

Registered number
13561276

CERI HAND LIMITED

Filleled Accounts

31 August 2022

CERI HAND LIMITED**Registered number:** 13561276**Balance Sheet****as at 31 August 2022**

	Notes	2022
		£
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	3	338
Current assets		
Cash at bank and in hand		23,708
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(15,790)
Net current assets		7,918
Total assets less current liabilities		8,256
Provisions for liabilities		(64)
Net assets		8,192
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		1
Profit and loss account		8,191
Shareholder's funds		8,192

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Ceri Hand

Director

Approved by the board on 21 February 2023

CERI HAND LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the period from 11 August 2021 to 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 4 years
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Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Employees

2022
Number

Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>3</u>
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3 Tangible fixed assets

**Plant and
machinery
etc
£**

Cost

Additions	369
At 31 August 2022	<u>369</u>

Depreciation

Charge for the period	31
At 31 August 2022	<u>31</u>

Net book value

At 31 August 2022	338
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4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2022
£

Trade creditors	10
Taxation and social security costs	9,965
Director's Loan Account	5,815
	<u>15,790</u>

5 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party during the period: Ceri Hand
Ceri Hand holds 100% of the issued share capital and is deemed the ultimate controlling party.

6 Other information

CERI HAND LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

C/O Vibrant Accountancy, The Mill
Lodge Lane,
Derby,
Derbyshire, England,
DE1 3HB

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