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BVI company registered number. 666649
UK foreign company registered number FC026306

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

**Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2015**

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Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Company Information

Directors	S Al Dhahen K Al Shamsi F Veenstra S Al Hallami - alternate
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Registered number	FC026306
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Registered office	171 Main Street PO Box 4041 Road Town Tortola British Virgin Islands
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Business address	400 Capability Green Luton Bedfordshire LU1 3LU United Kingdom
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Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

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Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their strategic report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015

Business review

The principal activity of the company continued to be the operation of a hotel in the United Kingdom

The company has reported an operating profit of £528,691 (2014 £1,322,772)

Profit for the underlying business before adjusting for exceptional items was £431,327 (2014 £185,599)
Exceptional items relate to the reversal of impairment of fixed assets of £97,364 (2014 £1,137,173)

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £187,783 (2014 £1,156,230)

The directors consider the key financial indicators to be

	2015	2014
Gross profit margin	51.73%	49.75%
Operating profit margin before impairment	7.34%	3.29%
Profit after tax	£187,783	£1,156,230
Valuation of hotel asset	£5,100,000	£4,700,000

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is subject to a variety of risks, which may have an adverse impact on the business, its operating results, turnover, profit, assets and reserves

Listed below are the main risks which, in the opinion of the directors, could significantly affect the company's business

- *Competitive risks*

The directors review the hotel against a self selected group of competitor hotels. These reports allow the company to compare accommodation occupancy percentage, average rate, revenue per available room (RevPAR) and its competitive position in market penetration, average rate and revenue generation against the competitive group

- *Currency risk*

The hotel business is affected by the strength of sterling, with strong sterling increasing the effective room rates to international guests

- *Legislative risks*

Health and safety regulations are constantly reviewed and to this effect the hotel has an appointed Health and Safety Manager to carry out all legally required training and to ensure all health and safety policies are communicated and adhered to

- *Economic environment*

The company operates in a competitive environment influenced by the UK economy. Adverse economic and financial market developments, including recession and currency fluctuations could lead to lower revenues and reduced income. Recent experience shows a recession lessens both leisure and business travel and negatively affects rooms' rates and/or occupancy levels and other income-generating activities such as food and beverage sales. This may result in worsening of operating results and potentially reduce the value of properties

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

- *Events that impact domestic and international travel*

Room rates and occupancy levels of the hotel could be negatively affected by events that reduce domestic and/or international travel. These include events such as acts of terrorism, epidemics, travel-related industrial action and increased fuel costs all of which could result in a fall in both domestic and worldwide travel. Such events may lead to a fall in demand for hotel rooms that would have a subsequent impact on the company's operations and financial results.

- *Technology and systems*

The company is reliant upon certain IT systems for the smooth and efficient running of its business and any disruption to those IT systems could have a detrimental effect on the running of the business. If the company does not keep up-to-date with new IT developments it runs the risk of becoming less competitive, which could result in a loss of customers and a failure to attract new customers.

Future developments

The company is endeavouring to improve performance.

The directors expect the hotel to continue to trade profitably.

This report was approved by the board on 26 July 2016 and signed on its behalf by



S. Al Dhaheri
Director

F Veenstra
Director



Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £187,783 (2014 £1,156,230)

A final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2014 of £29,656 was declared on 27 July 2015 and paid during the year

A final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 of £159,794 was declared on 10 March 2016

Going concern

The directors believe that the company has sufficient financial resources to meet its trading obligations as and when they fall due and accordingly these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

Future developments

An indication of the likely future developments of the company are provided in the strategic report

Fixed assets

The directors have considered the value of the company's hotel asset, revaluing it at 31 December 2015 to reflect a valuation of £5,100,000 (2014 £4,700,000) by CBRE Hotels Ltd dated 31 December 2015. The valuation was carried out in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards effective from January 2014

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The activities of the company expose it to a number of financial risks, which it seeks to mitigate, including credit risk and liquidity risk

- Credit risk

The company's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables. The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables which are stated net of allowances for doubtful receivables and where there is an identified loss event they are impaired

Credit risk is spread over a large number of counterparties and customers

- Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the company uses short term debt from its immediate parent undertaking

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were

S Al Dhahen

D White (resigned 22 March 2015)

K Al Shamsi (appointed 23 March 2015)

F Veenstra (appointed 27 July 2015)

S Al Hallami - alternate (appointed 10 March 2016)

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', as amended by Section 1A 'Small Entities' ('FRS 102'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the preparation of financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the board on 26 July 2016 and signed on its behalf by



S. Al Dhaheri
Director

F Veenstra
Director



Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Turnover	5	5,876,696	5,647,983
Cost of sales		(2,836,538)	(2,838,234)
Gross profit		3,040,158	2,809,749
Administrative expenses		(2,608,831)	(2,624,150)
Impairment reversal - tangible fixed assets	6	97,364	1,137,173
Operating profit	7	528,691	1,322,772
Interest receivable	9	4,175	4,631
Interest payable and similar charges	10	(207,004)	(204,463)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		325,862	1,122,940
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	11	(138,079)	33,290
Profit for the financial year		187,783	1,156,230

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2015 or 2014 other than those included in the profit and loss account

The notes on pages 8 to 21 form part of these financial statements

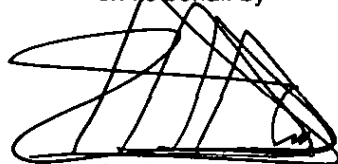
Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Registered number FC026306

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	13	-	-
Tangible assets	14	5,100,000	4,700,000
		<u>5,100,000</u>	<u>4,700,000</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	15	27,100	31,918
Debtors	16	1,065,023	906,406
Cash at bank and in hand		761,484	1,077,481
		<u>1,853,607</u>	<u>2,015,805</u>
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	17	(690,008)	(624,791)
Net current assets		<u>1,163,599</u>	<u>1,391,014</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>6,263,599</u>	<u>6,091,014</u>
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(3,676,906)	(3,662,448)
Net assets		<u><u>2,586,693</u></u>	<u><u>2,428,566</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	20	1,565,011	1,565,007
Retained earnings		1,021,682	863,559
Total equity		<u><u>2,586,693</u></u>	<u><u>2,428,566</u></u>

The financial statements on pages 5 to 21 were approved by the board on 26 July 2016 and were signed on its behalf by



S. Al Dhaheri
Director

F. Veenstra
Director



Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2015

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2015	1,565,007	863,559	2,428,566
Profit for the financial year	-	187,783	187,783
Dividends	-	(29,656)	(29,656)
Redenomination of share capital	4	-	4
Redenomination of share capital	-	(4)	(4)
At 31 December 2015	<u>1,565,011</u>	<u>1,021,682</u>	<u>2,586,693</u>

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2014

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2014	1,565,007	(292,671)	1,272,336
Profit for the financial year	-	1,156,230	1,156,230
At 31 December 2014	<u>1,565,007</u>	<u>863,559</u>	<u>2,428,566</u>

The notes on pages 8 to 21 form part of these financial statements

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

1. General information

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd ('the company') operates a hotel in the United Kingdom

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. The address of its registered office is 171 Main Street, PO Box 4041, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands. The address of the principal place of business is 400 Capability Green, Luton, Bedfordshire, LU1 3LU, United Kingdom.

2. Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements of Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland', as amended by Section 1A 'Small Entities' ('FRS 102') and the Companies Act 2006.

3 Accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of land and buildings.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated. The company has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements. Details of the transition to FRS 102 are disclosed in note 26.

3.2 Going concern

The directors believe that the company has sufficient financial resources to meet its trading obligations as and when they fall due and accordingly these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

3.3 Turnover

Turnover is the value of services and goods sold, within the United Kingdom, as part of the company's continuing ordinary activities after deducting value added taxes.

(i) Sale of services

Turnover is recognised on room sales and guest services when rooms are occupied and services have been rendered.

(ii) Sale of goods - retail

Sales of goods are recognised on sale to the customer which is considered the point of delivery. Retail sales are usually by cash, credit or payment card.

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.4 Exceptional items

The company classifies certain one-off charges or credits that have a material impact on the company's financial results as 'exceptional items'. These are disclosed separately to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the company.

3.5 Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

3.6 Interest payable and similar charges

Interest payable is charged to the profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

3.7 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

3. Accounting policies (continued)

3.8 Dividends

Dividends and other distributions to the company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends and other distributions are approved by the company's shareholders. The amounts are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

The company makes dividend distributions to its shareholders as permissible under the regulations set out within Division 4 of the BVI Business Companies Act, 2004.

3.9 Intangible assets

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

3.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets include leasehold hotels. Land and hotel buildings are stated at fair value, and hotel fixtures, fittings and equipment are stated at cost. Hotel refurbishment costs are capitalised in the period in which they are incurred. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

A full valuation is carried out by a qualified external valuer every year. Revaluation gains are taken to the statement of other comprehensive income unless reversing a previously recognised impairment, when they are recognised in the profit and loss account. Revaluation losses are recognised in the statement of other comprehensive income to the extent that they offset previous revaluation gains. All other losses, including those incurred by a clear consumption of economic benefit, are charged to the profit and loss account. On revaluation of assets carried at fair value, accumulated depreciation at the date of valuation is taken to the statement of other comprehensive income.

Leasehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation on hotel buildings, fixtures, fittings and equipment is provided at rates calculated to write off the value/cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life.

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Leasehold buildings	-	Lesser of unexpired term of lease, estimated useful life and 50 years on building element
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	Between 3 and 25 years

The carrying value of fixtures, fittings and equipment is reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable as well as at the end of each reporting period. Any impairment in the value of assets below depreciated cost is charged to the profit and loss account.

3.11 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to sell.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

3 Accounting policies (continued)

3.12 Cash

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours

3.13 Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price. Such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial instruments, including trade and other creditors and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.14 Foreign currency translation

The company's functional and presentational currency is pound sterling.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

3.15 Operating leases – lessee

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

4 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

(i) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are revalued annually by independent valuers to assess the fair value of the hotel assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible fixed assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reassessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets. See note 14 for the carrying amount of tangible fixed assets

(ii) Impairment of trade debtors

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience. See note 16 for the net carrying amount of the debtors and associated impairment provision

(iii) Taxes

Determining income tax provisions involves judgements on the tax treatment of certain transactions. Deferred tax is recognised on tax losses not yet used on temporary differences where it is probable that there will be taxable income against which these can be offset. See note 19 for details of deferred tax recognised

(iv) Contingent liabilities

The company considers the potential obligations which may be incurred as a result of past events and the uncertainty of the impact on the company. Where the company identifies a present obligation for which payment is probable and the amount can be reliably estimated a provision is recognised. See note 23 for details

5 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

Management considers turnover to comprise principally of services, with an immaterial value of goods sold

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

6 Exceptional items

	2015 £	2014 £
Impairment reversal - tangible fixed assets (note 14)	97,364	1,137,173
	<u>97,364</u>	<u>1,137,173</u>

Impairment reversal - tangible fixed assets

The directors have considered the carrying value of the company's hotel asset following a valuation by CBRE Hotels Ltd dated 31 December 2015, carried out in accordance with the RICS valuation - Professional Standards effective from January 2014. This resulted in the reversal of impairment of £97,364 (2014 £1,137,173).

7. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2015 £	2014 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (note 14)	270,811	255,634
Difference on foreign exchange	-	(119)
Operating lease rentals	<u>38,439</u>	<u>22,887</u>

8 Staff costs

The company had no employees other than the directors during the year ended 31 December 2015 or the previous financial year.

The directors did not receive or waive any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year ended 31 December 2015 or the previous financial year.

9. Interest receivable

	2015 £	2014 £
Bank interest receivable	4,175	4,631
	<u>4,175</u>	<u>4,631</u>

10. Interest payable and similar charges

	2015 £	2014 £
Loans from parent undertakings	192,546	192,685
Loan arrangement fees	14,458	11,778
	<u>207,004</u>	<u>204,463</u>

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

11. Taxation

There is no current tax for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 or the previous financial year

	2015 £	2014 £
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	102,250	141,045
Impact of change in tax rate	41,649	(9,799)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(5,820)	(164,536)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	138,079	(33,290)

Factors affecting tax charge/(credit) for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2014 lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 21.49%). The differences are explained below

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	325,862	1,122,940
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 21.49%)	65,976	241,320
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	844	4,599
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(5,820)	(164,536)
Impairment - tangible fixed assets	(2,459)	2,302,061
Unrecognised deferred tax	(16,352)	(2,406,935)
Group relief	54,241	-
Impact of change in tax rate	41,649	(9,799)
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	138,079	(33,290)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A change to the UK corporation tax rate was announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 16 March 2016. The change announced is to reduce the main rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. Changes to reduce the UK corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020 had already been substantively enacted on 26 October 2015.

As the change to 17% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date its effects are not included in these financial statements.

Deferred tax balances have been calculated at 18% as at the balance sheet date.

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

12. Dividends

	2015 £	2014 £
Final 2014 dividend paid (2014 final 2013 dividend paid)	29,656	-
	<u>29,656</u>	<u>-</u>

A final dividend has been proposed for the year ended 31 December 2015. This is expected to absorb £159,794 (2014 £29,656) of reserves. The dividend has not been accounted for within the current year financial statements.

13. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	<u>3,038,184</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	<u>3,038,184</u>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2015	<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2014	<u>-</u>

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

14 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold buildings (At valuation) £	Fixtures and fittings (At cost) £	Total £
Valuation/cost			
At 1 January 2015	3,466,185	7,919,875	11,386,060
Additions	71,733	501,714	573,447
Revaluation	97,364	-	97,364
Reversal of depreciation on revaluation	(4,375)	-	(4,375)
At 31 December 2015	3,630,907	8,421,589	12,052,496
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2015	-	6,686,060	6,686,060
Charge for the year	4,375	266,436	270,811
Reversal on revaluation	(4,375)	-	(4,375)
At 31 December 2015	-	6,952,496	6,952,496
At 31 December 2015	3,630,907	1,469,093	5,100,000
At 31 December 2014	3,466,185	1,233,815	4,700,000

The directors have considered the value of the company's hotel asset, revaluing it at 31 December 2015 to reflect a valuation of £5,100,000 (2014 £4,700,000) by CBRE Hotels Ltd dated 31 December 2015. The valuation was carried out in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards effective from January 2014.

The valuation has been incorporated into the financial statements, the resulting revaluation adjustment has been taken to the profit and loss account. The revaluation during the year ended 31 December 2015 resulted in a revaluation surplus of £97,364.

If the land and buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included at the following amounts:

	2015 £	2014 £
Cost	10,685,879	10,614,146
Accumulated depreciation	(7,054,972)	(7,147,961)
Net book value based on historical cost	3,630,907	3,466,185

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

15. Stocks

	2015 £	2014 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	27,100	31,918
	<u>27,100</u>	<u>31,918</u>

16. Debtors

	2015 £	2014 £
Due after more than one year		
Deferred tax asset (note 19)	386,048	524,127
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	403,627	222,818
Amounts owed by group undertakings	159,795	29,657
Prepayments and accrued income	115,553	129,804
	<u>1,065,023</u>	<u>906,406</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

Trade debtors are stated after provisions for impairment of £2,906 (2014 £2,086)

17. Creditors Amounts falling due within one year

	2015 £	2014 £
Trade creditors	239,677	303,253
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	9,942
Other taxation and social security	5,693	597
Other creditors	18,106	8,669
Accruals and deferred income	426,532	302,330
	<u>690,008</u>	<u>624,791</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

18 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2015 £	2014 £
Loan from parent undertaking	3,676,906	3,662,448
	<u>3,676,906</u>	<u>3,662,448</u>

In the previous financial year, the company entered into three new loan agreements with Silver Diamond TEHC24 Sarl, the immediate parent undertaking. The loans are repayable on 17 April 2024 or within 4 years and 350 days from the date of agreement with 30 days written notice.

The loan interest is payable quarterly and included within amounts owed to group undertakings, as a creditor due within one year. Loan arrangement fees are amortised over the loan term and the loan is shown net of these deferred fees.

The loan principal values and interest rates are shown in the table below.

Loan principal £	Arrangement fee %	Unamortised arrangement fee £	Interest rate LIBOR 3mGBP %
1,688,243	3.79%	41,827	+3.14% (capped at 3.50%)
422,061	2.12%	5,830	+3.14%
1,614,259	-	-	+6.51%
<u>3,724,563</u>		<u>47,657</u>	

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

19. Deferred taxation

	Deferred tax £
At 1 January 2015	524,127
Charged to the profit and loss account	(138,079)
At 31 December 2015	386,048

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows

	2015 £	2014 £
Accelerated capital allowances	2,499,822	2,888,918
Tax losses carried forward	249,519	396,493
Deferred tax not recognised	(2,363,293)	(2,761,284)
	386,048	524,127

A deferred tax asset of £2,363,293 (2014 £2,761,284) arising from trading losses and capital losses has not been recognised as there is insufficient evidence of future taxable profits to confirm recoverability in the foreseeable future

20. Share capital

	2015 £	2014 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
10 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	-	6
1,565,011 (2014 1,565,001) ordinary shares of £1 each	1,565,011	1,565,001
	1,565,011	1,565,007

The directors have reviewed the share capital and note that all issued shares are denominated in GBP rather than USD. Share capital has been amended accordingly.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the company.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

21. Capital commitments

At 31 December 2015 the company had capital commitments as follows

	2015 £	2014 £
Contracts placed for future capital expenditure not provided in the financial statements	325,458	22,200
	<u>325,458</u>	<u>22,200</u>

22. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2015 the company had the following future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods

	2015 £	2014 £
Not later than 1 year	40,239	22,887
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	-	22,887
Total	<u>40,239</u>	<u>45,774</u>

23. Contingent liability

During the previous financial year, the company entered into a facility agreement with a number of third parties, in respect of a loan to Silver Diamond TEHC24 Sàrl, the immediate parent undertaking and another group undertaking, of up to £340,000,000 which has been fully drawn at the year end date. This loan was secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the present and future property and assets of the company and those of several other group undertakings. The directors do not anticipate the security being called in.

24. Related party transactions

The company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with companies that are wholly owned within the Tamweelview European Holdings SA group.

Gold Diamond D Waltham Abbey 2005 Ltd

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

25. Immediate and ultimate parent undertakings and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Silver Diamond TEHC24 Sàrl, a company registered in Luxembourg. Silver Diamond TEHC24 Sàrl is the parent undertaking of the smallest group to consolidate these financial statements.

Tamweelview European Holdings SA, a company registered in Luxembourg is the parent undertaking of the largest group to consolidate these financial statements, copies of which are available from 2C rue Albert Borschette, L-1246 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

The ultimate parent undertaking is Silver Holdings SA, a company registered in Luxembourg.

The ultimate controlling entity is the Abu Dhabi Investment Authority, registered in United Arab Emirates.

26 First time adoption of FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 102.

The last financial statements prepared under UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 December 2014. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2014. Set out below is the change in accounting policy which reconciles profit for the year ended 31 December 2014 and the total equity as at 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2014 between UK GAAP as previously reported and FRS 102.

	2014 £
Profit and loss account	
UK GAAP - as previously reported	1,122,940
Deferred tax impact of revaluation of tangible fixed assets	33,290
FRS 102	1,156,230

	1 January 2014 £	31 December 2014 £
Total equity		
UK GAAP - as previously reported	781,499	1,904,439
Deferred tax impact of revaluation of tangible fixed assets	490,837	524,127
FRS 102	1,272,336	2,428,566

Deferred tax impact on revaluation of tangible fixed assets

Under the previous UK GAAP the company was not required to provide for taxation on revaluations, unless the company had entered into a binding sale agreement and recognised the gain or loss expected to arise. Under FRS 102 deferred taxation is provided on the temporary difference arising from the revaluation. A deferred tax credit of £490,837 arose on transition to FRS 102. For the year ended 31 December 2014 there is a tax credit arising of £33,290 on the increase in valuation in the year.