SOVEREIGN GIMI LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2003

Company Registration Number FC024507



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS R L Banks

M W Evans C S Jones C R Morley A B Swann R L Towers

COMPANY SECRETARY

D Hubbard-Taylor

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors Manchester

BANK

Alliance & Leicester Commercial Bank plc

Bridle Road Bootle Merseyside GIR 0AA

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the period from 7 April 2003 to 31 December 2003.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the period was that of lessors and financiers, principally plant and equipment in the commercial sector.

The company was registered in Bermuda on 15 March 2002 and commenced trading in the United Kingdom on 7 April 2003. The accounts are for the period from 7 April 2003 to 31 December 2003 as this is the period from date of registration as an Overseas Company in the United Kingdom.

New business written in the period is disclosed in note 2 of the attached financial statements.

The future prospects of the company are considered satisfactory.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The trading results for the period, and the company's financial position at the end of the period are shown in the attached financial statements.

The directors have not recommended a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the period were as follows:

R L Banks	(Appointed 7 April 2003)
M W Evans	(Appointed 7 April 2003)
C S Jones	(Appointed 7 April 2003)
C R Morley	(Appointed 7 April 2003)
A B Swann	(Appointed 7 April 2003)
R L Towers	(Appointed 7 April 2003)

None of the directors holds any beneficial interest in the shares or debentures of this company. R L Banks, M W Evans, C R Morley, A B Swann and RL Towers are also directors of the immediate parent company and their interests in other group companies are shown in that company's accounts.

C S Jones has beneficial interest in 875 fully paid ordinary shares of 50p each in the ultimate parent undertaking, Alliance & Leicester plc at 31 December 2003 (nil shares at 7 April 2003, his date of appointment).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

Options to acquire shares

C S Jones has options to subscribe for such shares granted under the terms of the Alliance & Leicester Share Option Schemes as follows:

	Number	of options		Exercise	Market	Exercise period
At 07.04.2003	During	the period	At 31.12.2003	price	price at date of	
ĺ	Granted	Exercised]		exercise	
2,618	,		2,618	£3.644 §		01/11/2005-01/05/2006
2,455		}	2,455	£7.95#		06/08/2005-06/08/2012
	1,389		1,389	£7.54½#		26/02/2006-26/02/2013
	4,198		4,198	£7.54½~		26/02/2006-26/02/2013
	5,177		5,177	£8.79½ ~		01/09/2006-01/09/2013

- § Options granted under the Alliance & Leicester Sharesave Scheme
- # Options granted under the Alliance & Leicester Approved Company Share Option Scheme
- $\sim\,\,$ Options granted under the Alliance & Leicester Unapproved Company Share Option Scheme

The following table shows the options awarded to C S Jones under the deferred bonus scheme.

Bonus year		Value of award	Market value at date of grant	No. of shares under option	Exercise Price	Exercise Period
2003	Deferred shares	£ 49,993	7.545	6,626	Nil £	26/02/2006 -26/02/2010
2003	Matching shares	49,993	7.545	6,626	Nil	26/02/2006 -26/02/2010

Neither the matching or deferred shares option granted are subject to a performance objective.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

AUDITORS

On 7 April 2003 Deloitte & Touche LLP were appointed as the company's auditors. A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Signed on behalf of the directors

C R Morley
Director

Approved by the directors on 26 January 2005.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

United Kingdom Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the period and of the profit or loss for the period then ended. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

select suitable accounting policies, as described on pages 11 to 12, and then apply them consistently;

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for establishing and maintaining systems of internal control, for the safeguarding of the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOVEREIGN GIMI LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Sovereign Gimi Limited for the period from 7 April 2003 to 31 December 2003 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with the Company's memorandum and articles under the terms of our engagement letter with Sovereign Gimi Limited dated 6 January 2005. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOVEREIGN GIMI LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2003 and of the profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United Kingdom.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Delith a Touch wil

Manchester

27 January 2005

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Period from 7 Apr 03 to 31 Dec 03
No	ote £
Turnover	1,451,065
Cost of sales	(8,927)
Gross profit	1,442,138
Administrative expenses	(62,798)
Operating profit	3 1,379,340
Interest payable and similar charges	5 (1,306,687)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	72,653
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6 (24,474)
Retained profit for the financial period	48,179

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

Period from 7 Apr 03 to 31 Dec 03 £

Profit for the financial period attributable to the shareholders

48,179

Other direct credits

475,288

Total gains and losses recognised for the period

523,467

Other direct credits are explained in the notes to the financial statements, note 14, below.

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2003

			31 Dec 03
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7		_
Current assets			
Debtors due within one year	8	1,932,271	
Debtors due after one year	8	48,100,734	
		50,033,005	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(47,298,490)	
Net current assets			2,734,515
Total assets less current liabilities			2,734,515
Provisions for liabilities and charges			
Deferred taxation	11		(2,682,223)
Net assets			52,292
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	13		12,000
Profit and loss account	14		40,292
Equity shareholders' funds	15		52,292

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 26 January 2005 and are signed on their behalf by:

C R Morley Director M W Evans Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have been applied consistently throughout the period.

The company has complied with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting Issues in the Asset Finance and Leasing Industry, issued by the Finance and Leasing Association.

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised 1996) "Cash flow statements" the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption offered by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" and is therefore not required to disclose transactions with other group companies.

Finance and rental agreements

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 21, "Accounting for leases and hire purchase contracts", the minimum lease payments receivable from finance lease and other finance agreements, less appropriate future income arising from finance charges, are included in debtors.

Assets acquired for the purpose of renting out under operating lease agreements are capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the accounting policy set out below.

Turnover comprises:

Finance lease agreements: the income component of repayments which are credited to the profit and loss account using methods which produce a constant rate of return on the net cash investment.

Operating lease agreements: accounting rentals recognised on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Provisions for bad and doubtful debts: a charge equal to the losses written off in the year, recoveries and the movement in provisions.

Cost of sales relates to:

Operating lease agreements: depreciation of operating lease assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Operating Lease Assets

Depreciation is provided on operating lease assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of the assets, less estimated residual value, over their useful economic lives using methods which allocate depreciation charges on a systematic basis to the periods which are expected to benefit from their use.

Operating lease assets are regularly reviewed for impairment in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No 11 "Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill". When an asset's carrying value has been impaired the amount is charged to the profit and loss account in the year of impairment.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rate and the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted at the balance sheet date.

Provisions for bad and doubtful debts

Specific provisions are made in respect of finance and rental agreements where recovery is considered doubtful; a general provision is made for losses which, although not specifically identified, are known to be inherent in any portfolio of lending. The provisions are deducted from the net investment in finance agreements. The charge in the profit and loss account comprises write offs, recoveries and the net movement in provisions in the year. The charge has been deducted from turnover.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

2. Turnover

Amounts receivable during the period from which turnover and gross profit are derived is as follows:

Period from
7 Apr 03 to
31 Dec 03
£000

Amounts due on: Operating leases Finance leases

17 455

472

New business written in the period is as follows:

Period from 7 Apr 03 to 31 Dec 03 £000

Operating leases Finance leases

<u>-</u>

3. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging:

Period from 7 Apr 03 to 31 Dec 03 £ 8,927

Depreciation of owned fixed assets

The directors received no remuneration for their services to this company in the current period. The directors are also employees of the immediate parent company, Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc and the majority of their activities relate to services carried out in relation to Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc and other group companies. Therefore the directors deem it inappropriate to directly allocate any of their costs to the profit and loss account of this company.

Auditors' remuneration was borne by the immediate parent company, Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc, in the current period.

4. Particulars of employees

No salaries or wages have been paid to employees, including the directors, during the period.

The company had no employees in the current period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

5. Interest payable and similar charges

Period from
7 Apr 03 to
31 Dec 03
£
1,306,687

Amounts payable to immediate parent undertaking

6. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in the period

Period	fr	m
7 Apr	03	to
31 D	ec	03
		£

Current tax:

In respect of the period:

UK Corporation tax based on the results for the period at 30%	(2,657,749)
Total current tax charge	(2,657,749)

Deferred tax:

2,682,223
24,474

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%.

,	Period from 7 Apr 03 to 31 Dec 03
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	72,653
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax Capital allowances in excess of taxable lease receipts Non deductible expenditure	21,796 (2,682,223) 2,678
Total current tax (note 6(a))	(2,657,749)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

7. Tangible fixed assets

8.

9.

10.

Amounts owed to group undertakings

	Operating lease assets
Cost At 7 April 2003 Transfer to finance leases	48,856,934 (48,856,934)
At 31 December 2003	
Depreciation At 7 April 2003 Charge for the period Transfer to finance leases At 31 December 2003	544,591 8,927 (553,518)
Net book value At 31 December 2003	
The underlying asset lease agreement was amended on 8th April of the lease agreement the lease has now been classified as a final transferred from tangible fixed assets to debtors.	
Debtors	
Net investment in finance agreements (note 9)	31 Dec 03 £ 50,033,005
The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after	more than one year:
Net investment in finance agreements	31 Dec 03 £ 48,100,734
Finance agreements	
Net investment in finance agreements	31 Dec 03 £ 50,033,005
. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	
	31 Dec 03

47,298,490

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

11. Deferred taxation

	7 Apr 03 to 31 Dec 03
The movement in the deferred taxation provision during the period was: Profit and loss account movement arising during the period (note 6)	£ 2,682,223
Provision carried forward	2,682,223

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	31 Dec 03 £
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation Tax losses available	2,687,096 (4,873)
	2,682,223

12. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption offered by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" and is therefore not required to disclose transactions with other group companies.

13. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

12,000 Ordinary shares of BM \$1 each		12,000 ———
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	Nia	0
Ordinary shares of BM\$1 each	No 12,000	12,000

31 Dec 03

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 7 APRIL 2003 TO 31 DECEMBER 2003

14. Profit and loss account

	Period from
	7 Apr 03 to
	31 Dec 03
	£
Balance brought forward	(483,175)
Retained profit for the financial period	48,179
Other direct credits	475,288
Balance carried forward	40,292

The conversation of the lease asset to a finance lease (see note 7) required the asset to be stated at the fair value, creating a gain of £475,288. The gain became realised at the point of conversion.

15. Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds

	31 Dec 03
Profit for the financial period	48,179
Other direct credits	475,288
Net addition to funds Opening equity shareholders' deficit	523,467 (471,175)
Closing equity shareholders' funds	52,292

16. Ultimate parent company

The immediate parent company, Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc, is a subsidiary of Alliance & Leicester plc which is the ultimate parent undertaking incorporated in England and Wales.

The largest Group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Alliance & Leicester plc. The consolidated accounts of this Group are available to the public and may be obtained from Carlton Park, Narborough, Leicester, LE19 OAL.

The smallest Group in which they are consolidated is that headed by Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc, incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated accounts of this Group are available to the public and may be obtained from 298 Deansgate, Manchester, M60 3AL.