Rule 4.233

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

A.162

	To the Reg	jistrar of Companies	i e			For	officia	l use
				Compa	any Num	ber		
				NI 034	797			
		_						
	Name of (
(a) Insert full name of company	(a) GAF	RF Limited						
(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)	l (b)	Stephen Armstı	rong					
and address(es)		RSM						
		1 Lanyon Quay Belfast						
		BT1 3LG						
	the liquida	ator(s) of the comp	pany attach a copy o	of my/ou	ır staten	nent of re	eceipts	s and
			of the Insolvency (N					
	Signed	7		Dat	ted 10 J	lune 201	9	
Presenter's name,								
address and reference (if any)								
				For Official Use				
			Public Office	1		uidation S	Section	



Statement of Receipts and Payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company GARF Limited

Company's registered number NI034797

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up Members

Date of commencement of winding up 12 October 2016

Date to which this statement is brought down 10 June 2019

Name and address of liquidator Stephen Armstrong

RSM Number One Lanyon Quay Belfast BT1 3LG

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 6 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's statement of account under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisation	S		
Date	Of whom received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount
		Carried forward	£ 2,268,837
17 Apr 19 7 May 19	HM Revenue & Customs HM Revenue & Customs	VAT Refund Corporation Tax Refund	1,260 7
		Carried forward	2,270,104

Disburseme	ents		
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
			£
		Carried forward	2,149,040
31 Oct 18	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	6
30 Nov 18	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	6
31 Dec 18	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	6
31 Jan 19	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	6
19 Feb 19	HM Revenue & Customs	Corporation Tax	1,290
28 Feb 19	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	140,000
22 Mar 19 22 Mar 19	Guy & Rosemary Fetherston Danske Bank	Dividend Bank Fees	110,000
22 Mar 19 29 Mar 19	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	35 6
30 Apr 19	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	7
3 May 19	Guy & Rosemary Fetherston	Dividend	9,540
20 May 19	The Stationery Office Limited	Advertising	105
20 May 19	Danske Bank	Bank Fees	51
		Carried forward	2,270,104

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Form 4.69 contd.

Analy	sis of balance		
Total realisations			£ 2,270,104 2,270,104 Nil
The ba 1. 2. 3	alance is made up as follows- Cash in hands of liquidator Balance at bank		Nil Nil Nil
4.*	Amounts invested by liquidator		
Baland	ce		
Total t	palance as shown above	£	Nil
-	E – Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any rin a separate statement]	realisation of the	em should be

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1991, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Department of Economic Development will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured	
creditors – including the holders of floating charges)	3,318,052
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0
Floating charge holders	0
Unsecured creditors	698,586

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash	2
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None outstanding

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Liquidation completed – This is a final return
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed $\mathbf{N/A}$