report or the Report of the director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of director's responsibilities set out on page four, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities—including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations were as follows:

- -the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- -we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with the directors and other management and review of appropriate industry knowledge;
- -we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management; and
- -identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by;

- -making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- -considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non- compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we;

- -performed analytical procedures as a risk assessment tool to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- -tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions; and undertook substantive testing on a sample basis;
- -reviewed the application of accounting policies with focus on those with heightened estimation uncertainty.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to;

- -agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- -enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- -reviewing correspondence with HMRC and relevant regulators.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the auditors.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

- DocuSigned by:

Richard Stratton

Richard Stratton (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Stirk Lambert & Co Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
Russell Chambers
61A North St
Keighley
West Yorkshire
BD21 3DS

20 December 2022

# Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	30.9.21 £	30.9.20 £
Turnover	3	106,955,950	74,757,924
Cost of sales		(93,264,674)	(64,917,683)
Gross profit		13,691,276	9,840,241
Administrative expenses		(7,757,660)	(5,176,687)
		5,933,616	4,663,554
Other operating income		57,405	124,016
Operating profit	5	5,991,021	4,787,570
Loss on disposal of operation	6	(101,523)	(493,607)
		5,889,498	4,293,963
Interest receivable and similar income		135	2,887
		5,889,633	4,296,850
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(689)	-
Profit before taxation		5,888,944	4,296,850
Tax on profit	8	(1,172,010)	(416,652)
Profit for the financial year		4,716,934	3,880,198
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		4,716,934	3,880,198

# Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	30.9.21 £	30.9.20 £
Profit for the year		4,716,934	3,880,198
Other comprehensive income		•	-
Total comprehensive income for the	e year	4,716,934	3,880,198
Total comprehensive income attributa Owners of the parent	ble to:	4,716,934	3,880,198

# Consolidated Balance Sheet 30 September 2021

	<b>N</b> 1 .	30.9.21	30.9.20
Pland and	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets	1.2		
Intangible assets	13	447,080	95,134
Tangible assets	14	1,169,926	286,950
Investments	15	-	62
		1,617,006	382,146
Current assets			
Stocks	16	4,097,575	3,234,762
Debtors	17	6,969,552	2,450,066
Cash at bank and in hand		2,048,242	3,709,669
		. 3,115,369	9,394,497
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	18	(1,754,559) ————	(2,224,672)
Net current assets		8,360,810	7,169,825
Total assets less current liabilities		9,977,816	7,551,971
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than	onc		
year	19	(80,263)	-
Provisions for liabilities	23	(56,353)	(47,705)
Net assets		9,841,200	7,504,266
		======================================	

# Consolidated Balance Sheet - continued 30 September 2021

		30.9.21	30.9.20
	Notes	£	£
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	24	200	200
Retained earnings	25	9,841,000	7,504,066
Shareholders' funds		9,841,200	7,504,266

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 20 December 2022 and were signed by:

DocuSigned by:

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R Lawford - Director

## **Company Balance Sheet** 30 September 2021

		30.9.21	30.9.20
<b>1</b> 700	Notes	£	· £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	13	191,879	95,134
Tangible assets	14	1,159,679	286,950
Investments	15	371,522	62
		1,723,080	382,146
Current assets			
Stocks	16	4,043,498	3,234,762
Debtors	17	6,990,537	2,450,066
Cash at bank and in hand		1,966,567	3,709,669
0. 11		13,000,602	9,394,497
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	18	(4,666,864)	(2,224,673)
Net current assets		8,333,738	7,169,824
Total assets less current liabilities		10,056,818	7,551,970
Provisions for liabilities	23	. (56,353)	(47,705)
Net assets	,	10,000,465	7,504,265
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	24	200	200
Retained earnings	25	10,000,265	7,504,065
Shareholders' funds		10,000,465	7,504,265
Company's profit for the financial year		4,876,200	3,880,197

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 20 December 2022 and were signed by:

R Lawford - Director

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained carnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2019	200	3,623,868	3,624,068
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	<u>.</u>	3,880,198	3,880,198
Balance at 30 September 2020	200	7,504,066	7,504,266
Changes in equity			
Dividends	-	(2,380,000)	(2,380,000)
Total comprehensive income		4,716,934	4,716,934
Balance at 30 September 2021	200	9,841,000	9,841,200

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

	Called up		
	share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2019	200	3,623,868	3,624,068
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income		3,880,197	3,880,197
Balance at 30 September 2020	200	7,504,065	7,504,265
Changes in equity			
Dividends	-	(2,380,000)	(2,380,000)
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>	4,876,200	4,876,200
Balance at 30 September 2021	200	10,000,265	10,000,465

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	. 30.9.21 £	30.9.20
Cash flows from operating activities	INOICS	£	£
Cash generated from operations	1	2,118,864	2 646 202
Interest paid	1	(415)	3,646,302
Interest element of hire purchase		(413)	-
payments paid		(274)	
Tax paid		(863,907)	12,846
·			<del></del>
Net cash from operating activities		1,254,268	3,659,148
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(11,603)	_
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,122,520)	(180,768)
Acquisition of subsidiaries		(371,522)	-
Interest received		135	2,887
Net cash from investing activities		(1,505,510)	(177,881)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital repayments in year		9,552	_
Amount introduced by directors		5,904,671	1,675,766
Amount withdrawn by directors		(4,946,389)	(1,824,366)
Movements with group company balances		-	150,629
Equity dividends paid		(2,380,000)	-
Net cash from financing activities		(1,412,166)	2,029
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents at beginning	iivalents	(1,663,408)	3,483,296
of year	2	3,709,669	226,373
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	2	2,046,261	3,709,669

## Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 1. Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations

	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£ .	£
Profit before taxation	5,888,944	4,296,850
Depreciation charges	239,452	224,431
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	101,585	•
Miscellaneous	444	•
Government grants	(2,405)	(69,016)
Finance costs	689	•
Finance income	(135)	(2,887)
	6,228,574	4,449,378
Increase in stocks	(862,813)	(124,490)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(4,493,610)	(1,421,693)
Increase in trade and other creditors	1,246,713	743,107
Cash generated from operations	2,118,864	3,646,302

#### 2. Cash and cash equivalents

The amounts disclosed on the Cash flow statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance sheet amounts:

#### Year ended 30 September 2021

Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	30.9.21 £ 2,048,242 (1,981)	1.10.20 £ 3,709,669
	2,046,261	3,709,669
Year ended 30 September 2020	30.9.20	1.10.19
Cash and cash equivalents	3,709,669	£ 226,373

# Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 3. Analysis of changes in net funds

	At 1.10.20 £	Cash flow £	At 30.9.21
Net cash			
Cash at bank and in hand	3,709,669	(1,661,427)	2,048,242
Bank overdrafts	•	(1,981)	(1,981)
	3,709,669	(1,663,408)	2,046,261
Debt			
Finance leases	-	(9,552)	(9,552)
Debts falling due within 1 year	-	(20,648)	(20,648)
Debts falling due after 1 year	<u> </u>	(73,519)	(73,519)
	·	(103,719)	(103,719)
Total	3,709,669	(1,767,127)	1,942,542

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 1. Statutory information

Wayland Games Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Walcs. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Wayland Games Limited and all its subsidiary undertakings. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgments are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors consider the key accounting estimates to be provisions for obsolete stock, provisions for trade debtors and the estimation of the useful lives of fixed assets.

In determining the recoverable value of stock the directors consider the age and current market demand on an individual product basis.

The directors estimate the provision for trade debtors based on an assessment of specific accounts and use their knowledge of the customers and the market to ensure the correct judgements are applied.

Management have used their expectation of the estimated useful lives of each category of assets in order to ensure the appropriate provision is made for depreciation.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies - continued

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of cost of acquisitions over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities (including intangible assets) of the acquired entitity at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is recognised as an asset and assessed for any indications of impairment at least annually. Any impairment is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

Goodwill is amortised evenly over its useful economic life of ten years.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Patents and licences are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of ten years.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - not provided Short leasehold - 10% on cost

improvements to property - over the term of the lease

Plant and machinery - 33% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies - continued

#### Taxation

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Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 3. Turnover

4.

An analysis of the group's turnover by geographical market is as follows:

·	2021 £	2020 £
United Kingdom	10,072,021	8,322,299
Europe	3,016,687	2,250,372
United States of America	49,312,060	38,851,262
Rest of the world	44,555,182	25,333,991
	106,955,950	74,757,924
Turnover comprises of sales of goods only.		
To Davis I.M. Ame		
Employees and directors	20.0.21	20.0.00
	30.9.21 £	30.9.20 £
Wages and salaries	2,101,503	1,554,920
Social security costs	213,405	167,759
Other pension costs	93,279	241,084
	2,408,187	1,963,763
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
The average number of employees during the year was as follows.	30.9.21	30.9.20
Management	3	3
Manufacturing	1	-
Projects	6	3
Studio	14	11
Operations & warehouse	39	27
	63	44

The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionately consolidated during the year was 63 (2020 - 44).

	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£
Director's remuneration	135,500	135,500
Director's pension contributions to money purchase schemes	23,653	87,900

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

		30.9.21	30.9.20
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	5,574	4,800
	Other operating leases	38,459	42,913
	Depreciation - owned assets	239,544	206,045
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	62	-
	Goodwill amortisation	12,992	200
	Patents and licences amortisation	18,187	18,186
	Foreign exchange differences	(34,062)	(8,475)
	Auditors remuneration	30,000	
		<del></del>	<del></del>
6.	Exceptional items		
		30.9.21	30.9.20
		£	£
	Loss on disposal of operation	(101,523)	(493,607)
		<del></del>	=====

This is a provision for the non recoverability of a loan to a company under common control.

#### 7. Interest payable and similar expenses

	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£
Bank interest	415	-
Hire purchase	274	-
•	<del></del>	
	689	-
	<del>==</del>	=

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 8. Taxation

#### Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

Current tax:	30.9.21 £	30.9.20 £
UK corporation tax Adjustments in respect of prior periods	1,163,362	581,990 (147,943)
Total current tax	1,163,362	434,047
Deferred tax	8,648	(17,395)
Tax on profit	1,172,010	416,652

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19%.

#### Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	30.9.21 £ 5,888,944	30.9.20 £ 4.296,850
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of		<del></del>
19% (2020 - 19%)	1,118,899	816,402
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	19,530	95,464
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	237	7,964
Utilisation of tax losses	-	(80,065)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	-	(147,943)
Deferred taxation	8,648	(17,395)
Interest on overdue taxation	496	-
Tax losses carried forward	24,200	-
Research & development relief	-	(257,775)
Total tax charge	1,172,010	416,652

#### 9. Individual income statement

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of comprehensive income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 10. Dividends

		30.9.21 £	30.9.20 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each		
	Interim	2,380,000	-
		<del></del>	
11.	Retirement benefit schemes		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Charge to profit and loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	69,626	153,184

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### 12. Parent guarantee

Beasts of War Limited, and Rolltogether Limited are entitled to an exemption from audit, under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies, by way of a guarantee from their parent company Wayland Games Limited.

#### 13. Intangible fixed assets

#### Group

		and	
	Goodwill	licences	Totals
·	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 October 2020	2,000	181,864	183,864
Additions	383,125	-	383,125
At 30 September 2021	385,125	181,864	566,989
Amortisation			
At 1 October 2020	. 600	88,130	88,730
Amortisation for year	12,992	18,187	31,179
At 30 September 2021	13,592	106,317	119,909
Net book value			
At 30 September 2021	371,533	75,547	447,080
	1.400	02.724	06.124
At 30 September 2020	1,400	93,734	95,134

Patents

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 13. Intangible fixed assets - continued

#### Company

		Patents and	
	Goodwill	licences	Totals
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 October 2020	2,000	181,864	183,864
Additions	127,924		127,924
At 30 September 2021	129,924	181,864	311,788
Amortisation			
At 1 October 2020	600	88,130	88,730
Amortisation for year	12,992	18,187	31,179
At 30 September 2021	13,592	106,317	119,909
Net book value			
At 30 September 2021	116,332	75,547	191,879
At 30 September 2020	1,400	93,734	95,134
	<del></del>		====

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 14. Tangible fixed assets

#### Group

		Improvements		
	Freehold property £	Short leasehold £	to property £	Plant and machinery £
Cost				-
At 1 October 2020	-	17,385	174,089	271,690
Additions	843,500		<u>-</u>	59,324
At 30 September 2021	843,500	17,385	174,089	331,014
Depreciation				
At I October 2020	-	15,651	131,809	192,308
Charge for year	<del>-</del>	1,734	21,140	54,692
At 30 September 2021	-	17,385	152,949	247,000
Net book value				
At 30 September 2021	<u>843,500</u>		21,140	84,014
At 30 September 2020	<u>.</u>	1,734	42,280	79,382
	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
Cost				
At 1 October 2020	471,315	-	-	934,479
Additions	172,829	14,200	32,667	1,122,520
At 30 September 2021	644,144	14,200	32,667	2,056,999
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2020	307,761	- 	-	647,529
Charge for year	125,358	8,273	28,347	239,544
At 30 September 2021	433,119	8,273	28,347	887,073
Net book value				
At 30 September 2021	211,025	5,927 ==========	4,320	1,169,926
At 30 September 2020	163,554	-	-	286,950
		=====		

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 14. Tangible fixed assets - continued

Comp	oany
------	------

. •	Freehold property	Short leaschold £	Improveme to property £
Cost			
At 1 October 2020 Additions	843,500	17,385	174,089 -
At 30 September 2021	843,500	17,385	174,089
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2020	-	15,651	131,809
Charge for year		1,734	21,140
At 30 September 2021	-	17,385	152,949
Net book value			
At 30 September 2021	843,500		21,140
At 30 September 2020	<u> </u>	1,734	42,280
	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
Cost			-
At 1 October 2020	271,690	471,315	934,479
Additions .	<u>59,324</u>	172,829	1,075,653
At 30 September 2021	331,014	644,144	2,010,132
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2020	192,308	307,761	647,529
Charge for year	54,692	125,358	202,924
At 30 September 2021	247,000	433,119	850,453
Net book value			
At 30 September 2021	84,014	211,025	1,159,679
At 30 September 2020	79,382	163,554	286,950
		<del></del>	

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 15. Fixed asset investments

G	ro	u	p
---	----	---	---

Group	Shares in group undertakin £
Cost At 1 October 2020	62
Disposals	(62)
At 30 September 2021	<del></del>
Net book value	
At 30 September 2021	<u>.</u>
At 30 September 2020	62
Company	Chausa in
	Shares in group undertakin £
Cost	
At 1 October 2020 Additions	62 371,522
Disposals	(62)
At 30 September 2021	371,522
Net book value	
At 30 September 2021	371,522 ======
At 30 September 2020	62

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 15. Fixed asset investments - continued

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 September 2021 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	<b>%</b> 1	Held
Beasts of War Limited	Northern Ireland	Business and domestic software	Ordinary	Direct 100	Indirect
Rolltogether Limited	Northern Ireland	development Retail sale of games and toys in specialised stores	Ordinary	100	

Both subsidiaries were acquired on 1st October 2020, and are consolidated under acquisition accounting.

#### 16. Stocks

Group		Company	
30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
£	£	£	£
4,097,575	3,234,762	4,043,498	3,234,762
	30.9.21 £	30.9.21 30.9.20 £ £	30.9.21 30.9.20 30.9.21 £ £ £

#### 17. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Cor	mpany
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£.	£	£
Trade debtors	85,959	7,188	27,752	7,188
Amounts owed by group undertakings	25,876	-	115,068	-
Other debtors	1,856,560	1,034,836	1,846,560	1,034,836
Prepayments	5,001,157	1,408,042	5,001,157	1,408,042
	6,969,552	2,450,066	6,990,537	2,450,066

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 18. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Cor	прапу
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 20)	22,629	-	-	-
Hire purchase contracts (see note 21)	2,808	-	-	-
Trade creditors	146,566	461,166	105,887	461,167
Corporation tax	881,445	581,990	884,300	581,990
Social security and other taxes	63,491	54,666	44,541	54,666
Other creditors	1,380,687	1,029,648	1,377,202	1,029,648
Directors' current accounts	992,800	34,518	992,800	34,518
Accrued expenses	1,264,133	62,684	1,262,134	62,684
	4,754,559	2,224,672	4,666,864	2,224,673

#### 19. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Grou	
	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 20)	73,519	-
Hire purchase contracts (see note 21)	6,744	-
	80,263	-
	<del></del>	

#### 20. Loans

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group	
	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
Bank overdrafts .	1,981	-
Bank loans	20,648	-
	22,629	-
Amounts falling due between one and two		
years:		
Bank loans - 1-5 years	73,519	-

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

# 21. Leasing agreements

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

#### Group

	Hire purchase	
	contracts	
	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	2,808	-
Between one and five years	6,744	-
	<del></del>	
	9,552	-
	<del></del>	===

#### Company

Non-cancellable operating leases		
operating teases		
30.9.21	30.9.20	
£	£	
35,288	• -	

Within one year

#### 22. Secured debts

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

		Group	
	•	30.9.21	30.9.20
		£	£
Hire purchase contracts		9,552	-
·		==	===

Hire purchase liabilities are secured on the assets to which they relate.

#### 23. Provisions for liabilities

	Gre	Group		Company	
	30.9.21	30.9.20	30.9.21	30.9.20	
	£	£	£	£	
Deferred tax	56,353	47,705	56,353	47,705	
	===		====	===	

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 23. Provisions for liabilities - continued

24.

25.

At 30 September 2021

Provisions	for nabilities - continued			
Group				
				Deferred tax
_				£
Balance at 1 Provided du	October 2020			47,705
				8,648
Balance at 3	0 September 2021			56,353
Company				D.c. I
				Deferred tax
D. I. I	0.4.1			£
Provided du	October 2020 ring year			47,705 8,648
				<del></del>
Balance at 30	0 September 2021			56,353
C !!	4.1			
Called up sl	iare capital			
Allattad ice	ued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	30.9.21	30.9.20
200	Outing	value: £1	£ 200	£ 200
200	Ordinary	£(	===	====
Reserves				
Group				Retained
				earning <i>s</i>
				£
At I October	2020			7,504,066
Profit for the	year			4,716,934 (2,380,000)
Dividends				(4,300,000)

9,841,000

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 25. Reserves - continued

Company

Retained earnings

At 1 October 2020 Profit for the year Dividends

7,504,065 4,876,200 (2,380,000)

At 30 September 2021

10,000,265

#### 26. Related party disclosures

Wayland Logistics Limited is associated by way of the common control of Richard Lawford. Included in Other Creditors is £12,887 (2020: £13,300) due to Wayland Logistics Limited. Included in Trade Creditors is £63,122 (2020: £33,330) due to Wayland Logistics Limited.

#### 27. Ultimate controlling party

The controlling party is R Lawford.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

#### 28. Acquisitions

During the year, Wayland Games acquired Beasts of War Limited, and Rolltogether Limited, as wholly owned subsidiaries. The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition and the consideration paid were as follows:

#### Net assets acquired:

	Book Value	Fair Value
	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	15,595	15,595
Stocks	40,296	40,296
Debtors	102,051	102,051
Bank	153,714	153,714
Creditors	(85,403)	(85,403)
Creditors due greater than one year	(109,932)	(109,932)
	116,321	116,321
	<del></del>	

The consideration for Beasts of War Limited was £95,701, and the consideration for Rolltogether Limited was £275,821.