Registered Number NI026079

D.H. OILS LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 October 2013

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	157,717	129,504
		157,717	129,504
Current assets			
Stocks		36,201	12,988
Debtors		264,310	285,574
Cash at bank and in hand		111,861	48,606
		412,372	347,168
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(277,307)	(213,617)
Net current assets (liabilities)		135,065	133,551
Total assets less current liabilities		292,782	263,055
Provisions for liabilities		(26,612)	(17,196)
Total net assets (liabilities)		266,170	245,859
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account		266,168	245,857
Shareholders' funds		266,170	245,859

- For the year ending 31 October 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 25 April 2014

And signed on their behalf by:

Dessie Harte, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 October 2013

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold - 4% Straight Line Plant and machinery - 20% Reducing Balance Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 20% Straight Line Motor vehicles - 20% Reducing Balance

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Other accounting policies

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the

periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions, during the year, which are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

2 Tangible fixed assets

Cost At 1 November 2012 401,3	
At 1 November 2012 401.3	
	67
Additions 122,6	O I
Disposals (122,8	67)
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 October 2013 401,1	98
Depreciation	
At 1 November 2012 271,8	94
Charge for the year 34,4	94
On disposals (62,9	07)
At 31 October 2013 243,4	81
Net book values	
At 31 October 2013 157,7	17
At 31 October 2012 129,5	04

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2013	2012
	${\it \pounds}$	£
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

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