Presenter's name, address and reference (if any) The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

A.162

For Official Use

31/10/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

Liquidation Section

Public Office

	To the Reg	istrar of Companies		For official use	
			Company Num	ber	
			NI034797		
	Name of C	Company			
(a) Insert full name of company	(a) GAR	RF Limited			
(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)	l (b)	Stephen Armstrong RSM 1 Lanyon Quay Belfast BT1 3LG			
	the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989				
	Signed		Dated 30 C	October 2018	

Statement of Receipts and Payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company GARF Limited

Company's registered number NI034797

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up Members

Date of commencement of winding up 12 October 2016

Date to which this statement is brought down 11 October 2018

Name and address of liquidator Stephen Armstrong

RSM Number One Lanyon Quay Belfast BT1 3LG

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 6 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's statement of account under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of Assets Realised	Amount	
		Carried forward	£ 2,268,837	
	·	Carried forward	2,268,837	

Disbursements				
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount	
		Carried forward	£ 2,135,696	
13-Oct-17 31-Oct-17 30-Nov-17 16-Nov-17 07-Dec-17 23-Jan-18 31-Jan-18 28-Feb-18 29-Mar-18 31-May-18 31-Jul-18 31-Jul-18 31-Aug-18 28-Sep-18	RSM Danske Bank Danske Bank HM Revenue & Customs RSM Danske Bank HM Revenue & Customs Danske Bank	Accounts Fee Bank Fee Corporation Tax Audit and Tax Fees Bank Fee VAT Bank Fee	3,600 4,046 3,960 1,663	

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Form 4.69 contd.

Analy	ysis of balance		
Total Total	£ 2,268,837 2,149,040		
		Balance £	119,797
The b 1. 2. 3.	palance is made up as follows- Cash in hands of liquidator. Balance at bank. Amount in Insolvency Account		119,797
4.*	Amounts invested by liquidator	£	
Balar	ace		
Total	balance as shown above	£	119,797
•	E – Full details of stocks purchased for investment and a in a separate statement]	ny realisation of t	them should be
insolve held to case of Ed	investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not wivency Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1991, and any such for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which conomic Development will be accepted as a sufficient collations	investments repre Insolvency Accou h to the control of	esenting money nt, except in the the Department
The I	quidator should also state –		
(1)	The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the dwinding up-	ate of the comme	encement of the
			£
	Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors – including the holders of floating charges) Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors		3,318,052 0
	Floating charge holders		0 698,586
(2)	The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the cor	nmencement of th	e winding up-
	Paid up in cash		
(3)	The general description and estimated value of any outstand space here, attach a separate sheet) None outstanding	ding assets (if the	ere is insufficient
(4)	Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded Final closure procedures have yet to be concluded.		
(5)	The period within which the winding up is expected to be coil Six months .	mpleted	