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Registration number: 80348

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Foseco (Jersey) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

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Company Information

Directors

HJ Knowles

G Godin

EO Gingell

Company secretary

Intertrust Corporate Services (Jersey) Limited

Registration Number

80348

Registered office

44 Esplanade St. Helier Jersey JE4 9WG

Incorporated

A Private Limited Company incorporated in Jersey

Auditor

Mazars LLP Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Directors of the company

The directors, who held office during the year, and up to the date of signing of this Report unless otherwise stated are as follows:

HJ Knowles G Godin

EO Gingell

Dividends

No dividends were paid or recommended during the current and prior year.

Political and charitable donations

The Company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year. (2019: £nil).

Directors' indemnity provisions

The ultimate parent company of Foseco (Jersey) Limited maintains directors' indemnity cover for all Directors.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards comprising FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101') (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), and applicable law. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. The Directors confirm that so far as they are aware there is no relevant audit information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing its report of which the Company's auditor is unaware.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

Going Concern COVID 19

The Company is a holding investment company and therefore there have been no major operational impacts from COVID-19.

Its ultimate parent company, Vesuvius plc (the Group) has considered the risks to the Group's liquidity and viability in connection with the COVID-19, including those that may be relevant to the Company and its investee companies. A detailed exercise was performed by Vesuvius plc as part of the announcement of its annual results to 31 December 2020 to determine the impact of the decline in its revenues and turnover as compared to 2019 on going concern for the Group. Based on this, Group management consider that the Group is in a robust financial position, with a strong balance sheet and liquidity position, as well as covenant headroom and is acting to conserve cash so as to remain well positioned for long term success. Although the full extent of the potential impact of COVID-19 on the Group's business, operations and the global economy as a whole is not yet clear, Group management continue to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic as effectively as possible.

The Directors of the Company are satisfied that the COVID-19 pandemic has not materially impacted the Company's financial position or its performance at the date of these financial statements, particularly in relation to the valuation of investments held and the recoverability of intercompany balances. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. This remains a matter of close attention for the Board.

Independent auditor

Geoffroy Godin Geoffroy Godin (Aug 4, 2021 16:00 GMT+2)

The auditor, Mazars LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under article 113(1) of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 (the 'Companies Law') as amended by the Companies (Amendment No.4) (Jersey) Regulations 2009.

Approved by the Board on 4 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

G Godin

Director

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Foseco (Jersey) Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Foseco (Jersey) Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2020, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework', ('United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice').

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Director' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Foseco (Jersey) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received
- · from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of this audit report

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Article 113A of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Robert Neate (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

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Aug 17, 2021

Statement of Profit or Loss for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Administrative expenses			(17)
Operating loss		-	(17)
Finance cost	4	(314)	(177)
Loss before tax		(314)	(194)
Taxation	5	<u>-</u>	
Loss for the year		(314)	(194)

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Non-current assets			•
Investments	6	30,439	30,439
•		30,439	30,439
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	89	89
Cash at bank and in hand		2	1
		91	90
Total assets less current liabilities		30,530	30,529
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(12,768)	(12,453)
Net assets		17,762	18,076
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	10	10
Share premium reserve		16,250	16,250
Capital redemption reserve		746	746
Retained earnings		756	1,070
Shareholders' funds		17,762	18,076

Approved by the Board on 4 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Geoffroy Godin (Abg 4, 2021 16:00 GMT+

G Godin Director

Registration number: 80348

Foseco (Jersey) Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Share capital £ 000	Share premium £ 000	Capital redemption reserve £ 000	Retained earnings £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2020	10	16,250	746	1,070	18,076
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(314)	(314)
Total comprehensive income	·		.	(314)	(314)
At 31 December 2020	10	16,250	746	756	17,762
			Capital		
	Share capital £ 000	Share premium £ 000	redemption reserve £ 000	Retained earnings £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2019	-	premium	reserve	earnings	
At 1 January 2019 Loss for the year	£ 000	premium £ 000	reserve £ 000	earnings £ 000	£ 000
•	£ 000	premium £ 000	reserve £ 000	earnings £ 000 1,264	£ 000 18,270

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

Foseco (Jersey) Limited (the 'Company') is a holding company. The Company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in Jersey.

The address of its registered office is:

44 Esplanade St. Helier Jersey

JE49WG

2 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of Foseco (Jersey) Limited have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards comprising FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101') (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), and applicable law. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The Company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 101 in its next financial statements.

The Company has split out the amounts owed by/to Group undertakings into current and non-current, to be in line with the expected repayment time frame.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ('Adopted IFRSs'), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company's parent undertaking, Vesuvius plc includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the Company is exempt, by virtue of section 3 of the Financial Reporting Standard 101 (FRS 101), from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Vesuvius plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and are available to the public and may be obtained from 165 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2AE.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Requirement to produce a statement of cash flows and related notes; (IAS 7)
- Comparative period reconciliation of investments; (IAS 1)
- Disclosures in respect of related party transactions with wholly owned members of the Vesuvius plc Group (IAS 24)
- Disclosures in respect of capital management; (IAS 1)
- Disclosures in respect of fair value measurements (IFRS 13)
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs (IAS 8)

Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand sterling pound, unless otherwise stated.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

Details of the impact of COVID-19 are provided in the Directors' Report. The Directors of the Company are satisfied that there are no material events or uncertainties that they are aware of which will impact the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Directors consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. Accordingly, they continue to adopt a going concern basis in preparing the financial statements of the Company.

Changes in accounting policy

There are no amendments to accounting standards or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2020 that have had a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling (£)', which is also the Company's functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Tax

Tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account except to the extent that they relate to items charged or credited in the Statement of Comprehensive Income or Statement of Changes in Equity, in which case the associated tax is also recognised in those statements. In arriving at its current tax charge, the Company also makes careful assessment of the likely impact of tax law changes.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of Investment in Subsidiaries

The Company carries out an annual investment impairment test, the recoverable amount of the investment is checked against its carrying value and any impairment triggers identified.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are disclosed separately.

Amounts due from and due to group undertakings

Amounts due from and to group undertakings where payment is due after more than one year or if there is any other indication of a financing transaction, are recorded at the undiscounted amount expected to be received, less attributable transaction costs. Any subsequent impairment is recognised as an expense in the profit or loss.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables where payment is due within one year do not constitute a financing transaction and are recorded at the undiscounted amount expected to be received, less attributable transaction costs. Any subsequent impairment is recognised as an expense in profit or loss.

If payment is due after more than one year or if there is any other indication of a financing transaction, trade and other receivables are recorded initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. In this situation, fair value is equal to the amount expected to be received, discounted at a market-related interest rate.

All trade and other receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost, net of impairment.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised costs, using the effective interest method.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Management charges

Management charges are invoiced to other Vesuvius group companies where costs incurred by the Company are for the benefit for other group companies. Invoices are issued and settled quarterly.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Directors regularly review the performance of the business and the external business environment to determine whether there is any indication that the Company's tangible and intangible assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the higher of the value in use and the fair value less costs to sell of the asset is estimated and compared with the carrying value in order to determine the extent, if any, of the impairment loss. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of (i) its fair value less costs to sell and (ii) its value in use.

Issued share capital

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Critical Accounting Judgement and Estimates

Determining the carrying amount of some assets and liabilities requires the estimation of the effect of uncertain future events. The major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities are noted below.

Impairment and valuation of investments

The Company assesses its investments in subsidiaries and other companies for impairment shortly before the Company's year-end or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of the investment could be less than the carrying amount of the investment. If this is the case, the investment is considered to be impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Judgement is required in the determination of the recoverable amount as the Company evaluates various factors related to the operational and financial position of the relevant investee business, appropriate discounting and long-term growth rates.

Determining whether investments are impaired requires an estimation of the value-in-use. The value-in-use calculation requires estimation of future cash flows expected to arise, the selection of suitable discount rates and the estimation of long-term growth rates. As determining such assumptions is inherently uncertain and subject to future factors, there is the potential these may differ in subsequent periods and therefore materially change the conclusions reached. In light of this, consideration is made each year as to whether sensitivity disclosures are required for reasonably possible changes to assumptions.

Impairment and classification of intercompany balances

Intercompany balances are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a 12-month expected loss allowance for amounts due from other group companies.

3 Operating profit/(loss)

The Company had no employees during the year (2019: nil). The Directors received remuneration of £nil (2019: £nil) in respect of services to the Company during the year.

Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor and their associates in respect of services to the Company, other than the audit of the Company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis in the consolidated financial statements of the Company's ultimate parent company, Vesuvius plc. An allocated audit fee was borne by the ultimate parent undertaking, Vesuvius Holdings Limited, of £3,009 (2019: £2,950).

4 Finance costs

	2020	2019
	£ 000	£ 000
Interest payable to group undertakings	314	177

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

5 Income tax

The tax charge for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2019: lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2019: 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
(Loss) before tax	(314)	(194)
Corporation tax at standard rate Tax increase from losses not surrendered to the Group	(60) 60	(37)
Total tax charge/(credit)		

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Following the 2021 Budget announcement, the rate of corporation tax will be increased from 19% to 25% from the 1 April 2023.

6 Investments

Subsidiaries	£ 000
Cost and net book value	
At 31 December 2020	30,439
At 31 December 2019	30,439

As with Foseco (Jersey) Limited, all of the companies listed below have a 31 December year-end.

Foseco (Jersey) Limited directly owned 100% of the Ordinary share capital of the following company as at 31 December 2020:

Name of undertaking	Country	Registered office
Foseco Holding Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Foseco (Jersey) Limited indirectly owned 100% of the following companies as at 31 December 2020:

Name of undertaking	Country	Registered office
Foseco Holding International Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Holding (South Africa) (Pty) Limited	South Africa	12, Bosworth Street, Alrode, Alberton, 1449, South Africa
Foseco Industrial e Comercial Ltda	Brazil	Km 15, Rodovia Raposo Tavares, Butanta Cep, Sao Paulo, 05577-100, Brazil
Foseco Foundry (China) Limited	China	Room 819, Zhaoshang Building, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Foseco (FS) Limited	England & Wales	1 Midland Way, Central Park, Barlborough Links, DERBYSHIRE, S43 4XA, United Kingdom
Foseco (GB) Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Japan Limited	Japan	9th Floor, Orix Kobe Sannomiya Building, 6-1-10, Goko dori, Chuo-ku, Kobe Hyogo, 651-0087, Japan
Foseco Korea Limited	South Korea	74 Jeongju-ro, Wonmi-gu, Bucheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 14523, South Korea
Foseco (MRL) Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Name of undertaking	Country	Registered office
Foseco Philippines Inc	Philippines	Unit 401, 4th Floor 8 Antonio Centre, Prime St. Madrigal Business Park 2, Ayala Alabang Muntinlupa City, Philippines
Foseco Overseas Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Steel (Holdings) China Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Steel (UK) Limited	England & Wales	1 Midland Way, Central Park, Barlborough Links, DERBYSHIRE, S43 4XA, United Kingdom
Foseco (RUL) Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Technology Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco Transnational Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Foseco (UK) Limited	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Minerals Separation Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
PT Foseco Indonesia	Indonesia	2/5, Jalan Rawagelam, Kawasan Industry, Pulogadung, Jakarta Timur, 13930, Indonesia
PT Foseco Trading Indonesia	Indonesia	Jalan Rawagelam 2 No 5, Kawasan Industri Pulo Gadung, Jakarta Timur, 13930
Tamworth UK Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Unicorn Industries Limited *	England & Wales	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Vesuvius South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa	Pebble Lane, Private Bag X2, Olifantsfontein, Gauteng Province, 1665, South Africa

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Foseco (Jersey) Limited indirectly owned a proportion of the following companies as at 31 December 2020:

Name of non-wholly owned subsidiary	Indirect proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held	Country of incorporation and principal place of business
Foseco International Holding (Thailan	d)99.96%	Thailand
Limited		170/69, 22nd Floor Ocean Tower 1, Ratchadapisek Road, Klongtoey, Bangkok, 10110, Thailand
Foseco India Limited	25%	India
		922/923, Gat, Sanaswadi, Taluka, Shirur, Pune, 412208, India
Foseco Pension Fund Trustee Limited *	50%	165 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2AE, England
Vesuvius Mexico SA de CV	13.77%	Av. Ruiz Cortinez, Num. 140, Colonia, Jardines de San Rafael, Guadalupe, Nuevo, León, CP 67119, Mexico
Foseco (Thailand) Limited	66.46%	Thailand
		170/69, 22nd Floor Ocean Tower 1, Ratchadapisek Road, Klongtoey, Bangkok, 10110, Thailand

^{* -} these companies have subsequently been struck off after the balance sheet date.

/ I lauc and other receivables	7	Trade	and	other	receivables
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	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Other debtors	89	89
	89	89
8 Creditors amounts falling due after one year	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	12,768	12,453

Interest on loans from other companies within the Vesuvius Group are interest free from dormant companies Libor +2% for UK companies and Libor +2.5% for non-UK companies. Repayment dates across all loans are variable and includes loans repayable on demand but can be renewed as required.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No. 000	£ 000	No. 000	£ 000
Ordinary Shares of £0.01 each	982	10	982	10

The Company only has one class of shares in issue, Ordinary Shares. All shareholders enjoy the same rights in relation to these shares, including rights in relation to voting at general meetings of the Company, distribution of dividends and repayment of capital.

10 Related party transactions

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Vesuvius plc, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 101 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the Vesuvius plc group.

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Foseco Limited. The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Vesuvius plc. These financial statements are available upon request from the Company Secretary, Vesuvius plc, 165 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2AE.