Rule 4 223

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 **A.162** 

	For Official Use
To the Registrar of Companies	
	Company Number
	NI004145
Name of Company	
Camco Limited	
I / <del>We</del> Samuel Jonathan Talby	

the liquidator(e) of the company attach a copy of my/eur statement of receipts and payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Signed at Tab

Date 23/12/2010

Bishop Fleming 16 Queen Square Bristol BS1 4NT

16 Queen Square

Bristol BS1 4NT

Ref CA9725/SCE/LB

For Official Use
Public Office Liquidation Section





JNI 11/01/2011
COMPANIES HOUSE

## STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

Form 4 69 Cont

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company

Camco Limited

Company's registered number

NI004145

State whether members or creditors voluntary winding up

Members

Date of commencement of winding up

30 December 2009

Date to which this statement is

brought down

23 December 2010

Name and address of liquidator

Samuel Jonathan Talby 16 Queen Square Bristol BS1 4NT

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

### FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised including balance at bank book debts and calls collected property sold etc. and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the balance at bank. Only actual investments are to be included in the amounts invested section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such nor are payments into a bank building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

#### TRADING ACCOUNT

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

#### DIVIDENDS

- (3) When dividends instalments of composition etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories the total amount of each dividend etc actually paid must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends etc are paid into the Insolvency Account the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting or by order of the court as the case may require or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991

# LIQUIDATOR S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount (£)	
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under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Disbursements  Date   To whom paid   Nature of disbursements Amount (£			
Date	To whom paid	Brought Forward	0.00
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		Carried Forward	0

		£
Total realisations	ļ	0 00
Total disbursements		0 00
	Balance £	0 00
The balance is made up as follows	ļ	I
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		0 00
3 Amount of Insolvency Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by Liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		0 00
Total Balance as shown above		0 00

NOTE Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

## The Liquidator should also state

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors
Including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities Fixed charge creditors

Floating charge holders

Preferential creditors

Unsecured creditors

500 000 00

500 000

500 000

500 000

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here attach a separate sheet)

Nil

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Liquidation closed on 23 December 2010

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Liquidation closed on 23 December 2010