

Chris Davies Consulting Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Period from 4 January 2022 to 31 January 2023

E J Business Consultants Limited
No 2 Toomers Wharf
Canal Walk
Newbury
RG14 1DY

Chris Davies Consulting Limited

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>3 to 5</u>

Chris Davies Consulting Limited

Company Information

Director	Mr C Davies
Registered office	2 Toomers Wharf Canal Walk Newbury Berkshire RG14 1DY
Accountants	E J Business Consultants Limited No 2 Toomers Wharf Canal Walk Newbury RG14 1DY

Chris Davies Consulting Limited
(Registration number: 13827785)
Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2023

	Note	2023 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	939
Current assets		
Debtors		18,261
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>34,393</u>
		52,654
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(22,198)</u>
Net current assets		<u>30,456</u>
Net assets		<u><u>31,395</u></u>
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	<u>4</u>	100
Retained earnings		<u>31,295</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>31,395</u></u>

For the financial period ending 31 January 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on 15 June 2023

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Mr C Davies
Director

Chris Davies Consulting Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 4 January 2022 to 31 January 2023

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Office equipment	33.33% SL

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Chris Davies Consulting Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 4 January 2022 to 31 January 2023

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 4 January 2022 to 31 January 2023

2 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the period, was 1.

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
Additions	1,408	1,408
At 31 January 2023	1,408	1,408
Depreciation		
Charge for the period	469	469
At 31 January 2023	469	469
Carrying amount		
At 31 January 2023	939	939

4 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2023	
	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.