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PRALOUP INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2010

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REGISTERED NUMBER (Cayman Islands): WK - 185711 REGISTERED NUMBER (UK): FC 27646

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Change in accounting framework

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Overseas Companies Regulations 2009 (SI 2009/1081) made under section 1049 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Regulations") The Company has applied Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006, as modified by the Regulations, in producing overseas companies individual accounts

This is the first set of financial statements prepared by the Company in accordance with the Regulations

Previously the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), as published by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with the IFRSs and IFRIC interpretations as adopted by the European Union

The directors have changed the accounting framework following an internal assessment on preparing financial statements under IFRS. The Directors concluded that preparation of financial statements under IFRSs entailed a disproportionate expense to the benefit arising. Following this, the Directors elected to prepare accounts under the Regulations.

Review of business and future outlook

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an investment company. No significant change in this activity is envisaged for the foreseeable future and the directors expect the Company's performance to be in line with the current year.

The directors have reviewed the Company's business and performance and consider it to be satisfactory for the period. The directors consider that the Company's position at the end of the year is consistent with the size and complexity of the business

Given the nature of the business, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

Results and dividends

During the year ended 31 December 2010 the Company made a profit after tax of €95,830,757 (2009 €96,388,970) The directors paid ordinary dividends in relation to the year ended 31 December 2010 of €91,563,022 (2009 €95,464,856) and Class B preference share dividends of €Nil out of its distributable reserves (2009 €Nil) The company has net assets of €2,078,552,249 (2009 €2,074,284,831)

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Directors

The directors of the Company, who served during the year, together with their dates of appointment and resignation, where appropriate, are as shown below

E Edis

(resigned 7 May 2010)

GMF Brawn

(appointment 30 June 2010)

IEF Corswarem

MGD Treharne (appointment 30 June 2010)

N Abhat

(appointment 30 June 2010)

R Isman

(resigned 23 June 2010)

Since the year end, RJ Craine was appointed as a Director on 3 February 2011 and JEF Corswarem resigned as a Director on 7 March 2011

Directors' third party indemnity provisions

Qualifying third-party indemnity provisions were in force during the course of the financial year ended 31 December 2010 for the benefit of the then directors and, at the date of this report, are in force for the benefit of the directors in relation to certain losses and liabilities which they may incur (or have incurred) in connection with their duties/powers of office

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the Auditors' Report, is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the Directors and of the Auditors in relation to the financial statements

The Directors are required by the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to overseas companies to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for the financial year

The Directors consider that in preparing the financial statements

- the Company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, and
- that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and which enable them to ensure the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, as applicable to overseas companies

PRALOUP INVESTMENTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2010

The Directors in office as at the date of this report confirm that

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditors are aware of that information

The Directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

Financial instruments

The Company operates within the Barclays financial risk management objectives and policies. These include a policy for hedging each major type of forecasted transaction for which hedge accounting is used.

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will continue to hold office in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Director

Name

Date

For and on behalf of Praloup Investments Limited

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF PRALOUP INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Praloup Investments Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of preparation and accounting policies set out in the notes to the financial statements

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the basis of preparation and accounting policies in notes 2 and 3 to the financial statements and the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to overseas companies. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the directors for management purposes and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come including without limitation under any contractual obligations of the company, save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with

- the basis of preparation and accounting policies in notes 2 and 3 to the financial statements, and
- the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to overseas companies

Basis of preparation

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 2 to the financial statements which discloses the basis of preparation. The financial statements have been prepared for the directors for management purposes and may not be suitable for another purpose.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants

London, United Kingdom

Date 29 July 2011

PRALOUP INVESTMENTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Continuing operations:	Notes	2010 €	2009 €
Interest receivable and similar income interest payable and similar charges	4	96,202,386 (1,276)	97,011,976 (476)
Net interest income	•	96,201,110	97,011,500
Other income		6,939	14,679
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	5	96,208,049	97,026,179
Taxation	8	(377,292)	(637,209)
Profit for the year	•	95,830,757	96,388,970
			"

Profit for the year is derived from continuing activities. The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	2010 €	2009 €
Profit for the year	95,830,757	96,388,970
Other comprehensive expense		
Fair value losses on available for sale assets	(441)	(10,404)
Tax credit relating to components of other		
comprehensive expense	124	2,913
Other comprehensive expense for the year net of tax	(317)	(7,491)
Total comprehensive income for the year	95,830,440	96,381,479

PRALOUP INVESTMENTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Notes	2010 €	2009 €
ASSETS		C	C
Non-current assets Investment in preference shares of group undertaking	9	2,050,000,000	2,050,000,000
Total non-current assets		2,050,000,000	2,050,000,000
Current assets Cash at hand Available-for-sale investments Loans and advances	10 11	779,992 2,039,446 108,184,469	524,790 2,092,137 107,928,456
Other receivables	12	11,705,500	8,323,912
Total current assets		122,709,407	118,869,295
TOTAL ASSETS		2,172,709,407	2,168,869,295
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities Current tax Borrowings	13	351,212 93,805,946	778,518 93,805,946
TOTAL LIABILITIES		94,157,158	94,584,464
NET ASSETS		2,078,552,249	2,074,284,831
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Called up share capital Share premium account Other distributable reserves Retained earnings Available-for-sale reserves	14 14 15 15 15	2,003 2,001,997,998 59,000,000 17,551,225 1,023	2,003 2,001,997,998 59,000,000 13,283,490 1,340
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,078,552,249	2,074,284,831
			<u></u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements and accompanying notes were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 July 2011

Director Name

Date

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements are prepared for Praloup Investments Limited (the "Company"), the principal activity of which is to act as an investment company. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Barclays Darnay Euro Investments Limited and its ultimate parent Company is Barclays PLC Barclays PLC prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS. Praloup Investments Limited is a limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The Company's registered office is:

Walkers House 87 Mary Street George Town Grand Cayman KY-9002 Cayman Islands

2. ACCOUNTING FRAMEWORK

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Overseas Companies Regulations 2009 (SI 2009/1081) made under section 1049 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Regulations") The Company has applied Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006, as modified by the Regulations, in producing overseas companies individual accounts

The Company applies the measurement and recognition requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), as published by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with the IFRSs and IFRIC interpretations as adopted by the European Union.

However, for presentation and disclosure purposes, the directors have adopted the requirements under the Regulations and selected disclosures under IFRS which the directors deem to be relevant in understanding its state of affairs. As a result, the following items which are required under IFRS are not included in these financial statements.

- 1 Statement of Changes in Equity,
- 2 Statement of Cash flows,
- 3 Capital Management note,
- 4 IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures to the extent they are not relevant in assessing the Company's state of affairs

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the Regulations requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The Company has made full retrospective application of Section 396 as modified by SI 2009/1081 of Companies Act 2006 for presentation and disclosure purposes in its Financial Statements

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below These policies have been applied consistently

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the fair valuation of certain financial instruments. They are stated in Euros, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will be received by the Company Revenue is reported at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable

Foreign Exchange

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Euros using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Euros at rates of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. All exchange gains and losses, are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Interest

Interest income or expense is recognised on all interest bearing financial assets classified as held to maturity, available for sale or other loans and advances, and on interest bearing financial liabilities, using the effective interest method

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the expected future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument, or when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the instrument. The application of the method has the effect of recognising income (and expense) receivable (or payable) on the instrument evenly in proportion to the amount outstanding over the period to maturity or repayment.

Taxation

Taxation payable on taxable profits is recognised as an expense in the period in which the profits arise income tax recoverable on tax allowable losses is recognised as an asset only to the extent that it is regarded as probable that it is recoverable by offset against current or future taxable profits

Current tax assets and liabilities are only offset when they arise in the same tax reporting group and where there is both the legal right and the intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

Investment in preference shares of group undertaking

Investments in preference shares of group undertakings are initially recorded at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently valued at amortised cost, less any amounts that have been provided for to reflect diminutions in the value of the investment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Available for sale investments

Available for sale investments are non-derivative financial investments. They are initially recognised at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently held at fair value, and gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included as a separate component of equity until sale or impairment when the cumulative gain or loss is transferred to the Profit and Loss Account. The assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership

Loans and advances

Loans and advances are recorded on balance sheet according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into Loans and advances are initially recorded at fair value including direct and incremental transaction costs. They are subsequently valued at amortised cost, less any amounts that have been provided for to reflect impairment in the value of the investment, where there is objective evidence of impairment. Income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, using the effective interest rate which discounts estimated future cash flows through the life of the financial asset to that assets net carrying value.

Borrowings

Borrowings refer to redeemable preference shares issued by the Company and are recognised as a liability when a contractual agreement results in the Company having a present obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder. The liability is initially recognised at fair value and amortised to the redemption value using the effective rate of interest over the life of the instrument.

The redeemable preference shares issued by the Company have been classified as compound financial instruments in accordance with IAS 32 and are split into its debts and equity components

Share capital

Share capital classified as equity, provided that there is no present obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, is shown in called up share capital, and the costs associated with the issuance of shares are recorded as a deduction from equity

Dividends on ordinary and preference shares

Dividends on ordinary and preference shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are paid or, if earlier, approved by the Company's shareholder

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a portfolio of financial assets, including trade receivables, is impaired. The factors that the Company takes into account include significant financial difficulties of the debtor or the issuer, a breach of contract or default in payments, the granting by the Company of a concession to the debtor because of a deterioration in its financial condition, the probability that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, or, in the disappearance of an active market for a security because of the issuer's financial difficulties

Impairment allowances are calculated, based on the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and its estimated recoverable amount, calculated by reference to the expected cash flows from it discounted at the original effective interest rate for the asset

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2010 €	2009 €
Interest receivable from parent undertaking	1,188,451	1,942,772
Interest receivable from group undertakings	56,376	87,917
Dividends receivable on preference shares in group undertaking	94,944,611	94,944,611
Interest receivable – Gilt income	12,948	33,632
Other interest receivable	-	3,044
	96,202,386	97,011,976

5. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The audit fee is borne by another group undertaking. Although the audit fee is borne by another group undertaking, the fee that would have been charged to the company amounts to ϵ 4,126 for the year (2009 ϵ 4,000). This fee is not recognised as an expense in the financial statements

6. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The directors did not receive any emoluments in respect of their services to the Company during 2010 or 2009

7. STAFF COSTS

There were no employees employed by the Company during 2010 or 2009

8. TAXATION

	2010 €	2009 €
UK corporation tax	377,292	637,209
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	377,292	637,209

The UK corporation tax charge is based on the UK corporation tax rate of 28% (2009–28%) The effective tax rate is lower than the standard tax rate as a result of non-taxable items and foreign exchange

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The overall tax charge is explained in the following table

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2010 € 96,208,049	2009 € 97,026,179
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by a rate o corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 28%)	26,938,254	27,167,330
Effect of Non taxable dividend income Foreign exchange	(26,584,491) 23,529	(26,584,491) 54,370
Tax charge	377,292	637,209

9. INVESTMENT IN PREFERENCE SHARES OF GROUP UNDERTAKING

Preference shares in group undertaking

	2010	2009
	€	€
Balance brought forward	2,050,000,000	2,050,000,000
Balance carried forward	2,050,000,000	2,050,000,000

The investment in group undertaking represents 2,050 Class B fixed rate preference shares in Ballon Investments Limited ("Ballon") purchased for a subscription price of €1,000,000 each, being a par value of €1 and share premium of €999,999 per share This amount represents 100% of the Class B preference share capital issued by Ballon

Ballon is a Cayman Islands registered company and its principal activity is to act as an investment company

The non redeemable preference shares are issued by a fellow group undertaking

10. AVAILABLE FOR SALE INVESTMENTS

Debt securities

	2010	2009
	€	€
Balance as at 1 January	2,092,137	2,069,676
Additons	2,028,601	2,074,067
Redemption	(2,033,000)	(2,000,000)
Amortisation of premium on acquisition	(18,985)	(30,042)
Movement in accrued interest	(28,866)	(11,160)
Revaluation deficit transferred to equity	(441)	(10,404)
Balance as at 31 December	2,039,446	2,092,137

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

11. LOANS AND ADVANCES

Amounts due from parent undertakings	2010 €	2009 €
-Principal	100,637,464	100,637,464
-Interest	369,499	75,180
Loans and advances to group undertakings		
-Principal	7,164,422	7,213,606
-Interest	13,084	2,206
	108,184,469	107,928,456
12. OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	2010	2009
	€	€
Preference shares dividends receivable from group undertakings	11,705,500	8,323,912
	11,705,500	8,323,912
13. BORROWINGS		
	2010	2009
	€	€
Class A preference shares	93,805,946	93,805,946
	2010	2009
	€	€
Authorised.		
100 Class A preference shares of €1 each	100	100
100 Class B preference shares of €1 each	100	100
Allotted and fully paid:		
100 Class A preference shares of €1 each	100	100
100 Class B preference shares of €1 each	100	100
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REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

13. BORROWINGS (continued)

	2010 €	2009 €
Share premium: 100 Class A preference shares of €999,999 each 100 Class B preference shares of €999,999 each	99,999,900 99,999,900	99,999,900 99,999,900
Cumulative preference dividends paid:		
Balance as at 1 January Paid during the year	(106,194,054)	(106,194,054)
Class A preference dividends	-	-
Class B preference dividends	-	
Total cumulative dividends paid upto 31 December	(106,194,054)	(106,194,054)
Net borrowings	93,805,946	93,805,946

On the 7 May 2008 the Company increased its authorized share capital by the creation of 100 Class B preference shares of ϵ 1 00 each and the existing preference shares of ϵ 1 00 each were redesignated Class A preference shares of ϵ 1 00 each

On 8 May 2008 the Company issued 100 Class B preference shares to a third party at a subscription price of €1,000,000 per share

The holders of the Class A and B preference shares are not entitled to vote at the general meetings of the Company

On 11 August 2008, the Company paid contractual dividends of €58,650,472 on the Class B preference shares In accordance with the terms of the preference shares, the contractual dividends when they are paid are treated in the accounts as repayments of capital with no associated expense being reported in the Profit and Loss Account or equity

After all contractual dividends are paid, the Class A and B preference shares pay a dividend determined by the unanimous consent of the Directors in their absolute discretion by reference to the funds of the Company lawfully available for distribution. Any such dividends are recognised in equity in the period in which a contractual obligation to make a payment arises

The Class A and B preference shares may be redeemed by either the Company or the holder at any time upon the serving of a redemption notice. On redemption, the holder will receive the initial par value of the preference shares, less contractual dividends paid

On a return of capital or a liquidation or otherwise, the holders of the Class A and B preference shares rank senior to the holders of the ordinary shares. The holders of the Class A and B preference shares are not entitled to participate in the distribution of any surplus assets.

At the balance sheet date the Class A and B preferences shares were held by the Company's parent company

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares	Share premium	Total
		€	€	€
As at 31 December 2009	2,003	2,003	2,001,997,998	2,002,000,001
As at 31 December 2010	2,003	2,003	2,001,997,998	2,002,000,001
			2010	2009
Authorised:			€	€
2,003 Ordinary shares of €1 ea	ach		2,003	2,003
Allotted and fully paid:				
2,003 Ordinary shares of €1 ea	ach		2,003	2,003

The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to vote at the general meetings of the Company and are entitled to receive such dividends as directors may declare.

The ordinary shares are not redeemable and on a return of capital or a liquidation or otherwise, the holders of the preference shares rank senior to the holders of the ordinary shares. The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to participate in the distribution of any surplus assets of the Company

15. RETAINED EARNINGS AND OTHER RESERVES

	Available for sale reserve	Other Distributable Reserves	Retained earnings	Total
	€	€	€	€
Balance at 1 January 2010	1,340	59,000,000	13,283,490	72,284,830
Fair value movements	(317)	-	-	(317)
Net profit for the year	-	-	95,830,757	95,830,757
Dividend Paid	-	-	(91,563,022)	(91,563,022)
Balance at 31 December				
2010	1,023	59,000,000	17,551,225	76,552,248

REGISTERED NUMBER (ENGLAND AND WALES): FC027646

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

15. RETAINED EARNINGS AND OTHER RESERVES (continued)

	Available for sale reserve	Other Distributable Reserves	Retained earnings	Total
	€	€	E	ϵ
Balance at 1 January 2009	8,831	59,000,000	12,359,376	71,368,207
Fair value movements	(7,491)	-	-	(7,491)
Net profit for the year	-	-	96,388,970	96,388,970
Dividend Paid	•	•	(95,464,856)	(95,464,856)
Balance at 31 December				
2009	1,340	59,000,000	13,283,490	72,284,830

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial or operational decisions, or one other party controls both

The definition of related parties includes parent company, ultimate parent company, as well as the Company's key management which includes its Directors Particulars of transactions, and the balances outstanding at the year end, are disclosed in the notes cross referenced below

During the year the Company has had related party transactions with fellow group entities Details of these transactions are in notes, 4, 5, 9, 11, 12, 13 and 14

17 ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

Barclays Darnay Euro Investments Limited is the parent undertaking and controlling party. The parent undertaking of the smallest group that presents consolidated financial statements is Barclays Bank PLC. The ultimate holding Company and the parent Company of the largest group that presents group accounts is Barclays PLC. Both companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England. Barclays Bank PLC's and Barclays PLC's statutory accounts are available for public use from the Group Corporate Secretariat, 1 Churchill Place, London E14 5HP.