

OS IN01

025311/80

025311/80



Companies House

Registration of an overseas company opening a
UK establishment

A fee is payable with this form
Please see 'How to pay' on the last page.

SA WEDNESDAY



☒ What this form is for
You may use this form to register a
UK establishment.

☒ What this form is NOT for
You cannot use this form to
the details of an existing co-
officer or establishment.

A04 *A860T2K0* #66
22/05/2019
COMPANIES HOUSE
A23 *A83C11CW* #77
13/04/2019
COMPANIES HOUSE

Part 1 Overseas company details (Name)

For official use

A1 Corporate name of overseas company

Corporate name ¹

S4 Capital Holdings Limited

Do you propose to carry on business in the UK under the corporate name as
incorporated in your home state or country, or under an alternative name?

- To register using your corporate name, go to Section A3.
- To register using an alternative name, go to Section A2.

→ Filling in this form

Please complete in typescript (10pt
or above), or in bold black capitals

All fields are mandatory unless
specified or indicated by *

¹ This must be the corporate name in
the home state or country in which
the company is incorporated.

A2 Alternative name of overseas company *

Alternative name
(if applicable) ²

Please show the alternative name that the company will use to do business
in the UK.

² A company may register an
alternative name under which it
proposes to carry on business in the
United Kingdom under Section 1048
of the Companies Act 2006. Once
registered it is treated as being its
corporate name for the purposes of
law in the UK.

A3 Overseas company name restrictions ³

This section does not apply to a European Economic Area (EEA) company
registering its corporate name.

Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or
restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a
government department or other specified body.

☐ I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted
words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been
sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a
copy of their response.

³ Overseas company name
restrictions

A list of sensitive or restricted words
or expressions that require consent
can be found in guidance available
on our website:
www.gov.uk/companieshouse

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Part 2 Overseas company details**B1****Particulars previously delivered**Have particulars about this company been previously delivered in respect of another UK establishment? ^①→ No Go to **Section B2**.→ Yes Please enter the registration number below and then go to **Part 5** of the form. Please note the original UK establishment particulars must be filed up to date.^① The particulars are: legal form, identity of register, number in registration, director and secretaries details, whether the company is a credit or financial institution, law, governing law, accounting requirements, objects, share capital, constitution, and accounts.UK establishment
registration numberB R **B2****Credit or financial institution**Is the company a credit or financial institution? ^②☐ Yes☒ No^② Please tick one box.**B3****Company details**

If the company is registered in its country of incorporation, please enter the details below.

Legal form ^③

Limited private company

Country of
incorporation *

Jersey

Identity of register
in which it is
registered ^④

JFSC Companies Registry

Registration number in
that register1 2 7 7 6 4 ^③ Please state whether or not the company is limited. Please also include whether the company is a private or public company if applicable.^④ This will be the registry where the company is registered in its parent country.**B4****EEA or non-EEA member state**

Was the company formed outside the EEA?

→ Yes Complete **Sections B5 and B6**.→ No Go to **Section B6**.**B5****Governing law and accounting requirements**

Please give the law under which the company is incorporated.

Governing law ^⑤

Companies (Jersey) Law 1991

Is the company required to prepare, audit and disclose accounting documents under parent law?

→ Yes Complete the details below.

→ No Go to **Part 3**.^⑤ This means the relevant rules or legislation which regulates the incorporation of companies in that state.

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| | | | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | Please give the period for which the company is required to prepare accounts by parent law. | | | | |
| From | d | d | m | m | | |
| To | d | d | m | m | | |
| | | Please give the period allowed for the preparation and public disclosure of accounts for the above accounting period. | | | | |
| Months | | | | | | |

B6

Latest disclosed accounts

Are copies of the latest disclosed accounts being sent with this form? Please note if accounts have been disclosed, a copy must be sent with the form, and, if applicable, with a certified translation.❶

☐ Yes.

Please indicate what documents have been disclosed.

☐ Please tick this box if you have enclosed a copy of the accounts.

☐ Please tick this box if you have enclosed a certified translation of the accounts.

☐ Please tick this box if no accounts have been disclosed.

❶ Please tick the appropriate box(es).

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Part 3 Constitution

C1 Constitution of company

The following documents must be delivered with this application.

- Certified copy of the company's constitution and, if applicable, a certified translation.

Please tick the appropriate box(es) below.

- ☒ I have enclosed a certified copy of the company's constitution. ^①
- ☐ I enclose a certified translation, if applicable. ^②

^① A certified copy is defined as a copy certified as correct and authenticated by - the secretary or a director of the company, permanent representative, administrator, administrative receiver, receiver manager, receiver and liquidator.

^② A certified translation into English must be authenticated by the secretary or a director of the company, permanent representative, administrator, administrative receiver, receiver manager, receiver and liquidator.

C2 EEA or non-EEA member state

Was the company formed outside the EEA?

- Yes Go to Section C3.
- No Go to Part 4 'Officers of the company'.

C3 Constitutional documents

Are all of the following details in the copy of the constitutional documents of the company?

- Address of principal place of business or registered office in home country of incorporation
- Objects of the Company
- Amount of issued share capital

- Yes Go to Part 4 'Officers of the company'
- No If any of the above details are not included in the constitutional documents, please enter them in Section C4.

The information is not required if it is contained within the constitutional documents accompanying this registration.

C4 Information not included in the constitutional documents

Please give the address of principal place of business or registered office in the country of incorporation. ^①

| | |
|---|--|
| Building name/number | 3rd Floor |
| Street | 44 Esplanade |
| Post town | St Helier |
| County/Region | |
| Postcode | J E 4 9 W G |
| Country | |
| | Please give the objects of the company and the amount of issued share capital. |
| Objects of the company ^② | Holding company |
| Amount of issued share capital ^③ | 3 £0.01 Ordinary shares |

^① This address will appear on the public record.

^② Please give a brief description of the company's business.

^③ Please specify the amount of shares issued and the value.

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Part 4 Officers of the company

Have particulars about this company been previously delivered in respect of another UK establishment?

- **Yes** Please ensure you entered the registration number in **Section B1** and then go to **Part 5** of this form.
→ **No** Complete the officer details.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to **Section D1**; for a corporate secretary, go to **Section E1**; for a director who is an individual, go to **Section F1**; or for a corporate director, go to **Section G1**.

Continuation pages

Please use a continuation page if you need to enter more officer details.

Secretary

D1 Secretary details^①

Use this section to list all the secretaries of the company. Please complete **Sections D1-D3**. For a corporate secretary, complete **Sections E1-E5**. Please use a continuation page if necessary.

Full forename(s)

Surname

Former name(s)^②

① Corporate details

Please use **Sections E1-E5** to enter corporate secretary details.

② Former name(s)

Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.

D2 Secretary's service address^①

Building name/number

Street

Post town

County/Region

Postcode

Country

① Service address

This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

D3 Secretary's authority

Please enter the extent of your authority as secretary. Please tick one box.

Extent of authority

- ☐ Limited ^①
☐ Unlimited

Description of limited authority, if applicable

Are you authorised to act alone or jointly? Please tick one box.

- ☐ Alone
☐ Jointly ^②

If applicable, name(s) of person(s) with whom you are acting jointly

^① If you have indicated that the extent of your authority is limited, please provide a brief description of the limited authority in the box below.

^② If you have indicated that you are not authorised to act alone but only jointly, please enter the name(s) of the person(s) with whom you are authorised to act below.

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Corporate secretary**E1 Corporate secretary details^①**

Use this section to list all the corporate secretaries of the company.
Please complete Sections E1-E5. Please use a continuation page if necessary.

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Name of corporate body or firm | Ogier Global Company Secretary (Jersey) Ltd Limited <i>PLC</i> |
| Building name/number | 3rd Floor |
| Street | 44 Esplanade |
| Post town | St Helier |
| County/Region | Jersey |
| Postcode | J E 4 9 W G |
| Country | |

① Registered or principal address
This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.

E2 Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm

Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?

- Yes Complete Section E3 only
→ No Complete Section E4 only

E3 EEA companies^②

Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register.

| | |
|---|--|
| Where the company/firm is registered ^③ | |
| Registration number | |

② EEA
A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance:
www.gov.uk/companieshouse

③ This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC).

E4 Non-EEA companies

Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.

| | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Legal form of the corporate body or firm | Limited Company |
| Governing law | Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 |
| If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ^④ | JFSC Companies Registry |
| If applicable, the registration number | 124131 |

④ Non-EEA
Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register

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E5

Corporate secretary's authority

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| | Please enter the extent of your authority as corporate secretary. Please tick one box. | |
| Extent of authority | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Limited ❶ <input type="checkbox"/> Unlimited | |
| Description of limited authority, if applicable | Are authorised to file annual returns and ISE Filings. Are you authorised to act alone or jointly? Please tick one box. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alone <input type="checkbox"/> Jointly ❷ | |
| If applicable, name(s) of person(s) with whom you are acting jointly | | |

❶ If you have indicated that the extent of your authority is limited, please provide a brief description of the limited authority in the box below.

❷ If you have indicated that you are not authorised to act alone but only jointly, please enter the name(s) of the person(s) with whom you are authorised to act below.

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Director

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| F1 | Director details ¹ | |
| | Use this section to list all the directors of the company. Please complete Sections F1-F5. For a corporate director, complete Sections G1-G5. Please use a continuation page if necessary. | |
| Full forename(s) | Martin | |
| Surname | Sorrell | |
| Former name(s) ² | | |
| Country/State of residence ³ | United Kingdom | |
| Nationality | British | |
| Month/year of birth ⁴ | X X 0 2 1 9 4 5 | |
| Business occupation (if any) ⁵ | | |
| | | |

1 Corporate details
Please use Sections G1-G5 to enter corporate director details.

2 Former name(s)
Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.

3 Country/State of residence
This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in Section F5.

4 Month and year of birth
Please provide month and year only. Provide full date of birth in section F4.

5 Business occupation
If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.

| | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| F2 | Director's service address ⁶ | |
| Building name/number | 12 St. James's Place | |
| Street | | |
| Post town | London | |
| County/Region | | |
| Postcode | S W 1 A 1 N X | |
| Country | | |

6 Service address
This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| F3 | Director's authority | |
| | Please enter the extent of your authority as director. Please tick one box. | |
| Extent of authority | <input type="checkbox"/> Limited ⁷ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited | |
| Description of limited authority, if applicable | | |
| | Are you authorised to act alone or jointly? Please tick one box. | |
| | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alone <input type="checkbox"/> Jointly ⁸ | |
| If applicable, name(s) of person(s) with whom you are acting jointly | | |
| | | |
| | | |

7 If you have indicated that the extent of your authority is limited, please provide a brief description of the limited authority in the box below.

8 If you have indicated that you are not authorised to act alone but only jointly, please enter the name(s) of the person(s) with whom you are authorised to act below.

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Corporate director

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| G1 | Corporate director details ^① | |
| | Use this section to list all the corporate directors of the company. Please complete G1-G5. Please use a continuation page if necessary. | |
| Name of corporate body or firm | | ① Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number. |
| Building name/number | | |
| Street | | |
| Post town | | |
| County/Region | | |
| Postcode | | |
| Country | | |
| G2 | Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm | |
| | Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section G3 only → No Complete Section G4 only | |
| G3 | EEA companies ^② | |
| | Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register. | ② EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance: www.gov.uk/companieshouse ③ This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC). |
| Where the company/firm is registered ^③ | | |
| Registration number | | |
| G4 | Non-EEA companies | |
| | Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. | ④ Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register |
| Legal form of the corporate body or firm | | |
| Governing law | | |
| If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ^⑤ | | |
| If applicable, the registration number | | |

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G5

Corporate director's authority

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| | <i>Please enter the extent of your authority as corporate director. Please tick one box.</i> | <p>❶ If you have indicated that the extent of your authority is limited, please provide a brief description of the limited authority in the box below.</p> <p>❷ If you have indicated that you are not authorised to act alone but only jointly, please enter the name(s) of the person(s) with whom you are authorised to act below.</p> |
| Extent of authority | <input type="checkbox"/> Limited ❶ <input type="checkbox"/> Unlimited | |
| Description of limited authority, if applicable | <i>Are you authorised to act alone or jointly? Please tick one box.</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Alone <input type="checkbox"/> Jointly ❷ | |
| If applicable, name(s) of person(s) with whom you are acting jointly | | |

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Part 5 UK establishment details**H1 Documents previously delivered - constitution**

Has the company previously registered a certified copy of the company's constitution with material delivered in respect of another UK establishment?

- **No** Go to Section H3.
→ **Yes** Please enter the UK establishment number below and then go to Section H2.

UK establishment
registration numberB R **H2 Documents previously delivered – accounting documents**

Has the company previously delivered a copy of the company's accounting documents with material delivered in respect of another UK establishment?

- **No** Go to Section H3.
→ **Yes** Please enter the UK establishment number below and then go to Section H3.

UK establishment
registration numberB R **H3 Delivery of accounts and reports**

This section **must** be completed. Please state if the company intends to comply with accounting requirements with respect to this establishment or in respect of another UK establishment. ^①

- ☒ In respect of this establishment. Please go to Section H4.
☐ In respect of another UK establishment. Please give the registration number below, then go to Section H4.

^① Please tick the appropriate box.UK establishment
registration numberB R **H4 Particulars of UK establishment ^①**

You **must** enter the name and address of the UK establishment.

Name of establishment S4 Capital

Building name/number 12 St. James's Place

Street

Post town London

County/Region

Postcode S W 1 A 1 N X

Country UK

Please give the date the establishment was opened and the business of the establishment.

Date establishment
opened ^d2 ^d3 ^m1 ^m1 ^y2 ^y0 ^y1 ^y8Business carried on at
the UK establishment Management services^① Address

This is the address that will appear on the public record.

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Part 6 Permanent representative

Please enter the name and address of every person authorised to represent the company as a permanent representative of the company in respect of the UK establishment.

J1 Permanent representative's details

Please use this section to list all the permanent representatives of the company. Please complete Sections J1-J4.

Continuation pages

Please use a continuation page if you need to enter more details.

Full forename(s) Ogier Global Company Secretary (Jersey) Limited

Surname

J2 Permanent representative's service address ^①

Building name/number 3rd Floor

Street 44 Esplanade

Post town St Helier

County/Region Jersey

Postcode J E 4 9 W G

Country

① Service address

This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

J3 Permanent representative's authority

Please enter the extent of your authority as permanent representative. Please tick one box.

Extent of authority
☒ Limited ^②
☐ Unlimited

Description of limited authority, if applicable
Authorised to file returns and ISE Filings

Are you authorised to act alone or jointly? Please tick one box.

☒ Alone
☐ Jointly ^③

If applicable, name(s) of person(s) with whom you are acting jointly

^② If you have indicated that the extent of your authority is limited, please provide a brief description of the limited authority in the box below.

^③ If you have indicated that you are not authorised to act alone but only jointly, please enter the name(s) of the person(s) with whom you are authorised to act below.

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Part 7

Person authorised to accept service

Does the company have any person(s) in the UK authorised to accept service of documents on behalf of the company in respect of its UK establishment?

→ Yes Please enter the name and service address of every person(s) authorised below.

→ No Tick the box below then go to Part 8 'Signature'.

☒ If there is no such person, please tick this box.

K1

Details of person authorised to accept service of documents in the UK

Please use this section to list all the persons' authorised to accept service below. Please complete Sections K1-K2.

Continuation pages

Please use a continuation page if you need to enter more details.

Full forename(s)

Surname

K2

Service address of person authorised to accept service ^①

Building name/number

Street

Post town

County/Region

Postcode

Country

① Service address


This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address. Please note, a DX address would not be acceptable.

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Part 8

Signature

| | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| | This must be completed by all companies. | |
| | I am signing this form on behalf of the company. | |
| Signature | <div>Signature</div> <div>X  X</div> | |
| | This form may be signed by: Director, Secretary, Permanent representative . | |

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Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name

Company name

Address

Post town

County/Region

Postcode

Country

DX

Telephone

Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- ☐ The overseas corporate name on the form matches the constitutional documents exactly.
- ☐ You have included a copy of the appropriate correspondence in regard to sensitive words, if appropriate.
- ☒ You have included certified copies and certified translations of the constitutional documents, if appropriate.
- ☐ You have included a copy of the latest disclosed accounts and certified translations, if appropriate.
- ☒ You have completed all of the company details in Section B3 if the company has not registered an existing establishment.
- ☒ You have complete details for all company secretaries and directors in Part 4 if the company has not registered an existing establishment.
- ☒ Any addresses given must be a physical location. They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.
- ☒ You have completed details for all permanent representatives in Part 6 and persons authorised to accept service in Part 7.
- ☒ You have signed the form.
- ☒ You have enclosed the correct fee.

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses and day of birth.

How to pay

A fee of £20 is payable to Companies House in respect of a registration of an overseas company. Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House.'

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

England and Wales:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ.
DX 33050 Cardiff.

Scotland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2,
139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF.
DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post).

Northern Ireland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street,
Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG.
DX 481 N.R. Belfast 1.

Higher protection

If you are applying for, or have been granted, higher protection, please post this whole form to the different postal address below:
The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082,
Cardiff, CF14 3WE.

Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse



Jersey Financial
Services Commission
Companies Registry

COMPANIES (JERSEY) LAW 1991, as amended

**CERTIFICATE OF
INCORPORATION OF A
LIMITED COMPANY**

Registered Number 127764

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

S4 CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

**is this day incorporated as a private company
under the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991**

Dated this 23 November 2018

Julian Lamb
For and on behalf of the Registrar



**I certify this to be a complete and
accurate copy of the document
which has been presented before me**

Donna Lavery.....Signed

**Name: Donna Lavery
Capacity: Authorised Signatory
Ogler Global (Jersey) Limited
Date: 23/01/2019**

Authentication ID
6b93f58a-83f0-414d-abe7-6e960bbd169a


Dated 23 NOV 2018

Companies (Jersey) Law 1991

Company Limited by Shares

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
S4 CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

I certify this to be a complete and
accurate copy of the document
which has been presented before me


.....Signed

Name: Donna Lavery
Capacity: Authorised Signatory
Ogier Global (Jersey) Limited
Date: 23/01/2019



#VPF:FRQ4943#

Companies (Jersey) Law 1991

Company Limited by Shares

Memorandum of Association

of

S4 Capital Holdings Limited

- 1 The name of the Company is S4 Capital Holdings Limited.
- 2 The Company is a private company limited by shares.
- 3 The Company is a par value company.
- 4 The Company has unrestricted corporate capacity.
- 5 The liability of each member arising from his or her holding of a share is limited to the amount (if any) unpaid on it.
- 6 The share capital of the Company is GBP1,000 divided into 100,000 Ordinary shares of par value GBP0.01 each

I, the subscriber to this memorandum of association, wish to form a company in accordance with this memorandum; and I agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company shown below. ^

Dated the 23 Nov 2018

Signed for and on behalf of Ogier Global Nominee (Jersey) Limited of 3rd Floor, 44 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE4 9WG


Signature of authorised signatory

Donna Lavery
Print name


Signature of authorised signatory

LISA FLORIS
Print name

Number of shares: 1

Witness to above signatures

3rd Floor, 44 Esplanade
St Helier
Jersey
JE4 9WG


Signature

JAKE PRINCE
Print name

Dated 23 NOV 2018

Companies (Jersey) Law 1991
Company Limited by Shares

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
S4 CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED**



#VPF:FRQ4943#

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Rights of person entitled to a Share following death or bankruptcy

- 7.9 A person becoming entitled to a Share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a Member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were registered as the holder of the Share. But, until he is registered as Member in respect of the Share, he shall not be entitled to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of that class of Shares in the Company.

8 Alteration of capital

Increasing, consolidating, converting, dividing and cancelling share capital

- 8.1 To the fullest extent permitted by the Law, the Company may by Special Resolution do any of the following (and amend its Memorandum and its Articles for that purpose):
- (a) increase its share capital in the manner prescribed by the resolution;
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital;
 - (c) convert all or any of its Paid Up Shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into Paid Up Shares of any denomination;
 - (d) sub-divide its Shares or any of them, including, in respect of any sub-division, so that the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each sub-divided Share shall be the same as it was in case of the Share from which the sub-divided Share is derived; and the resolution may determine that, as between the Shares resulting from the sub-division, one or more of the Shares may, as compared with the others, have such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or be subject to such restrictions as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new Shares;
 - (e) cancel Shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution to cancel them, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the Shares so cancelled or, in the case of Shares without nominal par value, diminish the number of Shares into which its capital is divided;
 - (f) convert all or any of the Shares denominated in a particular currency into Shares denominated in a different currency, the conversion being effected at the rate of exchange (calculated to not less than three significant figures) current at the date of the resolution being a time within 40 days before the conversion takes effect.

Reducing share capital

- 8.2 Subject to the Law and to any rights for the time being conferred on the Members holding a particular class of Shares, the Company may, by Special Resolution, reduce its share capital in any way.

Sale of fractions of Shares

- 8.3 Whenever, as a result of a consolidation of Shares, any Members would become entitled to fractions of a Share, the directors may, in their absolute discretion, on behalf of those Members, sell the Shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Law, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those Members, and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

9 Redemption and purchase of Shares

Power to issue redeemable Shares and to purchase Shares

- 9.1 Subject to the Law, and to any rights for the time being conferred on the Members holding a particular class of Shares, the Company may by its directors:
- (a) issue Shares that are to be redeemed or liable to be redeemed, at the option of the Company or the Member holding those redeemable Shares, on the terms and in the manner its directors determine before the issue of those Shares;
 - (b) convert existing non-redeemable limited shares, whether issued or not, into Shares that are to be redeemed or liable to be redeemed, at the option of the Company or the Member holding those redeemable Shares, on the terms and in the manner its directors determine before the conversion of those Shares; and
 - (c) purchase all or any Shares of any class including any redeemable Shares.
- 9.2 The Company may hold Shares acquired by way of purchase or redemption in treasury in a manner authorised by the Law.
- 9.3 The Company may make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of Shares in any manner authorised by the Law, including out of capital and otherwise than out of its profits or the proceeds of a fresh issue of Shares.

Power to pay for redemption or purchase in cash or in specie

- 9.4 When making a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of Shares, the directors may make the payment in cash or in specie (or partly in one way and partly in the other way).

Effect of redemption or purchase of a Share

- 9.5 Upon the date of redemption or purchase of a Share:
- (a) the Member holding that Share shall cease to be entitled to any rights in respect of the Share other than the right to receive:

- (i) the price for the Share; and
 - (ii) any dividend declared in respect of the Share prior to the date of redemption or purchase;
- (b) the Member's name shall be removed from the register of members with respect to the Share; and
- (c) the Share shall be cancelled or become a treasury share.

For the purpose of this Article, the date of redemption or purchase is the date when the redemption or purchase falls due.

10 Meetings of members

Power to call meetings

- 10.1 The directors may call a general meeting at any time.
- 10.2 If there are insufficient directors to constitute a quorum and the remaining directors are unable to agree on the appointment of additional directors, the directors must call a general meeting for the purpose of appointing additional directors.
- 10.3 The directors must also call a general meeting if requisitioned in the manner set out in the next two Articles.
- 10.4 The requisition must be in writing and given by one or more Members who together hold at least 10% of the rights to vote at such general meeting.
- 10.5 The requisition must also:
- (a) specify the objects of the meeting;
 - (b) be signed by or on behalf of the requisitioners. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form signed by one or more of the requisitioners; and
 - (c) be deposited at the Company's registered office in accordance with the notice provisions.
- 10.6 Should the directors fail to call a general meeting within 21 days from the date of deposit of a requisition to be held within 2 months of that date, the requisitioners or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may call a general meeting to be held within three months from that date.
- 10.7 Without limitation to the foregoing, if there are insufficient directors to constitute a quorum and the remaining directors are unable to agree on the appointment of additional directors, any one or more Members who together hold at least 10% of the rights to vote at a general meeting may call a general meeting for the purpose of considering the business specified in the notice of meeting which shall include as an item of business the appointment of additional directors.

- 10.8 If the Members call a meeting under the above provisions, the Company shall reimburse their reasonable expenses.

Annual general meetings

- 10.9 There is no requirement to hold an annual general meeting.

Content of notice

- 10.10 Notice of a general meeting shall specify each of the following:

- (a) the place, the date and the time of the meeting;
- (b) if the meeting is to be held in two or more places, the technology that will be used to facilitate the meeting;
- (c) subject to Article 10.10(d), the general nature of the business to be transacted;
- (d) if a resolution is proposed as a Special Resolution, the text of that resolution; and
- (e) in the case of an annual general meeting, that the meeting is an annual general meeting.

- 10.11 In each notice, there shall appear with reasonable prominence the following statements:

- (a) that a Member who is entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of that Member; and
- (b) that a proxy need not be a Member.

Period of notice

- 10.12 A general meeting, including an annual general meeting, shall be called by at least 14 Clear Days' notice. A meeting, however, may be called on shorter notice if it is so agreed:

- (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the Members entitled to attend and vote at that meeting; and
- (b) in the case of any other meeting, by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote at that meeting, being a majority together holding not less than:
 - (i) 95% where a Special Resolution is to be considered; or
 - (ii) 90% for all other meetings,

of the total voting rights of the Members who have that right.

Persons entitled to receive notice

10.13 Subject to the provisions of these Articles and to any restrictions imposed on any Shares, the notice shall be given to the following people:

- (a) the Members;
- (b) persons entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member;
- (c) the directors;
- (d) the Company's auditor (if any); and
- (e) persons entitled to vote in respect of a Share in consequence of the incapacity of a Member.

Publication of notice on a website

10.14 Subject to the Law, a notice of a general meeting may be published on a website providing the recipient is given separate notice of:

- (a) the publication of the notice on the website;
- (b) the address of the website;
- (c) the place on the website where the notice may be accessed;
- (d) how it may be accessed; and
- (e) the place, date and time of the general meeting.

10.15 If a Member notifies the Company that he is unable for any reason to access the website, the Company must as soon as practicable give notice of the meeting to that Member in writing or by any other means permitted by these Articles but this will not affect when that Member is deemed to have been given notice of the meeting.

Time a website notice is deemed to be given

10.16 A website notice is deemed to be given when the Member is given notice of its publication.

Required duration of publication on a website

10.17 Where the notice of meeting is published on a website, it shall continue to be published in the same place on that website from the date of the notification until the conclusion of the meeting to which the notice relates.

Accidental omission to give notice or non-receipt of notice

10.18 Proceedings at a meeting shall not be invalidated by the following:

- (a) an accidental failure to give notice of the meeting to any person entitled to notice; or
 - (b) non-receipt of notice of the meeting by any person entitled to notice.
- 10.19 In addition, where a notice of meeting is published on a website, proceedings at the meeting shall not be invalidated merely because it is accidentally published:
- (a) in a different place on the website; or
 - (b) for part only of the period from the date of the notification until the conclusion of the meeting to which the notice relates.

11 Proceedings at meetings of Members

Quorum

- 11.1 Save as provided in this Article 11, no business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present in person or by proxy. A quorum is as follows:
- (a) if the Company has only one Member entitled to vote: that Member; or
 - (b) if the Company has more than one Member entitled to vote: two Members.

Lack of quorum

- 11.2 If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, or if at any time during the meeting it becomes inquorate, then the following provisions apply:
- (a) if the meeting was requisitioned by Members entitled to vote, it shall be cancelled; or
 - (b) in any other case, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same time and place seven days hence, or to such other time or place as is determined by the directors. If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the adjourned meeting, then the Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall constitute a quorum.

Use of technology

- 11.3 A person may participate in a general meeting through the medium of conference telephone, video or any other form of communications equipment providing all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout the meeting. A person participating in this way is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

Chairman

- 11.4 The chairman of a general meeting shall be the chairman of the board or such other director as the directors have nominated to chair board meetings in the absence of the chairman of the board. Absent any such person being present within 15 minutes of the

time appointed for the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their number to chair the meeting.

- 11.5 If no director is present within 15 minutes of the time appointed for the meeting, or if no director is willing to act as chairman, the Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to chair the meeting.

Right of a director or auditor's representative to attend and speak

- 11.6 Even if a director or a representative of the auditor (if any) is not a Member, he shall be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of Members holding a particular class of Shares.

Adjournment

- 11.7 The chairman may at any time adjourn a meeting with the consent of the Members constituting a quorum. The chairman may adjourn the meeting if so directed by the meeting. No business, however, can be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the original meeting.
- 11.8 Should a meeting be adjourned for more than 14 Clear Days, whether because of a lack of quorum or otherwise, Members shall be given at least seven Clear Days' notice of the date, time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the adjournment.

Method of voting

- 11.9 A resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll is duly demanded. A poll may be demanded:

- (a) by the chairman; or
- (b) by at least two Members having the right to vote on the resolution; or
- (c) by any Member or Members present who, individually or collectively, hold at least 10% of the voting rights of all those who have a right to vote on the resolution; or
- (d) by a Member or Members holding Shares conferring a right to vote on the resolution being Shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the Shares conferring that right,

and a demand by a person as proxy for a Member shall be the same as a demand by the Member.

Outcome of vote by show of hands

- 11.10 Unless a poll is duly demanded, a declaration by the chairman as to the result of a resolution and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive

evidence of the outcome of a show of hands without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

Withdrawal of demand for a poll

- 11.11 The demand for a poll may be withdrawn before the poll is taken, but only with the consent of the chairman. The chairman shall announce any such withdrawal to the meeting and, unless another person forthwith demands a poll, any earlier show of hands on that resolution shall be treated as the vote on that resolution; if there has been no earlier show of hands, then the resolution shall be put to the vote of the meeting.

Taking of a poll

- 11.12 A poll demanded on the question of adjournment shall be taken immediately.
- 11.13 A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at an adjourned meeting at such time and place as the chairman directs, not being more than 30 Clear Days after the poll was demanded.
- 11.14 The demand for a poll shall not prevent the meeting continuing to transact any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded.
- 11.15 A poll shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs. He may appoint scrutineers (who need not be Members) and fix a place and time for declaring the result of the poll. If, through the aid of technology, the meeting is held in more than one place, the chairman may appoint scrutineers in more than one place; but if he considers that the poll cannot be effectively monitored at that meeting, the chairman shall adjourn the holding of the poll to a date, place and time when that can occur.

Chairman's casting vote

- 11.16 If the votes on a resolution, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, are equal the chairman shall not have a casting vote.

Amendments to resolutions

- 11.17 An Ordinary Resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by Ordinary Resolution if:
- (a) not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Company in writing by a Member entitled to vote at that meeting; and
 - (b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution.
- 11.18 A Special Resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by Ordinary Resolution if:

- (a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed; and
- (b) the amendment does not go beyond what the chairman considers is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution.

11.19 If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution.

Written resolutions

11.20 Members may pass a resolution in writing without holding a meeting if the following conditions are met:

- (a) all Members entitled to vote:
 - (i) sign a document; or
 - (ii) sign several documents in the like form each signed by one or more of those Members; and
- (b) the signed document or documents is or are delivered to the Company at the place and by the time nominated by the Company in the notice of the resolution including, if the Company so nominates, by delivery of an Electronic Record by Electronic means to the address specified for that purpose.

Such written resolution shall be as effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of all *Members entitled to vote duly convened and held.*

11.21 Each Member shall have one vote for each Share he holds which confers the right to receive and vote on a written resolution and unless the resolution in writing signed by the Member is silent, in which case all Shares held are deemed to have been voted, the number of Shares specified in the resolution in writing shall be deemed to have been voted.

11.22 If a written resolution is described as a Special Resolution or as an Ordinary Resolution, it has effect accordingly.

Sole-member company

11.23 If the Company has only one Member entitled to vote, and that Member records in writing his decision on a question, that record shall constitute both the passing of a resolution and the minute of it.

12 Voting rights of members

Right to vote

12.1 Unless their Shares carry no right to vote, or unless a call or other amount presently payable has not been paid, all Members are entitled to vote at a general meeting,

whether on a show of hands or a poll, and all Members holding Shares of a particular class are entitled to vote at a meeting of the holders of that class of Shares.

- 12.2 Members may vote in person or by proxy.
- 12.3 On a show of hands, every Member who is entitled to vote shall have one vote. For the avoidance of doubt, an individual who represents two or more such Members, including a Member in that individual's own right, shall be entitled to a separate vote for each Member.
- 12.4 On a poll a Member who is entitled shall have one vote for each Share he holds, unless any Share carries special voting rights.
- 12.5 A fraction of a Share carrying the right to vote shall entitle its holder to an equivalent fraction of one vote.
- 12.6 No Member is bound to vote all his Shares or any of them; nor is he bound to vote each of his Shares in the same way.

Rights of joint holders

- 12.7 If Shares are held jointly, only one of the joint holders may vote. If more than one of the joint holders tenders a vote, the vote of the holder whose name in respect of those Shares appears first in the register of members shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.

Representation of corporate Members

- 12.8 Save where otherwise provided, a corporate Member must act by one or more duly authorised representatives.
- 12.9 A corporate Member wishing to act by a duly authorised representative must identify that person to the Company by notice in writing.
- 12.10 The authorisation may be for any period of time, and must be delivered to the Company not less than two hours before the commencement of the meeting at which it is first used.
- 12.11 The directors of the Company may require the production of any evidence which they consider necessary to determine the validity of the notice.
- 12.12 Where a duly authorised representative is present at a meeting that Member is deemed to be present in person; and the acts of the duly authorised representative are personal acts of that Member.
- 12.13 A corporate Member may revoke the appointment of a duly authorised representative at any time by notice to the Company; but such revocation will not affect the validity of any acts carried out by the duly authorised representative before the directors of the Company had actual notice of the revocation.

Member with mental disorder

- 12.14 A Member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the Island or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by that Member's receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court.
- 12.15 For the purpose of the preceding Article, evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote must be received not less than 24 hours before holding the relevant meeting or the adjourned meeting in any manner specified for the delivery of forms of appointment of a proxy, whether in writing or by Electronic means. In default, the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

Objections to admissibility of votes

- 12.16 An objection to the validity of a person's vote may only be raised at the meeting or at the adjourned meeting at which the vote is sought to be tendered. Any objection duly made shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Form of proxy

- 12.17 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in any common form or in any other form approved by the directors. A Member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion.
- 12.18 The instrument must be in writing and signed in one of the following ways:
- (a) by the Member; or
 - (b) by the Member's authorised attorney; or
 - (c) if the Member is a corporation or other body corporate, under seal or signed by an authorised officer, secretary or attorney.

If the directors so resolve, the Company may accept an Electronic Record of that instrument delivered in the manner specified below and otherwise satisfying the Articles about authentication of Electronic Records.

- 12.19 The directors may require the production of any evidence which they consider necessary to determine the validity of any appointment of a proxy.
- 12.20 A Member may revoke the appointment of a proxy at any time by notice to the Company duly signed in accordance with Article 12.18; but such revocation will not affect the validity of any acts carried out by the proxy before the directors of the Company had actual notice of the revocation.

How and when proxy is to be delivered

- 12.21 Subject to the following Articles, the form of appointment of a proxy and any authority under which it is signed, or a copy of the authority certified notarially or in any other way

approved by the directors, must be delivered so that it is received by the Company at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the form of appointment of proxy proposes to vote. They must be delivered in either of the following ways:

- (a) In the case of an instrument in writing, it must be left at or sent by post:
 - (i) to the registered office of the Company; or
 - (ii) to such other place within the Island specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any form of appointment of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting.
- (b) If, pursuant to the notice provisions, a notice may be given to the Company in an Electronic Record, an Electronic Record of an appointment of a proxy must be sent to the address specified pursuant to those provisions unless another address for that purpose is specified:
 - (i) in the notice convening the meeting; or
 - (ii) in any form of appointment of a proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting; or
 - (iii) in any invitation to appoint a proxy issued by the Company in relation to the meeting.

12.22 Where a poll is taken:

- (a) if it is taken **more than** seven Clear Days after it is demanded, the form of appointment of a proxy and any accompanying authority (or an Electronic Record of the same) must be delivered as required under Article 12.21 not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll;
- (b) if it is taken **within** seven Clear Days after it was demanded, the form of appointment of a proxy and any accompanying authority (or an Electronic Record of the same) must be delivered as required under Article 12.21 not less than two hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll.

12.23 If the form of appointment of proxy is not delivered on time, it is invalid.

Voting by proxy

- 12.24** A proxy shall have the same voting rights at a meeting or adjourned meeting as the Member would have had except to the extent that the instrument appointing him limits those rights. Notwithstanding the appointment of a proxy, a Member may attend and vote at a meeting or adjourned meeting. If a Member votes on any resolution a vote by his proxy on the same resolution, unless in respect of different Shares, shall be invalid.

13 Number of directors

Unless otherwise determined by Ordinary Resolution, the minimum number of directors shall be one but there shall be no maximum number.

14 Appointment, disqualification and removal of directors

First directors

14.1 The first directors shall be appointed in writing by the subscriber to the Memorandum.

No age limit

14.2 There is no age limit for directors save that they must be aged at least 18 years.

Corporate directors

14.3 Unless prohibited by law, a body corporate may be a director. If a body corporate is a director, the Articles about representation of corporate Members at general meetings apply, mutatis mutandis, to the Articles about directors' meetings.

No shareholding qualification

14.4 Unless a shareholding qualification for directors is fixed by Ordinary Resolution, no director shall be required to own Shares as a condition of his appointment.

Appointment of directors

14.5 A director may be appointed by Ordinary Resolution or by the directors. Any appointment may be to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

14.6 A remaining director may appoint a director even though there is not a quorum of directors.

14.7 No appointment can cause the number of directors to exceed the maximum; and any such appointment shall be invalid.

Removal of directors

14.8 A director may be removed by Ordinary Resolution.

Resignation of directors

14.9 A director may at any time resign the office by giving to the Company notice in writing or, if permitted pursuant to the notice provisions, in an Electronic Record delivered in either case in accordance with those provisions.

14.10 Unless the notice specifies a different date, the director shall be deemed to have resigned on the date on which the notice is delivered to the Company.

Termination of the office of director

14.11 A director's office shall be terminated:

- (a) if the director resigns his office by notice to the Company in accordance with Articles 14.9 and 14.10;
- (b) forthwith if he is prohibited by the law of the Island from acting as a director; or
- (c) forthwith if he is made bankrupt or makes an arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
- (d) forthwith if in the opinion of a registered medical practitioner by whom he is being treated he becomes physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director; or
- (e) forthwith if he is made subject to any law relating to mental health or incompetence, whether by court order or otherwise; or
- (f) forthwith if without the consent of the other directors, he is absent from meetings of directors for a continuous period of six months.

14.12 If the office of director is terminated or vacated for any reason, he shall thereupon cease to be a member of any committee of the board of directors of the Company.

15 Alternate directors

Appointment and removal

15.1 Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other person, including another director, to act in his place as an alternate director. No appointment shall take effect until the director has given notice of the appointment to the other directors.

15.2 A director may revoke his appointment of an alternate at any time. No revocation shall take effect until the director has given notice of the revocation to the other directors.

15.3 A notice of appointment or removal of an alternate director must be given to the Company by any of the following methods:

- (a) by notice in writing in accordance with the notice provisions; or
- (b) if the Company has a facsimile address for the time being, by sending by facsimile transmission to that facsimile address a facsimile copy or, otherwise, by sending by facsimile transmission to the facsimile address of the Company's registered office a facsimile copy (in either case, the facsimile copy being deemed to be the notice unless Article 28.7 applies), in which event notice shall be taken to be given on the date of an error-free transmission report from the sender's fax machine; or
- (c) if the Company has an email address for the time being, by email to that email address or, otherwise, by email to the email address provided by the Company's registered office (in either case, the email being deemed to be the notice unless

Article 28.7 applies), in which event notice shall be taken to be given on the date of receipt by the Company or the Company's registered office (as appropriate); or

- (d) if permitted pursuant to the notice provisions, in some other form of approved Electronic Record delivered in accordance with those provisions in writing.

Notices

- 15.4 All notices of meetings of directors shall continue to be given to the appointing director and not to the alternate.

Rights of alternate director

- 15.5 An alternate director, where so appointed and acting, shall (subject to these Articles) be entitled to attend and vote at any board meeting or meeting of a committee of the directors at which the appointing director is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of the appointing director in his absence. An alternate director, however, is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for services rendered as an alternate director.
- 15.6 Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him.

Appointment ceases when the appointor ceases to be a director

- 15.7 An alternate director shall automatically cease to be an alternate director if the director who appointed him ceases to be a director, or on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointer, would result in the termination of the appointer's appointment as a director.

16 Powers of directors

Powers of directors

- 16.1 Subject to the provisions of the Law, the Memorandum, these Articles and any directions given by Special Resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the directors who may for that purpose exercise all the powers of the Company.
- 16.2 No prior act of the directors shall be invalidated by any subsequent alteration of the Memorandum or these Articles or any direction given by Special Resolution. However, to the extent allowed by the Law, Members may in accordance with the Law validate any prior or future act of the directors which would otherwise be in breach of their duties.

Appointments to office

- 16.3 The directors may appoint a director:
 - (a) as chairman of the board of directors;
 - (b) as managing director;

(c) to any other executive office,

for such period and on such terms, including as to remuneration, as they think fit.

16.4 The appointee must consent in writing to holding that office.

16.5 Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any agreement relating to the provision of the services of such director.

16.6 Where a chairman is appointed he shall, unless unable to do so, preside at every meeting of directors.

16.7 If there is no chairman, or if the chairman is unable to preside at a meeting, that meeting may select its own chairman; or the directors may nominate one of their number to act in place of the chairman should he ever not be available.

16.8 Subject to the provisions of the Law and Article 16.9, the directors may also appoint any person, who need not be a director:

(a) as Secretary; and

(b) to any office that may be required,

for such period and on such terms, including as to remuneration, as they think fit. In the case of an Officer, that Officer may be given any title the directors decide.

16.9 The Secretary or Officer must consent in writing to holding that office.

16.10 A director, Secretary or other Officer of the Company may not hold office, or perform the services, of auditor.

Remuneration

16.11 Every director may be remunerated by the Company for the services he provides for the benefit of the Company, whether as director, employee or otherwise, and shall be entitled to be paid for the expenses incurred in the Company's business including attendance at directors' meetings.

16.12 A director's remuneration shall be fixed by the Company by Ordinary Resolution. Unless that resolution provides otherwise, the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.

16.13 Remuneration may take any form and may include arrangements to pay pensions, health insurance, death or sickness benefits, whether to the director or to any other person connected to or related to him.

16.14 Unless his fellow directors determine otherwise, a director is not accountable to the Company for remuneration or other benefits received from any other company which is in the same group as the Company or which has common shareholdings.

17 Delegation of powers

Power to delegate any of the directors' powers to a committee

- 17.1 The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more persons. The committee may include non-directors so long as the majority of persons on the committee are directors.
- 17.2 The delegation may be collateral with, or to the exclusion of, the directors' own powers.
- 17.3 The delegation may be on such terms as the directors think fit, including provision for the committee itself to delegate to a sub-committee; save that any delegation must be capable of being revoked or altered by the directors at will.
- 17.4 Unless otherwise permitted by the directors, a committee must follow the procedures prescribed for the taking of decisions by directors.

Power to appoint an agent of the Company

- 17.5 The directors may appoint any person, either generally or in respect of any specific matter, to be the agent of the Company with or without authority for that person to delegate all or any of that person's powers. The directors may make that appointment:
 - (a) by causing the Company to enter into a power of attorney or agreement; or
 - (b) in any other manner they determine.

Power to appoint an attorney or authorised signatory of the Company

- 17.6 The directors may appoint any person, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the directors, to be the attorney or the authorised signatory of the Company. The appointment may be:
 - (a) for any purpose;
 - (b) with the powers, authorities and discretions;
 - (c) for the period; and
 - (d) subject to such conditions,as they think fit. The powers, authorities and discretions, however, must not exceed those vested in, or exercisable by, the directors under these Articles. The directors may make such an appointment by power of attorney or any other manner they think fit.
- 17.7 Any power of attorney or other appointment may contain such provision for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with the attorney or authorised signatory as the directors think fit. Any power of attorney or other appointment may also authorise the attorney or authorised signatory to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in that person.

18 Meetings of directors

Regulation of directors' meetings

- 18.1 Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit.

Calling meetings

- 18.2 Any director may call a meeting of directors at any time. The Secretary must call a meeting of the directors if requested to do so by a director.

Notice of meetings

- 18.3 Every director shall be given notice of a meeting, although a director may waive retrospectively the requirement to be given notice. Notice may be oral.

Use of technology

- 18.4 A director may participate in a meeting of directors through the medium of conference telephone, video or any other form of communications equipment if all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout the meeting.
- 18.5 A director participating in this way is deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall, subject to Article 19.5 and Article 19.6, be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum accordingly.

Quorum

- 18.6 The quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors (including any adjourned meeting) shall be as follows:
- (a) whenever the Company has two or more directors, the quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and, unless so fixed at any greater number, shall be two directors (or their alternate directors) present and entitled to vote; or
 - (b) whenever the Company has one director and the minimum number of directors is one, a sole director (or his alternate) may exercise all the powers of the directors without holding a meeting but shall transact the business of the directors by resolution in writing in accordance with Article 18.13.
- 18.7 Subject to these Articles, an alternate director present at a meeting of directors shall, in the absence of the director for whom he acts as director, be counted in the quorum at the meeting and any director who is present and counts in the quorum at a board meeting shall also be counted in the quorum as one for each absent director for whom he acts as alternate director at the meeting.

- 18.8 If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes from the time specified for a meeting of directors, or if, during a meeting, a quorum ceases to be present, then the meeting shall be adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or such other day, time and place as the chairman may determine and if, at such adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 15 minutes from the time specified for the meeting of directors, those directors present shall be a quorum.

Voting

- 18.9 A question which arises at a board meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. If votes are equal the chairman shall not have a casting vote.
- 18.10 The continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number but if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

Validity

- 18.11 Anything done at a meeting of directors is unaffected by the fact that it is later discovered that any person was not properly appointed, or had ceased to be a director, or was otherwise not entitled to vote.

Recording of dissent

- 18.12 A director present at a meeting of directors shall be presumed to have assented to any action taken at that meeting unless:
- (a) his dissent is entered in the minutes of the meeting; or
 - (b) he has filed with the meeting before it is concluded a signed dissent from that action; or
 - (c) he has forwarded to the Company as soon as practical following the conclusion of that meeting a signed dissent.

A director who votes in favour of an action is not entitled to record his dissent to it.

Written resolutions

- 18.13 The directors may pass a resolution in writing without holding a meeting if the following conditions are met:
- (a) all directors are given notice of the resolution; and
 - (b) the resolution is set out in a document or documents indicating that it is a written resolution; and
 - (c) all of the directors:
 - (i) sign a document; or

(ii) sign several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors; and

(d) the signed document or documents is or are delivered to the Company, including, if the Company so nominates by delivery of an Electronic Record, by Electronic means to the address specified for that purpose.

18.14 Such written resolution shall be as effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held; and it shall be treated as having been passed on the day and at the time that the last director signs.

19 Permissible directors' interests and disclosure

Permissible interests subject to disclosure

19.1 Save as expressly permitted by these Articles or as set out below, a director may not have a direct or indirect interest which to a material extent conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company.

19.2 If, notwithstanding the prohibition in the preceding Article, a director discloses any direct or indirect interest in accordance with the next Article, he may:

(a) be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or any subsidiary of the Company or in which the Company or any such subsidiary is or may otherwise be interested;

(b) be interested in another body corporate promoted by the Company or any such subsidiary or in which the Company or any such subsidiary is otherwise interested. In particular, the director may be a director, secretary or officer of, or employed by, or be a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, that other body corporate.

19.3 The disclosure required by the preceding Article must be achieved by the interested director disclosing to his fellow directors, at the first meeting of the board at which the transaction or arrangement is considered after the director concerned becomes aware of the circumstances giving rise to his disclosure obligation or, failing this, as soon as practical after that meeting by notice in writing delivered to the Secretary, the nature and extent of his direct or indirect interest in a transaction or arrangement or series of transactions or arrangements entered into or proposed to be entered into by the Company or any subsidiary of the Company or in which the Company or any such subsidiary is or may otherwise be interested, which to a material extent conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company or any such subsidiary and of which the director is aware.

19.4 If a director has disclosed his interest in accordance with the preceding Article, then he shall not, by reason only of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

Notification of interests

19.5 For the purposes of the preceding Article, a director shall be taken to have sufficiently disclosed the nature and extent of any interest in a transaction or arrangement if:

- (a) the director gives a general notice to the other directors that a specific person or class of persons has an interest, of the nature and extent specified in the notice, in a transaction or arrangement; and
- (b) the director meets the description of the specified person or class of persons.

19.6 A director shall not be treated as having an interest in a transaction or arrangement if he has no knowledge of that interest and it is unreasonable to expect the director to have that knowledge.

Voting where a director is interested in a matter

19.7 A director may vote at a meeting of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which that director has an interest or duty, whether directly or indirectly, so long as that director discloses his interest pursuant to these Articles. Subject to such disclosure, the director shall be counted towards a quorum of those present at the meeting and, if the director votes on the resolution, his vote shall be counted.

19.8 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employment with the Company, any subsidiary of the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise interested, the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.

20 Minutes

The Company shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose in accordance with the Law.

21 Accounts and audits

Accounting and other records

21.1 The directors must ensure that proper accounting and other records are kept, and that accounts and associated reports are distributed in accordance with the requirements of the Law.

No automatic right of inspection

21.2 Members are only entitled to inspect the Company's records if they are expressly entitled to do so by law, or by resolution made by the directors or passed by Ordinary Resolution.

Sending of accounts and reports

21.3 The Company's accounts and associated directors' report and auditor's report (if any) that are required or permitted to be sent to any person pursuant to any law shall be treated as properly sent to that person if:

- (a) they are sent to that person in accordance with the notice provisions in Article 27; or
- (b) they are published on a website providing that person is given separate notice of:
 - (i) the fact that the documents have been published on the website;
 - (ii) the address of the website;
 - (iii) the place on the website where the documents may be accessed; and
 - (iv) how they may be accessed.

21.4 If, for any reason, a person notifies the Company that he is unable to access the website, the Company must, as soon as practicable, send the documents to that person by any other means permitted by these Articles. This, however, will not affect when that person is taken to have received the documents under Article 21.5.

Time of receipt if documents are published on a website

21.5 Documents sent by being published on a website in accordance with the preceding two Articles are only treated as sent at least 14 Clear Days before the date of the meeting at which they are to be laid if:

- (a) the documents are published on the website throughout a period beginning at least 14 Clear Days before the date of the meeting and ending with the conclusion of the meeting; and
- (b) the person is given at least 14 Clear Days' notice of the meeting.

Validity despite accidental error in publication on website

21.6 If, for the purpose of a meeting, documents are sent by being published on a website in accordance with the preceding Articles, the proceedings at that meeting are not invalidated merely because by accident:

- (a) those documents are published in a different place on the website to the place notified; or
- (b) they are published for part only of the period from the date of notification until the conclusion of that meeting.

When accounts are to be audited

- 21.7 Unless the directors or the Members, by Ordinary Resolution, so resolve or unless the Law so requires, the Company's accounts will not be audited. If the Members so resolve, the Company's accounts shall be audited in the manner determined by Ordinary Resolution. Alternatively, if the directors so resolve, they shall be audited in the manner they determine.

22 Record dates

Except to the extent of any conflicting rights attached to Shares, the directors may fix any time and date as the record date for declaring or paying a dividend or making or issuing an allotment of Shares. The record date may be before or after the date on which a dividend, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made.

23 Dividends

Declaration of dividends by Members

- 23.1 Subject to the provisions of the Law, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the Members but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors. Any such declared dividend, subject to it not exceeding the amount recommended by the directors, shall be a debt owed by the Company due on the date that such dividend is declared to be payable or, if no date is specified, immediately.

Payment of interim dividends by directors

- 23.2 Subject to the provisions of the Law, the directors may pay interim dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the Members. Any interim dividend shall not be a debt owed by the Company until such time as payment of the dividend is made.
- 23.3 In relation to Shares carrying differing rights to dividends or rights to dividends at a fixed rate, the following applies:
- (a) if the Company has different classes of Shares, the directors may pay dividends on Shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividends as well as on Shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividends but no dividend shall be paid on Shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrears;
 - (b) subject to the provisions of the Law, the directors may also pay, at intervals settled by them, any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that there are sufficient funds of the Company lawfully available for distribution to justify the payment; and
 - (c) if the directors act in good faith, they shall not incur any liability to the Members holding Shares conferring preferred rights for any loss those Members may suffer by the lawful payment of the dividend on any Shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

Apportionment of dividends

- 23.4 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to Shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the Shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amount paid up on the Shares during the time or part of the time in respect of which the dividend is paid. But if a Share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that Share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

Right of set off

- 23.5 The directors may deduct from a dividend or any other amount payable to a person in respect of a Share any amount due by that person to the Company on a call or otherwise in relation to a Share.

Power to pay other than in cash

- 23.6 If the directors so determine, any resolution determining a dividend may direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets or the issue of Shares. If a difficulty arises in relation to the distribution, the directors may settle that difficulty in any way they consider appropriate. For example, they may do any one or more of the following:

- (a) issue fractional Shares;
- (b) fix the value of assets for distribution and make cash payments to some Members on the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of Members; and
- (c) vest some assets in trustees.

How payments may be made

- 23.7 A dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of a Share may be paid in any of the following ways:

- (a) if the Member holding that Share or other person entitled to that Share nominates a bank account for that purpose, by wire transfer to that bank account; or
- (b) by cheque or warrant sent by post to the registered address of the Member holding that Share or other person entitled to that Share.

- 23.8 For the purpose of Article 23.7(a), the nomination may be in writing or in an Electronic Record and the bank account nominated may be the bank account of another person. For the purpose of Article 23.7(b), subject to any applicable law or regulation, the cheque or warrant shall be made to the order of the Member holding that Share or other person entitled to the Share or to his nominee, whether nominated in writing or in an Electronic Record, and payment of the cheque or warrant shall be a good discharge to the Company.

23.9 If two or more persons are registered as the holders of the Share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the registered holder (**Joint Holders**), a dividend (or other amount) payable on or in respect of that Share may be paid as follows:

- (a) to the registered address of the Joint Holder of the Share who is named first on the register of members or to the registered address of the deceased or bankrupt holder, as the case may be; or
- (b) *to the address or bank account of another person nominated by the Joint Holders, whether that nomination is in writing or in an Electronic Record.*

23.10 Any Joint Holder of a Share may give a valid receipt for a dividend (or other amount) payable in respect of that Share.

Dividends or other monies not to bear interest in absence of special rights

23.11 Unless provided for by the rights attached to a Share, no dividend or other monies payable by the Company in respect of a Share shall bear interest.

Dividends unable to be paid or unclaimed

23.12 If a dividend cannot be paid to a Member or remains unclaimed within six weeks after it was declared or both, the directors may pay it into a separate account in the Company's name. If a dividend is paid into a separate account, the Company shall not be constituted trustee in respect of that account and the dividend shall remain a debt due to the Member.

23.13 A dividend that remains unclaimed for a period of ten years after it became due for payment shall be forfeited to, and shall cease to remain owing by, the Company.

24 Capitalisation of profits

Capitalisation of profits or of any share premium account or capital redemption reserve

24.1 Subject to the Law, the directors may resolve to capitalise any part of the Company's reserves not required for paying any preferential dividend.

24.2 The amount resolved to be capitalised must be appropriated to the Members who would have been entitled to it had it been distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions. The benefit to each Member so entitled must be given in either or both of the following ways:

- (a) by paying up the amounts unpaid on that Member's Shares;
- (b) by issuing Fully Paid Shares or debentures of the Company to that Member or as that Member directs. The directors may resolve that any Shares issued to the Member in respect of partly paid Shares (**Original Shares**) rank for dividend only to the extent that the Original Shares rank for dividend while those Original Shares remain partly paid.

Applying an amount for the benefit of members

- 24.3 Subject to the Law, if a fraction of a Share or a debenture is allocated to a Member, the directors may issue a fractional certificate to that Member or pay him the cash equivalent of the fraction.

25 Seal

Company seal

- 25.1 The Company may have a seal if the directors so determine.

Official seal

- 25.2 Subject to the provisions of the Law, the Company may also have:
- (a) an official seal or seals for use in any place or places outside the Island. Each such official seal shall be a facsimile of the original seal of the Company but shall have added on its face the name of the country, territory or place where it is to be used or the words "branch seal"; and
 - (b) an official seal for use only in connection with the sealing of securities issued by the Company and such official seal shall be a copy of the common seal of the Company but shall in addition bear the word "securities".

When and how seal is to be used

- 25.3 A seal may only be used by the authority of the directors. Unless the directors otherwise determine, a document to which a seal is affixed must be signed in one of the following ways:
- (a) by a director (or his alternate) and the Secretary; or
 - (b) by a single director (or his alternate).

If no seal is adopted or used

- 25.4 If the directors do not adopt a seal, or a seal is not used, a document may be executed in the following manner:
- (a) by a director (or his alternate) and the Secretary; or
 - (b) by a single director (or his alternate); or
 - (c) by any other person authorised by the directors; or
 - (d) in any other manner permitted by the Law.

Power to allow non-manual signatures and facsimile printing of seal

- 25.5 The directors may determine that either or both of the following applies:

- (a) that the seal or a duplicate seal need not be affixed manually but may be affixed by some other method or system of reproduction;
- (b) that a signature required by these Articles need not be manual but may be a mechanical or Electronic Signature.

Validity of execution

- 25.6 If a document is duly executed and delivered by or on behalf of the Company, it shall not be regarded as invalid merely because, at the date of the delivery, the Secretary, or the director, or other Officer or person who signed the document or affixed the seal for and on behalf of the Company ceased to be the Secretary or hold that office and authority on behalf of the Company.

26 Indemnity

Indemnity

- 26.1 To the extent permitted by law, the Company shall indemnify each existing or former Secretary, director (including alternate director), and other Officer of the Company (including an administrator or liquidator) and their personal representatives against:
- (a) all actions, proceedings, costs, charges, expenses, losses, damages or liabilities incurred or sustained by the existing or former Secretary or Officer in or about the conduct of the Company's business or affairs or in the execution or discharge of the existing or former Secretary's or Officer's duties, powers, authorities or discretions; and
 - (b) without limitation to Article 26.1(a), all costs, expenses, losses or liabilities incurred by the existing or former Secretary or Officer in defending (whether successfully or otherwise in accordance with the Law) any civil, criminal, administrative or investigative proceedings (whether threatened, pending or completed) concerning the Company or its affairs in any court or tribunal, whether in the Island or elsewhere.

No such existing or former Secretary or Officer, however, shall be indemnified in respect of any matter arising out of his own dishonesty.

- 26.2 To the extent permitted by law, the Company may make a payment, or agree to make a payment, whether by way of advance, loan or otherwise, for any legal costs incurred by an existing or former Secretary or Officer of the Company in respect of any matter identified in Article 26.1(a) or Article 26.1(b) on condition that the Secretary or Officer must repay the amount paid by the Company to the extent that it is ultimately found not liable to indemnify the Secretary or that Officer for those legal costs.

Release

- 26.3 To the extent permitted by law, the Company may by Special Resolution release any existing or former director (including alternate director), Secretary or other Officer of the Company from liability for any loss or damage or right to compensation which may arise

out of or in connection with the execution or discharge of the duties, powers, authorities or discretions of his office; but there may be no release from liability arising out of or in connection with that person's own dishonesty.

Insurance

26.4 To the extent permitted by law, the Company may pay, or agree to pay, a premium in respect of a contract insuring each of the following persons against risks determined by the directors, other than liability arising out of that person's own dishonesty:

- (a) an existing or former director (including alternate director), Secretary or other Officer or auditor of:
 - (i) the Company;
 - (ii) a company which is or was a subsidiary of the Company;
 - (iii) a company in which the Company has or had an interest (whether direct or indirect); and
- (b) a trustee of an employee or retirement benefits scheme or other trust in which any of the persons referred to in Article 26.4(a) is or was interested.

27 Notices

Form of notices

27.1 Save where these Articles provide otherwise, any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Articles shall be:

- (a) in writing signed by or on behalf of the giver in the manner set out below for written notices;
- (b) subject to Article 27.2, in an Electronic Record signed by or on behalf of the giver by Electronic Signature and authenticated in accordance with Articles about authentication of Electronic Records; or
- (c) where these Articles expressly permit, by the Company by means of a website.

Electronic communications

27.2 Without limitation to Articles 15.1 to 15.3 inclusive (relating to the appointment and removal of alternate directors by directors), a notice may only be given to the Company in an Electronic Record if:

- (a) the directors so resolve;
- (b) the resolution states how an Electronic Record may be given and, if applicable, specifies an email address for the Company; and

- (c) the terms of that resolution are notified to the Members for the time being and, if applicable, to those directors who were absent from the meeting at which the resolution was passed.

If the resolution is revoked or varied, the revocation or variation shall only become effective when its terms have been similarly notified.

- 27.3 A notice may not be given by Electronic Record to a person other than the Company unless the recipient has notified the giver of an Electronic address to which notice may be sent.

Persons authorised to give notices

- 27.4 A notice by either the Company or a Member pursuant to these Articles may be given on behalf of the Company or a Member by a director or the Secretary or a Member. Without limitation to the Articles about the power to allow non-manual signatures and facsimile printing of the seal, the signature of a person on a notice given by the Company may be written, printed or stamped.

Delivery of written notices

- 27.5 Save where these Articles provide otherwise, a notice in writing may be given personally to the recipient, or left at (as appropriate) the Member's or director's registered address or the Company's registered office, or posted to that registered address or registered office.

Joint holders

- 27.6 Where Members are joint holders of a Share, all notices shall be given to the Member whose name first appears in the register of members.

Signatures

- 27.7 A written notice shall be signed when it is autographed by or on behalf of the giver, or is marked in such a way as to indicate its execution or adoption by the giver.
- 27.8 An Electronic Record may be signed by an Electronic Signature.

Evidence of transmission

- 27.9 A notice given by Electronic Record shall be deemed sent if an Electronic Record is kept demonstrating the time, date and content of the transmission, and if no notification of failure to transmit is received by the giver.
- 27.10 A notice given in writing shall be deemed sent if the giver can provide proof that the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, pre-paid and posted, or that the written notice was otherwise properly transmitted to the recipient.

Giving notice to a deceased or bankrupt Member

- 27.11 A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a Share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member by sending or delivering it, in any

manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a Member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description, at the address, if any, supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled.

- 27.12 Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

Delivery of notices

- 27.13 A notice shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient in accordance with the following table.

| Method for giving notice | When deemed to be received |
|--|--|
| Personally | At the time and date of delivery |
| By leaving it at the Member's registered address | At the time and date it was left |
| If the recipient has an address within the Island, by posting it by prepaid post to the street or postal address of that recipient | On the day after the day when it was posted |
| If the recipient has an address outside the Island, by posting it by prepaid airmail to the street or postal address of that recipient | On the third day after the day when it was posted for an address within the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, another Channel Island or Europe On the fifth day after the day when it was posted for any other international address |
| By Electronic Record (other than publication on a website), to recipient's Electronic address | On the day after the day when it was sent |
| By publication on a website (notice of general meetings and sending of accounts and reports) | For notice of a general meeting of Members, at the time and date that the recipient is deemed to have received notice of the publication (Articles 10.14 and 10.16) For accounts and reports specified in Article 21.3, in accordance with Article 21.5 |

Saving provisions

- 27.14 A Member present, either in person or by proxy, at any general meeting or at any meeting of the Members holding any class of Shares shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.
- 27.15 Every person who becomes entitled to a Share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that Share which, before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from which he derives his title.
- 27.16 None of the preceding notice provisions shall derogate from the Articles about the delivery of written resolutions of directors and written resolutions of Members.

28 Authentication of Electronic Records

Application of Articles

- 28.1 Without limitation to any other provision of these Articles, any notice, written resolution or other document under these Articles that is sent by Electronic means by a Member, or by the Secretary, or by a director or other Officer of the Company, shall be deemed to be authentic if either Article 28.2 or Article 28.4 applies.

Authentication of documents sent by Members by Electronic means

- 28.2 An Electronic Record of a notice, written resolution or other document sent by Electronic means by or on behalf of one or more Members shall be deemed to be authentic if the following conditions are satisfied:
- (a) the Member or each Member, as the case may be, signed the original document, and for this purpose **Original Document** includes several documents in like form signed by one or more of those Members; and
 - (b) the Electronic Record of the Original Document was sent by Electronic means by, or at the direction of, that Member to an address specified in accordance with these Articles for the purpose for which it was sent; and
 - (c) Article 28.7 does not apply.

- 28.3 For example, where a sole Member signs a resolution and sends the Electronic Record of the original resolution, or causes it to be sent, by facsimile transmission to the address in these Articles specified for that purpose, the facsimile copy shall be deemed to be the written resolution of that Member unless Article 28.7 applies.

Authentication of document sent by the Secretary or Officers by Electronic means

- 28.4 An Electronic Record of a notice, written resolution or other document sent by or on behalf of the Secretary or an Officer or Officers of the Company shall be deemed to be authentic if the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) the Secretary or the Officer or each Officer, as the case may be, signed the original document, and for this purpose **Original Document** includes several documents in like form signed by the Secretary or one or more of those Officers; and
- (b) the *Electronic Record of the Original Document* was sent by Electronic means by, or at the direction of, the Secretary or that Officer to an address specified in accordance with these Articles for the purpose for which it was sent; and
- (c) Article 28.7 does not apply.

This Article applies whether the document is sent by or on behalf of the Secretary or Officer in his own right or as a representative of the Company.

28.5 For example, where a sole director signs a resolution and scans the resolution, or causes it to be scanned, as a PDF version which is attached to an email sent to the address in these Articles specified for that purpose, the PDF version shall be deemed to be the written resolution of that director unless Article 28.7 applies.

Manner of signing

28.6 For the purposes of these Articles about the authentication of Electronic Records, a document will be taken to be signed if it is signed manually or in any other manner permitted by these Articles.

Saving provision

28.7 A notice, written resolution or other document under these Articles will not be deemed to be authentic if the recipient, acting reasonably:

- (a) believes that the signature of the signatory has been altered after the signatory had signed the original document; or
- (b) believes that the original document, or the Electronic Record of it, was altered, without the approval of the signatory, after the signatory signed the original document; or
- (c) otherwise doubts the authenticity of the Electronic Record of the document,

and the recipient promptly gives notice to the sender setting the grounds of its objection. If the recipient invokes this Article, the sender may seek to establish the authenticity of the Electronic Record in any way the sender thinks fit.

29 Winding up

Distribution of assets in specie

29.1 If the Company is wound up, the liquidator or the directors, as the case may be, may, subject to these Articles and any other sanction required by the Law, do either or both of the following:

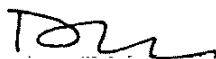
- (a) to divide in specie among the Members the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and, for that purpose, to value any assets and to determine how the division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members;
- (b) to vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees for the benefit of Members and those liable to contribute to the winding up.

No obligation to accept liability

29.2 No Member shall be compelled to accept any assets if an obligation attaches to them.

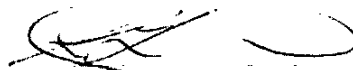
Dated the . 23 NOV 2018

Signed for and on behalf of Ogier Global Nominee (Jersey) Limited of 3rd
Floor, 44 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE4 9WG



Signature of authorised signatory

Print name Donna Lavery



Signature of authorised signatory

Print name LISA FLORIS

Witness to above signatures

3rd Floor, 44 Esplanade
St Helier
Jersey
JE4 9WG



Signature

Print name JAKE PRINCE



FILE COPY

**CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION
OF AN OVERSEA COMPANY**

(Registration of a UK establishment)

Company No. FC036304

UK Establishment No. BR021392

The Registrar of Companies hereby certifies that

S4 CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

has this day been registered under the Companies Act 2006 as having established a UK Establishment in the United Kingdom.

Given at Companies House on **5th June 2019**.



Companies House



**THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES**