Registration number NI014794



Crane Communications Limited

Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 30 June 2008

DEPARTMENT OF ENTERPRISE TRADE & INVESTMENT COMPANIES REGISTRY

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Independent auditors' report to Crane Communications Limited under Article 255B of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6 together with the financial statements of Crane Communications Limited for the year ended 30 June 2008 prepared under Article 234 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Article 255B of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in this special report of the auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing abbreviated accounts in accordance with Article 254 of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Articles 254(5) and (6) of the Order to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts to be delivered have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with the Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Articles 254(5) and (6) of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 in respect of the year ended 30 June 2008, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 6 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Hill Vellacott

Hill Vellacott Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

16 March 2009

Chamber of Commerce House 22 Great Victoria Street Belfast BT2 7BA

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 June 2008

	2008		2007		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		40,389		44,782
Current assets					
Stocks		188,839		112,644	
Debtors		1,384,851		2,596,070	
Cash at bank and in hand		824		456	
		1,574,514		$2,\overline{709,170}$	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(1,614,589)		(1,463,494)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(40,075)		1,245,676
Total assets less current			214		1 200 458
liabilities			314		1,290,458
Provisions for liabilities			-		(524)
Net assets			314		1,289,934
Capital and reserves	2		2		2
Called up share capital	3		212		1,289,932
Profit and loss account			312		1,207,732
Shareholders' funds			314		1,289,934
				•	

The abbreviated accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VIII of the Companies (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 relating to small companies .

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 16 March 2009 and signed on its behalf by

DG McConkey

Director

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 June 2008

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement because it is a small company.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Cash flow statement

The company meets the size criteria for a small company set by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 1986 and therefore, in accordance with FRS1: Cash flow statements, it has not prepared a cash flow statement.

1.4. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

25% straight line

1.5. Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7. Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

The regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 June 2008

..... continued

1.8. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.9. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 June 2008

	continued		7F. 911.
2.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost		
	At 1 July 2007		95,396
	Additions		11,211
	At 30 June 2008		106,607
	Depreciation		
	At 1 July 2007		50,614
	Charge for year		15,604
	At 30 June 2008		66,218
	Net book values		
	At 30 June 2008		40,389
	At 30 June 2007		44,782
3.	Share capital	2008 £	2007 £
	Authorised equity		
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid equity		
	- Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	Equity Shares		
	- Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2