Registered number: 14155498

# **BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023



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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** M D R Latif

S K Geater A McMullen V J Turton J H Williams

Company secretary

A McMullen

Registered number

14155498

Registered office

Berkshire House 168 - 173 High Holborn

London WC1V 7AA

Independent auditors

Shipleys LLP 10 Orange Street

Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ

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# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

#### **Business review**

During the period the Company completed the production of a television series entitled "Boat Story". The production was formally delivered shortly after the period end with little trading activity anticipated going forward.

### **Going Concern**

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. In establishing whether to continue to report under the going concern assumption we have considered the following points:

- The impact on the day to day trade of the business
- The impact on the ability of our suppliers to meet our needs
- The impact of our staff's ability to perform their duties
- The impact on our cash position of a period of minimum activity

After considering all factors, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The series had been completed in the period and funding from broadcasters is contractually due and thus the directors are therefore satisfied that the going concern assumption remains appropriate. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

# Principal risks and uncertainties

DLG Acquisitions Limited group (the "group") manages business and financial risk and uncertainties at divisional level, rather than on an individual company basis and for this reason the Directors believe that the Company has reduced exposure to business and financial risks.

The high end television industry is a volatile industry susceptible to changes in the global economy, as well as changes in legislation, regulation and government policy which may affect the industry. Any of these may adversely affect consumer demand for television series or the ability to successfully finance or market television productions.

# Key performance indicators

The Directors consider the Company's key financial performance indicator to be whether the television series is produced in line with the agreed budget. At the period end, the estimated final cost of the television series was in line with its secured finance.

This report was approved by the board on

22 February 2024

and signed on its behalf.

Michael Latif
MDR Latif
Director

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the period ended 31 October 2023.

### Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 7 June 2022 in the United Kingdom.

# Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company during the period was the development and production of high end television programmes.

# **Directors**

The Directors who served during the period were:

M D R Latif (Appointed 7 June 2022) S K Geater (Appointed 7 June 2022) A McMullen (Appointed 7 June 2022) V J Turton (Appointed 7 June 2022) J H Williams (Appointed 7 June 2022)

### **Future developments**

The commercial environment is expected to remain competitive in the coming year.

# **Financial instruments**

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, loans, trade creditors and trade debtors. The main purpose of these instruments is to raise funds for the Company's operations and to finance the Company's operations.

Due to the nature of the financial instruments used by the Company, there is no exposure to price risk. The Company's approach to managing other risks applicable to the financial instruments concerned is shown below.

In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance sufficient to meet the funds required for the Company's operations. The Company makes use of money market facilities where funds are available.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by ensuring that amounts due a received in a timely manner.

Trade creditors' liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet amounts due.

#### Overseas branches

The Company was incorporated in the United Kingdom and has no overseas branches.

# Matters covered in the strategic report

In accordance with section 41C (11) of the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, various matters previously dealt with in the Directors' report are now included in the Strategic Report.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

# Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

### **Auditors**

The auditors, Shipleys LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

# Small companies note

In preparing this report, the Directors have taken advantage of the small companies exempotions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

22 February 2024

and signed on its behalf.

Michael Latif

M D R Latif Director

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Boat Story Productions Limited (the 'Company') for the period ended 31 October 2023, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 October 2023 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to detecting irregularities, including fraud. Testing undertaken included making enquiries on the management; journal entry testing; review of production agreements and any correspondence received from regulatory bodies; reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations. These procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error and were all deemed to relate to the production of a television series entitled "Boat Story".

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness
  of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stephen Johns

Stephen Joberns (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of **Shipleys LLP** 

10 Orange Street Haymarket London WC2H 7DQ Date: <sup>22</sup> February 2024

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Note	Period ended 31 October 2023
Turnover	6	14,263,287
Cost of sales		(17,696,777)
Gross (loss)/profit		(3,433,490)
Tax on (loss)/profit	8	3,433,490
Profit for the financial period		-

There was no other comprehensive income for 2023.

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 14155498

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2023

			31 October 2023
	Note		£
Current assets	•		
Cash at bank and in hand	10	1,732,132	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	4,161,616	
		5,893,748	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(5,893,747)	
Net current assets			1
Total assets less current liabilities			. 1
Net assets			1
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			1
			1

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 22 February 2024

Michael Latif
MDR Latif

Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Called up share capital £	Total equity £
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	
Shares issued during the period	1	1
Total transactions with owners	1	1
At 31 October 2023	1	1

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

#### 1. General information

The Company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Berkshire House, 168 173 High Holborn, London, WC1V 7AA, UK.

### 2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of Boat Story Productions Limited have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101).

# 3. Accounting policies

### 3.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 4).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

# 3.2 Financial Reporting Standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46-52 of IFRS 2 Share-based payment
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
  - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
  - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
  - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of DLG Acquisitions Limited as at 31 December 2022 and these financial statements may be obtained from Berkshire House, 168-173 High Holborn, WC1V 7AA

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

# 3. Accounting policies (continued)

### 3.3 Going concern

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial have been prepared on a going concern basis.

A detailed budget and cashflow have been prepared for the production and delivery of the series. Funds to meet the cashflow requirements are contractually in place and the directors do not anticipate any material overspend. After considering all factors, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Furthermore the series had been completed as at the balance sheet date and thus the directors are therefore satisfied that the going concern assumption remains appropriate.

# 3.4 Revenue recognition

Turnover relates to the production of the television series entitled "Boat Story". It represents the value of the work done in the period, including estimates of amounts not invoiced and is stated after trade discounts, other taxes and net of VAT.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

# 3.5 Comparatives

The accounts cover the period from incorporation through to 31 October 2023, hence there are no comparative figures.

The accounting period has been extended to ensure that the accounting period and tax credit claim is conterminous.

### 3.6 Income Tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover suing the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probably that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

# 3.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### 3.8 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Intra-group borrowings are debt instruments and are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using an effective interest method.

# 4. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accruals are estimated by reference to purchase orders raised at the period end. Payments received on account are estimated by reference to percentage of completion of the television production, as noted in "Revenue recognition" above.

# 5. Employees

The company has been incorporated to produce a high-end television series entitled "Boat Story". In common with the film and television industry the majority of crew are hired on short term contracts for the duration of principal photography or are self-employed.

None of the Directors received any form of remuneration.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

# 6. Turnover

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

Period ended 31 October 2023 £

Production funding

14,263,287

14,263,287

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

There is no material difference between the geographical origin and destination of the supply underlying the turnover figure.

# 7. Auditors' remuneration

	Period Ended 31 October 2023 £
Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	15,000
Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates in respect of:	
Taxation compliance services	2,500
All other assurance services	2,500
	5,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

# 8. Taxation

	Period ended 31 October 2023 £
Corporation tax	
Current tax on profits for the year	(3,433,490)
	(3,433,490)
Total current tax	(3,433,490)
Taxation on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(3,433,490)

# Factors affecting tax charge for the period/year

The tax assessed for the period/year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% as set out below:

	Period
	ended 31
	October
	2023
	£
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(3,433,490)
High-end television tax relief	(3,433,490)
Total tax charge for the period/year	(3,433,490)

9.

**Debtors** 

Trade creditors

# **BOAT STORY PRODUCTIONS LIMITED**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

		As at 31 October 2023 £
	Trade debtors	374,400
	Other debtors	1
	Tax recoverable	3,433,490
	Prepayments and accrued income	353,725
		4,161,616
10.	Cash and cash equivalents	
		As at 31
		October
	·	2023 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,732,132
		1,732,132
11.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	

October 2023 £ 391,966

As at 31

Amounts owed to group undertakings 4,620,000
Other taxation and social security 621,861
Accruals and deferred income 259,920

5,893,747

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

# 12. Equity

The authorised share capital of the Company of £1 is divided into 1 Ordinary share, fully paid-up, with a par value of £1 each.

Ordinary shares issued by the Company are classified as equity and are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Company.

#### 13. Contingencies

Charges have been made against the television series in favour of the following parties to secure their interests in the copyright of and title to the television series:

Bank of Montreal

# 14. Related party transactions

As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Two Brothers Pictures Limited and ultimately DLG Acquisitions Limited (note 15), the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from the terms under FRS 101 'Related Party Disclosures' from disclosing transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transactions is wholly owned by such a member.

# 15. Controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of its immediate parent undertaking, Two Brothers Pictures Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent undertaking is DLG Acquisitions Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. DLG Acquisitions Limited is the smallest and largest group for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained from Berkshire House, 168-173 High Holborn, London, WC1V 7AA, United Kingdom.

The ultimate controlling parties at the balance sheet date are Liberty Global Plc and Discovery Inc. (formerly Discovery Communications Inc), which own LGCI HoldCo I B.V. and DNI Holdings (Jersey) Limited respectively, who are equal joint venture owners of DLG Acquisitions Limited.