

Company Registration No. NI023017 (Northern Ireland)

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED
UNAUDITED FILLETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

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FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mrs Carol Boyd Mr Colin Boyd
Secretary	Mrs Carol Boyd
Company number	NI023017
Registered office	1st Floor Studio 2 Strand Studios 150 Hollywood Road Belfast BT4 1NY
Independent accountants	Johnston Kennedy DFK 10 Pilots View Heron Road Belfast BT3 9LE
Business address	1st Floor Studio 2 Strand Studios 150 Hollywood Road Belfast BT4 1NY
Bankers	Danske Bank Belfast Business Centre Donegall Square West Belfast BT1 6JS

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2019

	Notes	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		2,918		3,890
Current assets					
Debtors	4	63,090		169,358	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,160,622		1,066,121	
		<u>1,223,712</u>		<u>1,235,479</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(1,096,697)</u>		<u>(1,095,395)</u>	
Net current assets			127,015		140,084
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>129,933</u>		<u>143,974</u>
Provisions for liabilities	6		(389)		(538)
Net assets			<u>129,544</u>		<u>143,436</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		2		2
Profit and loss reserves			129,542		143,434
Total equity			<u>129,544</u>		<u>143,436</u>

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements
Compiled without audit or independent verification

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JULY 2019

Directors' statement in respect of the financial statements

For the financial year ended 31 July 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and the Financial Reporting Standard FRS 102 1A - Small Entities.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 July 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs Carol Boyd

.....

Mrs Carol Boyd
Director

Mr Colin Boyd

.....

Mr Colin Boyd
Director

Company Registration No. NI023017

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements
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FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

1 Accounting policies

1.1 General information and basis of preparation

Flat Management Services Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Northern Ireland. The registered office is 1st Floor Studio 2, Strand Studios, 150 Holywood Road, Belfast, BT4 1NY.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Maintenance equipment	20% reducing balance
Office equipment	25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Dividends

Dividends to the company's ordinary shareholders are recognised as a liability of the company when approved by the company director.

1.10 Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholders funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if not included in shareholders funds and if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits. The finance cost recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of capital instruments other than equity shares is allocated to periods over the term of the instrument at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2019 Number	2018 Number
	4	4
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
3 Tangible fixed assets		
	Maintenance equipment	Office equipment
	£	£
Cost		Total
At 1 August 2018 and 31 July 2019	708	48,847
	<u>708</u>	<u>48,847</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 August 2018	708	44,957
Depreciation charged in the year	-	972
	<u>708</u>	<u>45,929</u>
At 31 July 2019	708	45,929
	<u>708</u>	<u>45,929</u>
Net book value		
At 31 July 2019	-	2,918
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,918</u>
At 31 July 2018	-	3,890
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,890</u>

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

4 Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	59,527	165,825
Prepayments and accrued income	3,563	3,533
	<u>63,090</u>	<u>169,358</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors (secured on £989,465 bank balances)	989,408	1,025,162
Corporation tax	14,717	14,617
Other taxation and social security	9,782	9,815
Directors current account	33,895	11,980
Other creditors	7,092	7,092
Accruals and deferred income	41,803	26,729
	<u>1,096,697</u>	<u>1,095,395</u>

6 Provisions for liabilities

	2017
	£
Balance at 1 August 2018	538
Profit and loss account	(149)
Balance at 31 July 2019	<u>389</u>

The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:

	2017
	£
Accelerated capital allowances	<u>389</u>

7 Share capital

	2019	2018
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

FLAT MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2019

8 Financial commitments

The company had no capital commitments or contingent liabilities at 31 July 2019 or at 31 July 2018.

9 Control

The directors control the company.

10 Related party transactions

There were no transactions between the company and any other related party except on an arms length basis.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.