

**Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Article 162 of the
Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989**

A.162

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

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Company Number

NI004648

Name of Company

Ambler of Ballyclare Limited

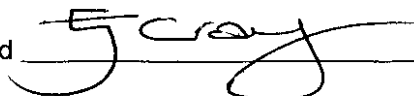
We

Emma Cray
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Central Square, 29 Wellington Street, Leeds, LS1 4DL

Stephen Arthur Cave
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Waterfront Plaza, 8 Laganbank Road, Belfast, BT1 3LR

the liquidators of the company attach a copy of our statement of receipts and
payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989.

Signed



Date 16 JANUARY 2018

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Central Square
29 Wellington Street
Leeds
LS1 4DL

Ref: 2000095158/RJR/AM

For Official Use

Public Office

Liquidation Section

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COMPANIES HOUSE

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

Form 4.69 Cont.

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company Ambler of Ballyclare Limited

Company's registered number NI004648

State whether members' or
creditors' voluntary winding up Members

Date of commencement of winding up 31 December 2015

Date to which this statement is
brought down 30 December 2017

Name and address of liquidator

Emma Cray PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Central Square 29 Wellington Street Leeds LS1 4DL	Stephen Arthur Cave PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Waterfront Plaza 8 Laganbank Road Belfast BT1 3LR
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NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

TRADING ACCOUNT

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

DIVIDENDS

(3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Form 4.69 Cont.[illegible]

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account.

LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

Form 4.69 Cont.

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

[illegible]

NOTE: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account.

Analysis of balance

Form 4.69 Cont.

Total realisations		£	100,000.00
Total disbursements			0.00
	Balance £		100,000.00
The balance is made up as follows			
1. Cash in hands of liquidator			0.00
2. Balance at bank			0.00
3. Intercompany Debtor balance due from IPT (UK) Limited			100,000.00
4. Amounts invested by Liquidator	£		
Less: The cost of investments realised	0.00		
Balance	0.00		0.00
5. Accrued Items			0.00
Total Balance as shown above			100,000.00

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)	100,000.00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0.00
Floating charge holders	0.00
Preferential creditors	0.00
Unsecured creditors	0.00
- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	100,000.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0.00
- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
Intercompany Debtor balance due from IPT (UK) Limited
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
There are ongoing personal injury claims (PI) against the company which have yet to be resolved.
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed
6-12 months subject to timely resolution of the personal injury claims against the company.