In accordance with Regulation 32 of the Overseas Companies Regulations 2009

## **OS** AA01



**Companies House** 

What this form is for You may use this form to accompany your accounts disclosed under parent law

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Statement of details of parent law and other

information for an overseas company



19/04/2013

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**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

27/03/2013

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**COMPANIES HOUSE** Part 1 Corporate company name > Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals Corporate name of overseas company 0 All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by \* This is the name of the company in **UK** establishment its home state number Statement of details of parent law and other Part 2 information for an overseas company Legislation This means the relevant rules or Please give the legislation under which the accounts have been prepared and, legislation which regulates the if applicable, the legislation under which the accounts have been audited preparation and, if applicable, the Legislation @ audit of accounts USSAP **A2** Accounting principles Accounts Have the accounts been prepared in accordance with a set of generally accepted 1 Please insert the name of the accounting principles? appropriate accounting organisation or body Please tick the appropriate box No Go to Section A3 Yes Please enter the name of the organisation or other body which issued those principles below, and then go to Section A3 Name of organisation BARD FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS or body 6 **A3** Accounts Accounts Have the accounts been audited? Please tick the appropriate box No Go to Section A5 Yes Go to Section A4

OS AA01 Statement of details of parent law and other information for an overseas company

A4	Audited accounts	
Audited accounts	Have the accounts been audited in accordance with a set of generally accepted auditing standards?  Please tick the appropriate box  No Go to Part 3 'Signature'  Yes Please enter the name of the organisation or other body which issued those standards below, and then go to Part 3 'Signature'	Please insert the name of the appropriate accounting organisation or body
Name of organisation or body •	AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	<b>-</b>
A5	Unaudited accounts	
Unaudited accounts	Is the company required to have its accounts audited?  Please tick the appropriate box  No Yes.	
Part 3	Signature  I am signing this form on behalf of the overseas company	
Signature	This form may be signed by Director, Secretary, Permanent representative	

## **OS** AA01

Statement of details of parent law and other information for an overseas company

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Company name,	The Fish Partnership
	•
Address	The Mill House
	Bounday Rd
	Landwater
Post town	High wycombe
County/Region	Bucks
Postcode	HPIOAPN
Country	1-72-1-1-1-1-1
DX	
Telephone	

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- You have completed all sections of the form, if appropriate
- ☐ You have signed the form

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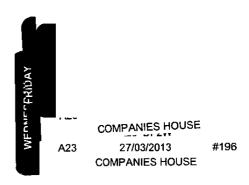


## **PRINCETON UNIVERSITY PRESS**

**Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2012 and 2011

With Independent Auditors' Report



	Page(s)
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	3
Statements of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5-15



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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Trustees of Princeton University Press

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of Princeton University Press (the "Press") as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Press' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Princeton University Press as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

November 28, 2012

Withen Smith & Brown PC

## Princeton University Press Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2012 and 2011

Access	2012	2011
Assets		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 11,394,294	\$ 12,241,678
and sales returns of \$2,320,462 in 2012 and \$2,270,462 in 2011	1,049,678	823,576
Inventories, net	4,479,408	4,725,989
Other current assets	5,644,915	4,744,506
Total current assets	22,568,295	22,535,749
Author advances	2,942,185	2,900,185
Due from related parties	101,765	146,658
Property and equipment, net	4,639,210	4,799,260
Investments in Princeton University primary pool	83,891,876	84,907,445
Investments in Princeton University secondary pool	7,705	7,691
	\$114,151,036	\$115,296,988
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,971,909	\$ 1,754,677
Current portion of note payable		164,081
Royalties payable	3,428,944	3,505,821
Subsidies applicable to future publications	1,365,210	1,175,931
Total current liabilities	6,766,063	6,600,510
Note payable, net of current portion		2,378,588
Other liabilities - including reserve for post retirement		
major medical benefits of \$846,328 in 2012 and \$772,931 in 2011	871,626	797,893
Net assets		
Unrestricted	89,754,249	88,524,799
Permanently restricted	16,759,098	<u>16,995,198</u>
Total net assets	106,513,347	105,519,997
	\$114,151,036	<u>\$115,296,988</u>

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement

Princeton University Press
Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets
Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012			2011	
	Unrestricted	Permanently Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Net sales	\$ 24,701,210	l ₩	\$ 24,701,210	\$ 25,469,778	l <del>69</del>	\$ 25,469,778
Cost of sales	9,748,316	1	9,748,316	10,638,553	ı	10,638,553
Gross margin	14,952,894	l	14,952,894	14,831,225		14,831,225
Income from publishing rights	1,123,022	1	1,123,022	861,596	1	861,596
Gross margin including publishing rights	16,075,916	1	16,075,916	15,692,821		15,692,821
Operating expenses	17,149,808	ı	17,149,808	16,937,024	1	16,937,024
Net deficit from operations	(1,073,892)	1	(1,073,892)	(1,244,203)		(1,244,203)
Other income (expense) Foreign currency exchange gain (loss) Other income	(43,347) 102,005	1 1	(43,347) 102,005	143,647 71,473	1 1	143,647
Excess of expenditures over income from departmental operations	(1,015,234)	i	(1,015,234)	(1,029,083)	ı	(1,029,083)
Income allocated for spending	2,910,149	783,544	3,693,693	2,771,547	746,225	3,517,772
Surplus before other changes in net assets	1,894,915	783,544	2,678,459	1,742,464	746,225	2,488,689
Other changes in net assets Amortization of postretirement benefit plan cumulative gain Internal subsidies applied Contributions Interfund transfers Unrealized (loss) gain on investments in primary pool Change in net assets Net assets, beginning of year	(86,567) (739,570) 366,919 783,544 (989,791) 1,229,450 88,524,799 \$ 89,754,249	(783,544) (236,100) (236,100) (236,100) 16,995,198	(86,567) (739,570) 366,919 - (1,225,891) 993,350 105,519,997	(68,382) (672,036) 349,444 746,225 12,206,113 14,303,828 74,220,971 \$ 88,524,799	3,054,604 3,054,604 13,940,594 \$ 16,995,198	(68,382) (672,036) 349,444 

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement

## Princeton University Press Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

		2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities			
Change in net assets	\$	993,350	\$ 17,358,432
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to			
net cash provided by operating activities			
Bad debts and sales returns		50,000	25,985
Depreciation and amortization		197,089	275,418
Unrealized loss (gain) on investment in primary pool		1,225,891	(15,260,717)
Change in			
' (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(276,102)	1,269,653
Decrease (increase) in inventories		246,581	(317,385)
Increase in other current assets		(900,409)	(409,112)
Increase in author advances		(42,000)	(442,341)
Decrease in due from related parties		44,893	37,127
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		217,232	(572,203)
(Decrease) increase in royalties payable		(76,877)	238,062
Increase in subsidies applicable to future publications		189,279	89,193
Increase in postretirement major medical benefits obligation	_	73,733	50,753
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,942,660	2,342,865
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments		(210,336)	(189,744)
Purchase of property and equipment	_	(37,039)	(414,184)
Net cash used by investing activities		(247,375)	(603,928)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interfund transfers to/from funds invested in the			
Princeton University Market pools		3,693,693	3,517,772
Income allocated for spending		(3,693,693)	(3,517,772)
Repayment of note payable		(2,542,669)	(239,207)
Investment income allocated for spending		(366,919)	(349,444)
Funds withdrawals		366,919	349,444
Net cash used by financing activities	_	(2,542,669)	(239,207)
Net change in cash		(847,384)	1,499,730
Cash and cash equivalents			
Beginning of year	-	12,241,678	10,741,948
End of year	\$	11,394,294	\$ 12,241,678
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information			
Cash paid during the year for	_	400 5 45	
Interest	<u>\$</u>	128,542	<u>\$140,413</u>

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement

#### 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are outlined as follows

#### **Nature of Organization**

Princeton University Press (the "Press") is a not-for-profit organization that publishes scholarly and educational books, principally in the areas of the humanities, social sciences and natural sciences

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of the Press have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the accounting standards board for the financial statements for Not-for-Profit Organizations. Under the standard, the organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost The Press' policy is to capitalize all asset purchases greater than \$3,000 Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives

Computer Equipment	3	years
Delivery Equipment	5	years
Furniture and Fixtures	10	years
Building and Improvements	10 - 40	years

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in the bank as well as all short-term securities held for the primary purpose of general liquidity. Such securities normally mature within three months from the original date of the investment.

#### **Sales Returns and Doubtful Accounts**

The Press provides an allowance for doubtful accounts and estimated future returns of books shipped to customers. The allowance for doubtful accounts and returns is shown as a reduction of receivables in the accompanying Statements of Financial Position.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of books and work in process and are stated at the lower of cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, or market. The Press expenses all preprinting costs such as composition and plate-making in the year books are published. The amounts expensed in 2012 and 2011 were \$1,277,227 and \$1,382,995, respectively. Work in process totaled \$1,424,266 and \$1,337,697 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The inventory valuation allowance aggregates \$2,205,669 and \$2,014,902 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### Sales

The Press recognizes sales when books are shipped to customers. In accordance with industry practice, estimated sales returns are provided at the time books are shipped.

#### Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense was \$1,041,690 and \$1,091,902 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively

#### Subsidies

The Press receives amounts (\$144,292 and \$170,176 in 2012 and 2011, respectively, excluding amounts received from the Whitney Darrow, Einstein Endowment, McGraw and Johnson Letters Funds) to help finance publication costs of specific titles, not otherwise self-supporting, and pre-editorial costs of specific projects which may result in publications. Amounts used to help offset publication costs (\$72,855 and \$101,836 in 2012 and 2011, respectively) are applied against manufacturing costs in the year of publication. Amounts incurred in pre-editorial costs \$12,000 and \$8,159 in 2012 and 2011, respectively are charged directly against the unapplied subsidy balance.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions of cash and other assets received by the Press are reported as temporarily restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions

#### **Postretirement Benefits**

The Press follows the accounting standard for defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The standard requires balance sheet recognition of the overfunded or underfunded status of pension and postretirement benefit plans. Under this standard, actuarial gains and losses, prior service costs or credits, and any remaining transition assets or obligations that have been recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) are amortized as a component of net periodic cost. In addition, the measurement date (the date at which plan assets and the benefit obligation are measured) is required to be the Press' fiscal year end. Presently, a June 30th measurement date is used for the post retirement plan (See Note 13).

#### 2. Permanently Restricted Net Assets

The Einstein Endowment Fund was established to help finance certain future costs of the Albert Einstein publication program. The gift deed that established the Fund specifies that \$1,000,000 must be maintained in the Fund as an endowment. If there are remaining funds not required for the Albert Einstein publication program, then those funds, including the endowment, will be transferred to Princeton University to establish a professorship in science.

#### 3. Unrestricted Net Assets

The following funds have been included in unrestricted net assets and have been established by the trustees primarily to support the book publication program

The Paul Mellon Fund and Whitney Darrow Fund were established from funds distributed by Princeton University formerly held to support the Bollingen Series of books. These funds are unrestricted and have been designated by the Board to be used to help finance books and other publications which are not otherwise self-supporting as well as other projects which enhance the quality of the Press' publishing program.

The McGraw Fund was established to help finance books and other publications of a scholarly and educational nature which are not otherwise self-supporting. The McGraw Fund was established through grants given by the former Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

The Scribner Fund was established to help finance the cost of capital additions which must be made to carry out the publication program of the Press

The Johnson Letters Fund was established to help finance the future costs of the publication of the letters of Dr. Samuel Johnson

In addition to the foregoing funds, Princeton University maintains two endowment funds, the income from which is available to the Press for specific purposes. Such funds are from gifts made to Princeton University rather than to the Press, and, accordingly, are not reflected in the accompanying statements of financial position.

- (A) The Bollingen Series Fund was established in 1969 by gifts from Paul Mellon and the Bollingen Foundation to provide funds to continue and complete publication of the Bollingen Series During the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, contributions amounting to \$366,919 and \$349,444, respectively, were received from Princeton University and are reflected as contributions in the statements of activity
- (B) The Lockert Fund was established to help finance the publication of verse translations, and to the extent funds remain, the publication of critical or interpretative studies in the field of literature

#### 4. Endowment Funds

The Press' endowment funds consist of several funds established to continue the purpose of the Press The endowment funds include both donor-restricted funds and funds designated by the Board of Trustees to function as endowments. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Press has adopted the accounting standard for endowments of Not-for-Profit Organizations This standard provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA)

The Press' policy requires the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result, the Press classifies as permanently restricted net assets the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment and the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment. The remaining portion of the endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as unrestricted net assets because those amounts have been restricted by the Board. The Press invests its endowment funds in Princeton University's Primary Pool and Secondary Pool and the Press considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted and Board designated endowment funds.

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the Press and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- · General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- · The expected total return from income and appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the Press
- The investment policies of the Press

June 30, 2012 Endowment Net Asset	Composition by T	ype of Fund		
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Donor-restricted Board-designated endowment Total	\$ 62,252,479 \$ 62,252,479	\$  \$	\$ 16,759,098  <u>\$ 16,759,098</u>	\$ 16,759,098 62,252,479 \$ 79,011,577
Changes in Endowment Net Assets for	or the year ended .	June 30, 2012		
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 63,129,362	\$	\$ 16,995,198	\$ 80,124,560
Unrealized loss on investment	(876,883)		(236,100)	(1,112,983)
Income allocated for spending	2,910,149		783,544	3,693,693
Other changes Interfund transfer of income allocated for spending Endowment net assets, end of year	(2,910,149) \$ 62,252,479		(783,544) \$ 16,759,098	<u>(3,693,693)</u> \$_79,011,577
•			<u>\$ 10,733,030</u>	<u>v 19,011,011</u>
June 30, 2011 Endowment Net Asset	Composition by I	•		
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Donor-restricted Board-designated endowment Total	\$ 63,129,362 \$ 63,129,362	\$  \$	\$ 16,995,198  <u>\$ 16,995,198</u>	\$ 16,995,198 63,129,362 \$ 80,124,560
Changes in Endowment Net Assets for	or the year ended.	June 30, 2011		
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 51,784,284	\$	\$ 13,940,594	\$ 65,724,878
Unrealized gain on investment	11,345,078		3,054,604	14,399,682
Income allocated for spending	2,771,547		746,225	3,517,772
Other changes Interfund transfer of income allocated for spending	(2,771,547)		(746,225)	(3,517,772)
		_	A 4A AAA 4A-	A == .= . =

\$ 63,129,362

<u>\$ 16,995,198</u>

\$ 80,124,560

Endowment net assets, end of year

The funds in the Primary Pool are governed by investment policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Press must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period as well as board designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results which will provide current usable income in the range of 4% - 5.75% of portfolio value and which will increase funds to help offset inflation.

To satisfy its long term rate-of-return objectives, the Primary Pool relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Primary Pool targets a diversified asset allocation to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Press follows Princeton University's spending rule that provides for regular increases in spending while preserving the long-term purchasing power of endowment funds. Earnings available for spending are reported in income allocated for spending

### 5 Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following at June 30

	2012	2011
Computer equipment	\$ 2,347,693	\$ 2,339,242
Furniture and fixtures	1,497,811	1,486,785
Delivery equipment	17,913	17,913
Building and improvements	<u>6,969,001</u>	<u>6,951,439</u>
	10,832,418	10,795,379
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(6,193,208)	<u>(5,996,119</u> )
Property and Equipment, Net	<u>\$_4,639,210</u>	<u>\$ 4,799,260</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense totaled \$197,089 and \$275,418 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively

#### 6. Investments

In accordance with the accounting standard for the accounting of certain investments held by Not-for-Profit organizations, all investments are reported at their fair values as reported by the respective trustee

A summary of investments at fair value at June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows

	2012	2011
Whitney Darrow Fund	\$ 25,251,554	\$ 25,607,295
Paul Mellon Fund	34,533,050	35,019,548
Scribner Fund	380,640	386,002
McGraw Fund	2,079,530	2,108,826
Einstein Endowment Fund	16,759,098	16,995,198
Johnson Letters	7,705	7,691
Working Capital Investment	4,888,004	4,790,576
	<u>\$_83,899,581</u>	<u>\$ 84,915,136</u>

The Press invests in Princeton University's Primary Pool and Secondary Pool Long-term growth of principal and an increase in future income are the objectives in the investment of these funds. Funds participating in the Primary Pool, including those of the Press, are assigned units on a market value basis. The net investment income is allocated to participating funds on the basis of units owned.

The Press has reflected in the accompanying statements of financial position the value of investments in the Primary Pool at the market value as reported by Princeton University

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

The Secondary Pool is maintained for the investment of funds expected to be disbursed within five years. Net investment income earned is included in the accompanying statements of activity.

#### 7. Fair Value Accounting

The Press has adopted ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. The pronouncement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and enhances disclosure about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined under the pronouncement as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 clarifies that fair value should be based on assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and the risks inherent in valuation techniques and the inputs to valuations ASC 820 also requires fair value measurements to assume that the transaction occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability (the market with the most volume and activity for the asset or liability from the perspective of the reporting entity), or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability (the market in which the reporting entity would be able to maximize the amount received or minimize the amount paid) Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under ASC 820 must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Fair value is based on actively quoted market prices, if available. In the absence of actively quoted market prices, price information from external sources, including broker quotes and industry publications, is used. If pricing information from external sources is not available, or if observable pricing is not indicative of fair value, judgment is required to develop the estimates of fair value using discounted cash flow and other income valuation approaches. The standard describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value are the following

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as
  quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other
  inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the
  full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (Level 3). In some cases, the inputs used to measure fair value might fall in different levels of the fair value hierarchy. The lowest level input that is significant to a fair value measurement in its entirety determines the applicable level in the fair value hierarchy. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability. Fair value measurements are categorized as Level 3 when a significant amount of price or other inputs that are considered to be unobservable are used in their valuations. The Press has adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2009-12, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820), Investments in Certain Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent) ("ASU No. 2009-12"), issued by the FASB, for investments where it has the ability to redeem its investment with the investee at net asset value per share (or its equivalent) at the measurement date. Such investments have been categorized under Level 2 fair value measurements in accordance with ASU No. 2009-12.

ASC 820 requires value measurements to be separately disclosed by level within the fair value hierarchy and requires a separate reconciliation of fair value measurements categorized as Level 3

The following tables present the Press' assets that are measured at fair value for each hierarchy level, at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively

		20	12	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money Market Funds Investment in primary pool	\$10,500,044	\$	\$	\$10,500,044
Domestic equity	103,613	754,967	5,224,915	6,083,495
International equity	1,151,312	1,413,866	4,986,504	7,551,682
Independent return	<del></del>	2,703,999	17,276,724	19,980,723
Private equity			29,012,161	29,012,161
Real assets	203,202		16,585,132	16,788,334
Fixed income			60,860	60,860
Cash and other	4,410,597		4,024	4,414,621
Investment in secondary pool	<u>7,705</u>			7,705
	<u>\$16,376,473</u>	<u>\$ 4,872,832</u>	<u>\$73,150,320</u>	<u>\$94,399,625</u>
		20	11	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money Market Funds Investment in primary pool	\$11,928,767	\$	\$	\$11,928,767
Domestic equity	25,523	954,573	5,076,591	6,056,687
International equity	1,302,201	1,590,103	5,054,130	7,946,434
Independent return		2,342,531	16,456,423	18,798,954
Private equity		(166,412)	31,230,858	31,064,446
Real assets	285,861	**	16,012,317	16,298,178
Fixed income	2,524,768			2,524,768
Cash and other	2,035,741	178,153	4,084	2,217,978
Investment in secondary pool	<u>7,691</u>	<del></del>		<u>7,691</u>
	<u>\$18,110,552</u>	<u>\$_4,898,948</u>	<u>\$73,834,403</u>	<u>\$96,843,903</u>

The fair value of the investments in private equity have generally been estimated using partners' capital statements, which reflect the ownership interests in partners' capital. Generally, investments in this class are not redeemable. However, at June 30, 2011, the asset class market value included swap positions, which offset \$166,412 in private equity assets and was subject to investor-initiated liquidation. More broadly, distributions from investee funds in the private equity portfolio will be received as the underlying investments when the funds are liquidated.

The following is a reconciliation of Level 3 assets for which significant unobservable inputs were used to determine fair value

Balance as of June 30, 2010	\$ 59,027,960
Realized gain (loss)	
Change in unrealized appreciation	14,461,836
Net purchases (sales)	164,998
Transfers in (out) of Level 3	<u> 179,609</u>
Balance as of June 30, 2011	73,834,403
Realized gain (loss)	<del></del>
Change in unrealized depreciation	(297,972)
Purchases	696,309
Sales and settlements	(879,721)
Transfer in to Level 3	209,238
Transfers out of Level 3	<u>(411,937)</u>
Balance as of June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 73,150,320</u>

#### 8. Income Taxes

The Press is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and under current New Jersey tax statutes. Income derived from sources unrelated to the Press' tax-exempt status is not significant, and accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been provided.

The Press files tax returns in the United States federal jurisdiction and complies with filing requirements in various states. The Press had no unrecognized tax benefits at June 30, 2012 and 2011. In addition, the Press has no income tax related penalties or interest for the periods reported in the financial statements.

#### 9. Note Payable

The Press had a Loan Promissory Note with Princeton University with an original principal sum of \$6 million with interest ranging from 3.75% to 5.35% due in semi-annual installments each June 1 and December 1, and included applicable administrative and trustee fees. The Note was due to mature on June 1, 2020. The Press elected to pay off the Note in full on June 1, 2012. As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, \$-0- and \$2,542,669, respectively, remained outstanding on the Note. The Press incurred \$117,831 and \$139,417 of interest expense in 2012 and 2011, respectively related to the Note.

#### 10 Due from Related Parties

Loans totaling \$101,765 and \$146,658 were outstanding from key employees of the Press at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively These loans are secured by certain real estate, bear interest at rates ranging from 5 50% to 5 75% per annum, and are payable in periods of up to 40 years

#### 11. Investment in Joint Venture

The Press and the University of California Press equally own a joint venture, California Princeton Fulfillment Services, Inc., ("CPFS") which provides order fulfillment and book distribution services to foster the effective dissemination of scholarly works. Balances due to the Press in the ordinary course of business activities managed by CPFS at June 30, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$1,949,954 and \$1,890,350, respectively, and are within accounts receivable and other current assets on the statement of financial position. The Press incurred \$2,002,809 and \$2,194,090 in fulfillment fees payable to CPFS for the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. This amount is within operating expenses on the statement of activities. The Press' investment in CPFS is accounted for by the equity method of accounting. The Press's equity in CPFS at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$-0-. The CPFS financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, include the following.

	2012	2011
Total Assets	\$ 5,376,786	\$ 6,034,965
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,650,855	\$ 6,061,707
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets	(\$ 247,327)	\$ 113,799

#### 12. Retirement Benefits

The Press maintains a defined contribution retirement plan. All employees who are compensated for at least 1,000 hours per annum for two years are eligible to participate in the plan and all benefits vest immediately

Under the plan, all contributions are paid by the Press (generally equal to 9 3% of compensation up to the maximum social security level and 15% thereafter) and are used to purchase individual insured annuity contracts. Contributions to the plan aggregated \$579,652 and \$583,888 in 2012 and 2011, respectively

The Press also provides certain health care benefits for retired employees (see Note 13)

#### 13. Postretirement Benefit Plan

The Press sponsors a Defined Benefit Postretirement Health Care Plan for eligible employees, as defined. The Press does not fund this plan. The Plan provides that the Press pays a fixed monthly premium for each retiree, including their spouse and dependent children. Effective January 1, 1993, the Press established a maximum benefit limit per participant. In addition, employees hired after January 1, 1993 are not eligible to become participants of the Plan.

The following table shows the summary of the projected accumulated postretirement benefit obligation ("APBO") and plan assets as of June 30

2012	2011
\$ 772,931	\$ 722,181
86,567	68,382
4,008	3,649
34,878	38,024
(52,056)	(59,305)
<u>\$ 846,328</u>	<u>\$ 772,931</u>
	\$ 772,931 86,567 4,008 34,878 (52,056)

	2012	2011
Accumulated Postretirement Benefit Obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ (846,328) 	\$ (772,931) 
Unfunded status at end of year	(846,328)	(772,931)
Unrecognized net loss	114,346	27,779
Loss subject to amortization	(114,346)	(27,779)
Accrued Postretirement Benefit Cost	\$ (846,328)	<u>\$ (772,931)</u>

The Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost ("NPPBC") is the amount to be expensed for any given year. The NPPBC for fiscal years 2012 and 2011 included the following components

	2012	2011
Service Cost Benefits Attributed to		
Employee Service	\$ 4,008	\$ 3,649
Interest at cost on APBO	34,878	38,024
NPPBC	<u>\$ 38,886</u>	<u>\$ 41,673</u>

Actuarial assumptions used to calculate the projected benefit obligation were as follows for years ended June 30

	2012	2011
Discount rate	3 60%	4 70%

The amount recognized in the Statements of Financial Position for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 for reserve for postretirement major medical benefits is \$846,328 and \$772,931, respectively Contributions to the plan totaled \$38,892 and \$40,258 for 2012 and 2011, respectively

#### 14. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Press to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits. The Press places its cash balances in a limited number of financial institutions. The balances are insured, subject to various limitations, by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Press monitors the financial health of these financial institutions. Historically, the Press has not experienced any losses on deposits.

#### 15. Commitments

The Press has an operating lease for its editorial office in the United Kingdom, which expires in July 2016. The estimated future minimum rental payments are as follows for the years ended June 30.

2013	\$	37,482
2014		37,482
2015		37,482
2016		37,482
2017		2,291
	\$	152,219

The Press also has an operating lease for office space, on a month-to-month basis, with Princeton University, a related party. The monthly rental payment is \$210.

The Press also has operating leases for office equipment. The leases expire on various dates from May 2013 through August 2016 and the estimated future minimum rental payments are as follows for the years ended June 30.

2013	\$ 97,491
2014	58,150
2015	41,501
2016	1,468
2017	122
	<u>\$ 198,732</u>

Total rent expense was \$145,095 and \$151,291 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively

The Press has entered into two lease agreements with Princeton University, a related party, for office space on a month-to-month basis. The lease income under these agreements is \$9,544 per month.

#### 16. Subsequent Events

The Press has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the balance sheet date through the date of November 28, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Press has determined that no subsequent events have occurred which require disclosure in the financial statements.