## **Unaudited Financial Statements**

for the Period

3rd March 2022 to 31st March 2023

for

First Needs Holdings Ltd

# Contents of the Financial Statements for the Period 3rd March 2022 to 31st March 2023

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

## First Needs Holdings Ltd

# Company Information for the Period 3rd March 2022 to 31st March 2023

DIRECTORS: J Sayer

Mrs J T Sayer

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Sovereign House

155 High Street Aldershot Hampshire GU11 1TT

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 13951752 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Whiteleys

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

Sovereign House 155 High Street Aldershot Hampshire GU11 1TT

## Balance Sheet 31st March 2023

	Notes	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS				
Investments	4		70,350	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors	5	6,993		
Cash at bank		1,647		
		<del></del>		
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u> 16,502</u>		
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			_(7,862)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT				
LIABILITIES			62,488	
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due after more than one	7		50.000	
year	7		<u>56,000</u>	
NET ASSETS			<u>6,488</u>	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital			100	
Retained earnings			6,388	
i vetamed eariii 195			6,488	
			<u> </u>	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 31st March 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

## Balance Sheet - continued 31st March 2023

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 10th November 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs J T Sayer - Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period 3rd March 2022 to 31st March 2023

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

First Needs Holdings Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling  $(\mathfrak{L})$ .

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

## Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

### **Taxation**

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 3rd March 2022 to 31st March 2023

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value, like goodwill and plant, property and equipment, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any asset or group of related assets, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less cost to sell, is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or group of related assets is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not to exceed the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or group of related assets in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was NIL.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 3rd March 2022 to 31st March 2023

4.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS	Shares in group undertakings £
	COST Additions At 31st March 2023 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2023	70,350 70,350 70,350
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR  Amounts owed by group undertakings	£ _6,993
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR  Taxation and social security Other creditors	£ 1,499 
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	f
	Other creditors	_ 56,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.